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Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78 Preliminary Report No. 2

FOOD AND NUTRIENT INTAKES OF INDIVIDUALS IN 1 DAY IN THE UNITED STATES, SPRING 1977

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U.S. Department of Agriculture
Science and Education Administration

September 1980

ABSTRACT

This report presents data on 1-day food and nutrient intakes of 9,620 individuals from the Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78 in the 48 conterminous States of the United States in the spring of 1977. Average food intakes of individuals in 22 sex-age groups are summarized in 10 major food groups and 43 subgroups. Average intakes of food groups and subgroups for all viduals and for users only of each food group and the percentage of individuals using each food group are given. Also included are average intakes of energy and 14 nutrients, nutrient-to-calorie ratios, comparisons of intakes with the 1980 Recommended Dietary Allowances, nutrient contributions of major food groups, nutritive value of food eaten away from home, frequency and nutrisome comparisons with similar information collected in a 1965 survey. Data are presented in 75 tables with a summary of the main points.

KEYWORDS: Dietary survey, food away from home, food intakes, frequency of eating, meals, nutrient density, nutrient intakes, snacks.

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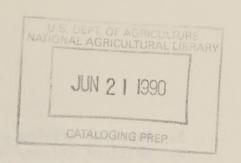
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FOOD AND NUTRIENT INTAKES OF INDIVIDUALS IN 1 DAY IN THE UNITED STATES, SPRING 1977¹

I. SUMMARY

One day's food and nutrient intakes of 9,620 individuals in the 48 conterminous States in April-June 1977, reported in the USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, were classified by 22 sex-age groups. Some findings are as follows:

- o Energy intakes of foods eaten averaged 15 percent below the median 1980 Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDA)² for individuals reporting them. For example, energy intakes for women 23 to 34 years averaged about 1,600 kcal and those for men of the same age about 2,400 kcal; their respective RDA are 2,000 and 2,700 kcal.
- o Energy from protein for all individuals surveyed averaged 16.6 percent; from fat, 40.3 percent; and from carbohydrate, 42.8 percent.
- o Energy and fat contributed by major food groups:

Food energy—The meat, poultry, and fish group was the largest contributor of food energy (28 percent), followed by grain products (25 percent), and milk and milk products excluding butter (14 percent). Energy sources varied among sex and age groups. For infants, the major source of energy was the milk group; for children 1 to 2 years, milk and grain products; for 3- to 14-year-olds, grain products; and for most groups 15 years and over, meat, poultry, and fish.

Fat--Fat in the diet was contributed mainly by the meat, poultry, and fish group (41 percent), followed by milk and milk products (17 percent), grain products (15 percent), and fats and oils (10 percent).

- o Nutrient intakes as a percentage of the RDA:
 - --Protein, riboflavin, niacin, and vitamin Cintakes for all 22 sex-age groups met the RDA in full.

Prepared by the Consumer Nutrition Center, Human Nutrition, Science and Education Administration, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Hyattsville, Md. 20782.

² Food and Nutrition Board. 1980. Recommended Dietary Allowances. Ed. 9, 185 pp. National Research Council, National Academy of Sciences, Washington, D.C.

- --Phosphorus, vitamin A, thiamin, and vitamin B_{12} intakes for almost all sex-age groups met the RDA in full; exceptions were some groups of females whose intakes exceeded 90 percent of the RDA.
- --Calcium intakes met the RDA in full only for children under 3 years and 6 to 8 years and males 19 to 34 years. Intakes of females 12 years and over were lowest compared to their RDA (64 to 77 percent).
- --Iron intakes averaged 100 percent or more of the RDA for infants, most school-age children, and men but were well below the RDA for 1- to 2-year-olds (53 percent), 3- to 5-year-olds (79 percent), and females 12 to 50 years of age (58 to 64 percent).
- --All groups over 2 years of age had less than 100 percent of the RDA for magnesium and vitamin $\rm P_6$, with women's intakes lower than those of men.
- o Forty-four percent of the individuals obtained and ate food away from home. The 23- to 34-year-old men had the largest percentage of persons obtaining and consuming food or beverage away from home (60 percent).
- o Eating three times during the day of the survey was the most frequently reported pattern by individuals (39 percent), followed by 28 percent eating four times, and 14 percent eating five times; almost 1 percent ate only once and 7 percent ate twice. Breakfast was reported by 86 percent of the individuals and snacks by 59 percent. Over half of the snacks were consumed in the evening between 5 o'clock and midnight.
- o Comparisons with a similar survey in 1965:
 - --Energy intakes of all sex-age groups were lower in 1977 than in 1965, and the decline was smallest for the oldest adult groups.
 - --Intakes of fat averaged less for all sex-age groups in 1977.
 - --Average iron intakes of infants in 1977 were dramatically higher than in 1965 because of increased iron fortification of cereals and formulas.
 - --Vitamin C intakes likewise were higher in 1977 than in 1965, with increased contributions from ready-to-eat cereals and citrus fruit juices.
 - --Consumption of total milk and milk products, eggs, total grain products, fats and oils, and sugar and sweets was lower in 1977 than in 1965, but consumption of cheese, soft drinks, and alcoholic drinks was higher in 1977.
 - --The increased popularity of eating out was reflected in 1965-77 comparisons for most sex-age groups. The largest increase in the percentage of individuals obtaining and eating food away from home in 1977 compared with 1965 was for females 23 to 34 years, paralleled

by an increase for the 3- to 5-year-olds. These increases probably reflect the great expansion of younger women into the work force and their use of day care outside the home for preschoolers.

II. SCOPE OF 1977-78 SURVEY

The Nationwide Food Consumption Survey (NFCS) 1977-78 is the sixth nationwide survey of households to be conducted by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Previous surveys were conducted in 1936-37, 1942, 1948 (urban only), 1955, and 1965-66. Information on food used at home by housekeeping households (at least 1 member having a minimum of 10 meals from home food supplies during the week surveyed) was collected in all the surveys. However, NFCS 1977-78 included households irrespective of the number of meals from home supplies. In addition to household food use, information on dietary intakes (at home and away from home) of specified members of the households was obtained in the last two surveys—in the spring only of the 1965-66 survey and in all four seasons of the NFCS 1977-78.

The results of the NFCS 1977-78 provide new benchmark data on the kinds and quantities of foods and nutritive values of diets ingested by men, women, and children of different ages classified by various household characteristics. Dietary information obtained for individuals included the kind and amount of each food eaten; the time the food was eaten; the name of eating occasions at which and with whom the food was eaten; and if the food was eaten away from home, the place it was eaten, the type of service, and the cost. Individuals were also asked if the day's intake was typical and if they were on a special diet, were vegetarians, or took vitamins, minerals, or other supplements.

Information was obtained on those household characteristics believed to be related to food consumption of individuals and their households. Some household characteristics included were region and urbanization of residence; household income; participation in food programs; education, occupation, and employment status of male and female heads of households; household size; race; home production of food; money value of household food used at home; and cost of food eaten away from home by household members. Characteristics of individuals included sex, age, estimated height and weight, and self-appraisal of health and physical handicaps.

A stratified area probability sample was surveyed in the 48 conterminous States in each of 4 quarters from April 1977 through March 1978 (basic survey). Approximately 15,000 households and about 34,000 individuals in these households participated. Also, 2 supplemental surveys were conducted in the 48 conterminous States on (1) about 5,000 households with at least 1 member 65 years or over and about 7,500 individuals from April 1977 through March 1978 and (2) about 4,700 households eligible for the Food Stamp Program and about 13,000 individuals from November 1977 through March 1978. Three additional surveys were conducted on (1) about 1,100 urban households and 2,400 individuals in Alaska from January through March 1978, (2) about 1,250 households and 3,100 individuals in Hawaii from January through March 1978, and (3) about 3,100 households and 9,000 individuals in Puerto Rico from July through December 1977.

Information on dietary intakes was collected for all individuals in the household in all 5 supplemental surveys and in the spring segment of the basic survey in the 48 conterminous States. In the remaining three seasons of the basic survey, all household individuals under 19 years of age were asked to provide intake information, but only half of those 19 years and over were asked. Dietary intake information was sought for 3 consecutive days in all surveys except in the supplemental survey of households with at least one member 65 years or over. In this survey only a 24-hour dietary recall was obtained.

III. DATA COLLECTION

Trained interviewers collected most of the data by personal interview with the household member most responsible for food planning and preparation, usually the homemaker. An appointment for the interview was made at least 7 days before the interview. Household food consumption information was obtained using a list to aid the respondent in recalling the kind, form, quantity, and cost, if purchased, of foods used during the previous 7 days. The household respondent also supplied the information on household characteristics, such as income, participation in food programs, number of meals eaten at home and away by household members, and educational level and employment status of the heads of the household.

After the household respondent finished giving information about the household, the interviewer proceeded to obtain from each eligible household member present a recall of the previous day's dietary intake. The household respondent usually answered for children under 12 years old and others unable to answer for themselves. Individuals then recorded their intake for the day of the interview and the next day and thus provided data for 3 consecutive days. If a household member was absent at the time of the interview but was expected to return within the next 2 days, forms were left to be completed. The interviewer returned to the home to pick up and review the records.

The method of data collection in the spring 1977-78 survey was slightly different from the method used in the spring of 1965. In 1965, no advance notice of the interview was given. Also in 1965, an individual intake recall was obtained for the previous day only, and the household respondent provided this information for all eligible family members. In 1965, the sample included members under 20 and over 64 years of age and one-half of the members 20 through 64 years of age. A form was left to be returned by mail if the household respondent could not supply the information. In order to measure the impact of changes in method on the results in the 1977-78 survey, a bridging survey of about 1,300 households, yielding about 3,800 individual 1-day recalls, was conducted in the spring of 1977 using the 1965 methods.

IV. DISCUSSION OF PRELIMINARY RESULTS

This preliminary report is based on 9,620 24-hour dietary recalls during the first quarter of the 1977-78 survey--April-June 1977. Data presented (including breast-fed infants) have been weighted from 8,661 to 9,660 total individuals to correct for irregular response rates of households in the survey sample. Characteristics of the households and individuals surveyed are discussed in the last section. Data for 40 breast-fed infants are excluded unless otherwise specified.

A. FOOD INTAKE

Food reported as eaten by individuals in 22 sex-age groups on the 1 day preceding the interview in the spring of 1977 is summarized in 10 major food groups and 43 food subgroups (tables 1.la-1.5c). The average quantity in grams of food and beverages (other than water) ingested per individual surveyed is shown. Also shown are the percentage of individuals using the food or food group on the 1 day reported and the average quantity ingested per individual reporting use of the particular food or food group (user). Mixtures made up of ingredients belonging in several different food groups are placed in the group of the major ingredient.

1. Meat, Poultry, and Fish

This group includes the meats—beef, pork, lamb, veal, and game; poultry; organ meats and mixtures mainly organ meats; frankfurters, sausages, luncheon meats, and meat spreads; fish and shellfish; and mixtures that contain meat, poultry, and/or fish, such as stews, soups, casseroles, and such combinations as frozen dinners and sandwiches if reported as single units. Small amounts of meat, poultry, or fish are in the grain products group as ingredients in mixtures mainly grain products.

The average daily intake of meat, poultry, and fish was 4.8 ounces (28.35 grams = 1 ounce) per individual, and mixtures including these items averaged an additional 2.5 ounces per individual (table 1.1a). Over 90 percent of the individuals surveyed reported use of at least one food from this group on the day surveyed. This popularity of meat, poultry, and fish was apparent at all ages except infants.

Beef was the most popular meat, with 35 percent of the individuals reporting it. Beef intake averaged 1.9 ounces per individual (table 1.1a) and 5.4 ounces per user (table 1.1c). Adults under 65 years of age ate beef more often than older adults and children did, and a larger proportion of the men ate beef than did women. Males 15 to 34 years averaged the highest daily intake, about 3 ounces per individual and over 7 ounces per user. Females 12 to 64 years averaged about 1.7 ounces per individual in a day or about 5 ounces per user.

Pork cuts were consumed by 26 percent of the individuals. Daily intake was 0.7 ounce per individual or 2.8 ounces per user. In contrast to beef, pork was more popular among older than among younger adults.

Poultry, most of it chicken, was consumed by 18 percent of the individuals--less often than for either beef or pork. Daily intake was about 1 ounce per individual or about 5.2 ounces per user.

Frankfurters, sausages, luncheon meats, and spreads—which may contain beef, pork, or poultry, or a combination of these—were consumed by 28 percent of the individuals. Daily intake averaged 0.7 ounce per individual or 2.4 ounces per user in a day. About a third of the children 1 to 11 years ate these products, with a dropoff among female users 12 years and older but little change in usage among older males.

Fish or shellfish was eaten by 9 percent of the individuals. Daily intake averaged about 0.4 ounce per individual and 4.4 ounces per user.

Lamb, veal, and game were eaten by slightly over 1 percent of the individuals. Organ meats were reported by 2 percent of the individuals, but use was greatest among adults 35 years and older.

Over one-third of the individuals reported mixtures partly meat, poultry, or fish. Unlike other meat group items, mixtures were reported almost as frequently by infants as by older groups.

The percentage of individuals using meat, poultry, fish, and their mixtures in 1977 was similar to the percentage using them in the 1965 survey, over 90 percent. Among subgroups, mixtures containing ingredients of meat, poultry, or fish were more often selected and pork was less often selected in 1977 than in 1965. Ethnic mixtures, such as oriental and Mexican foods, were reported more frequently in 1977.

2. Milk and Milk Products

Milk and milk products, as reported in tables 1.2a-1.2c, include all dairy products except butter. They include mixtures, mainly milk such as ice cream and cornstarch puddings, but exclude cream soups, which are grouped according to kind--cream of chicken in the meat group, for example. Total quantity of milk and milk products is in terms of calcium equivalent. The total grams of calcium equivalent were obtained by converting each milk product to its equivalent weight of whole milk on the basis of its calcium content before aggregation. For example, 1 ounce (28 g) of cheddar cheese is equivalent to three-fourths cup of milk (181 g) based on its calcium content.

At least one item from this group was consumed during the day as reported by 85 to 93 percent of the children and teenagers, by about 80 to 84 percent of the adults 65 years and older, and by 73 to 82 percent of the younger adults. Boys 15 to 18 years old had the largest average intake of milk and milk products, an equivalent of 2.6 cups of milk per individual and 3.0 cups per user.

Milk and milk drinks were reported by 69 percent of the individuals and an average intake was slightly over 1 cup. Infants averaged the largest intake of milk and milk drinks (including milk-based baby formulas), about 2.5 cups, and boys 12 to 18 averaged the second largest intake, about 2 cups. Yogurt was reported by less than 2 percent of the individuals, and users were most often women although men 23 to 34 reported this item almost as frequently as women of this age group. Cheese was consumed by about a fourth of the individuals—more often by adults than by children and teenagers—averaging about a half ounce each. Cream and milk desserts, such as ice cream and ice milk, were consumed by about one-fifth to one-fourth of all groups except infants.

Average intake of milk and milk products (total calcium equivalent) was down in 1977 from 1965 (fig.1). However, elderly groups were exceptions,

³U.S. Agricultural Research Service, Consumer and Food Economics Research Division. 1972. Food and Nutrient Intake of Individuals in the United States, Spring 1965. U.S. Dept. Agr. Household Food Consumption Survey 1965-66, Rpt. 11, 290 pp.

MILK AND MILK PRODUCTS Quantity per individual in a day, spring 1965 and 1977

Grams

600

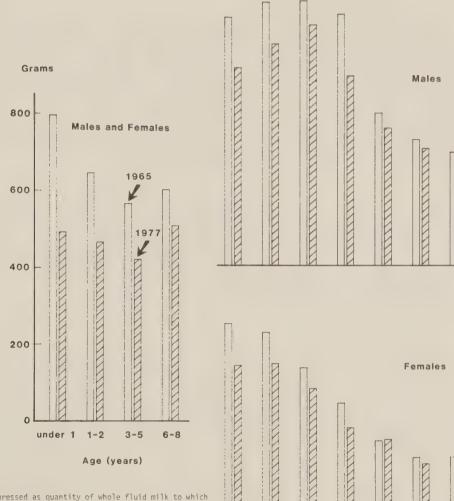
400

200

600

400

200



 $^{1}\mathrm{Expressed}$ as quantity of whole fluid milk to which dairy products are equivalent in calcium content.

Source: USDA Household Food Consumption Survey 1965-66, Report No. 11, 1972. USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey, 48 States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

9-11 12-14 2 15-18 2 19-22 2 23-34 2 35-50 2 51-64 65-74 75+ Age (years)

Figure 1

 $^{^2\}mathrm{Age}$ groups used in 1965 are 15-17, 18-19, 20-34, 35-54, 55-64.

showing as high or higher average intakes in 1977 than in 1965. Average intake by infants showed the biggest decline of all sex-age groups. Intake of some components of the group-cheese and yogurt-was up.

3. Eggs

The egg group includes such items as omelets, egg salad, egg sandwiches, and egg substitutes and is reported in tables 1.2a-1.2c. About a third of the individuals ate eggs on the 1 day reported, and users averaged about 1-3/4 eggs. (One large cooked egg weighs 50 g.) Eggs were eaten by one-tenth of the infants, one-third of the 1- to 5-year-olds, and one-fourth of the 6- to 8-year-olds. Among men, one-third of the 23- to 34-year-olds reported egg items, and the proportion of individuals increased to one-half for the oldest group. Among females, 9- to 14-year-olds had the smallest fraction of users, about a fifth.

Egg consumption was down in 1977 compared with levels in the 1965 survey (fig. 2). This was chiefly because fewer persons at eggs. However, the amount eaten per user in 1977 was up slightly for most sex-age groups. In the earlier survey, over half of the men at eggs, and the proportion increased as age of the group increased except for the oldest group. Among the elderly men, the proportion of users was the same as in 1965.

4. Legumes, Nuts, and Seeds

The legume, nut, and seed group includes peanut butter and soy-based baby formulas, as well as cooked dry beans, peas, and lentils, and nuts and is reported in tables 1.2a-1.2c. One-fifth of all individuals reported at least one item from this group on the day reported, and intakes averaged about 1 ounce per individual. Children 3 to 11 years and 12- to 14-year-old boys most often selected these foods. A smaller fraction of women than men reported using them.

Intake of the legume, nut, and seed group was generally down in 1977 from the 1965 survey for groups under 35 years of age. 4 Most groups 35 years and over averaged more in 1977 than in 1965.

5. Grain Products

Grain products were consumed by 95 percent or more of all sex-age groups except infants and women 19 to 50 years (table 1.3b), and the average intake per individual was just over 7 ounces (table 1.3a). Teenage boys were the heaviest users at 10 to 11 ounces per individual.

Bread, rolls, and biscuits were consumed by almost 80 percent of the individuals excluding infants, with a range from about 70 percent for the 1-to 2-year-old children to about 85 percent of the men and women 65 years and older. Larger proportions of the men than women ate these items, especially between the ages of 19 and 50 years.

⁴See footnote 3, p. 6.

EGGS

Quantity per individual in a day, spring 1965 and 1977

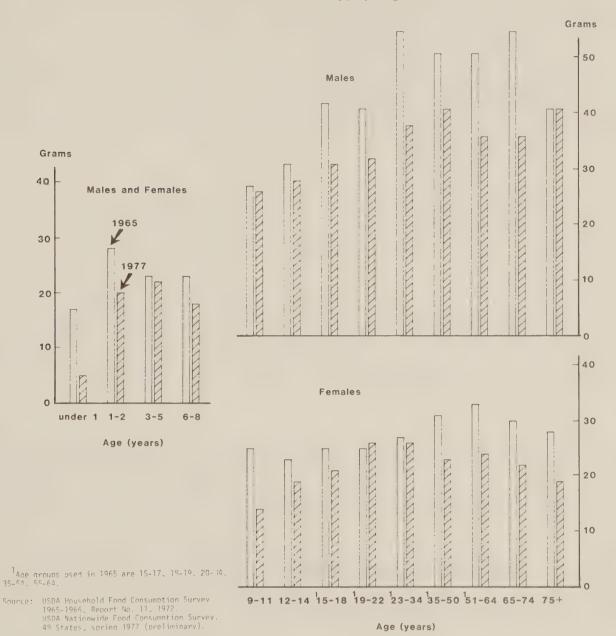


Figure 2

Other bakery products—including cookies, crackers, doughnuts, pies, cakes, and other pastries—were consumed by over half of the individuals in the survey, with an average intake of 1.75 ounces per individual and over 3 ounces per user (table 1.3c). The largest proportion of users was among children 3 to 14 years. Generally, slightly more men than women used these bakery products.

Ready-to-eat cereals were reported by over one-fourth of the survey respondents and intakes of users averaged just over 1.3 ounces. Almost three-fourths of the infants and over half of the children 1 to 11 years reported ready-to-eat cereals (fig. 3). These products were less popular among teenagers and young and middle-aged adults, but users among older adults increased to one-third or more.

Mixtures, mainly a grain product, included such items as lasagna, pizzas, spaghetti, and egg rolls. Thus, some of the grain mixtures had pieces of meat, poultry, or fish as an ingredient but less than in mixtures classified under the meat group. Mixtures were reported by almost 20 percent of the respondents and were more common in the groups under 35 years of age excluding infants.

Intakes of grain products were down in the spring of 1977 from 1965. For bread, rolls, and biscuits, the 1977 survey shows a 6- to 13-percent decline in male users and a 7- to 19-percent decline in female users. However, there may be more reporting of bread and rolls as parts of sandwiches, which are included in other categories. Intakes of ready-to-eat cereals averaged considerably higher in 1977, particularly for infants, teenage boys, and the elderly.

6. Fats and Oils

This group comprises the following foods when reported separately by the respondent: Table fats, such as butter and margarine, salad dressings, sauces, such as tartar and hollandaise, oils, and cream substitutes. Fats in commercially or home-prepared mixtures or used in cooking, such as deep-fat frying, are not included in this group, nor is salad dressing if an ingredient in a salad.

Fats and oils were mentioned in the day's diet by 60 percent of the individuals, and the average intake was 0.5 ounce per individual and 0.8 ounce per user (tables 1.3a-1.3c). Over half of the adults 65 years and over reported using table fats, but fewer among the younger groups did so. Conversely, older adults less often reported use of salad dressing.

Intakes of fats and oils were down considerably in 1977 from the 1965 survey. ⁵ Average intakes of total fats and oils in 1977 for children and males under 65 years of age were less than half the amounts reported in 1965; for women, differences were smaller.

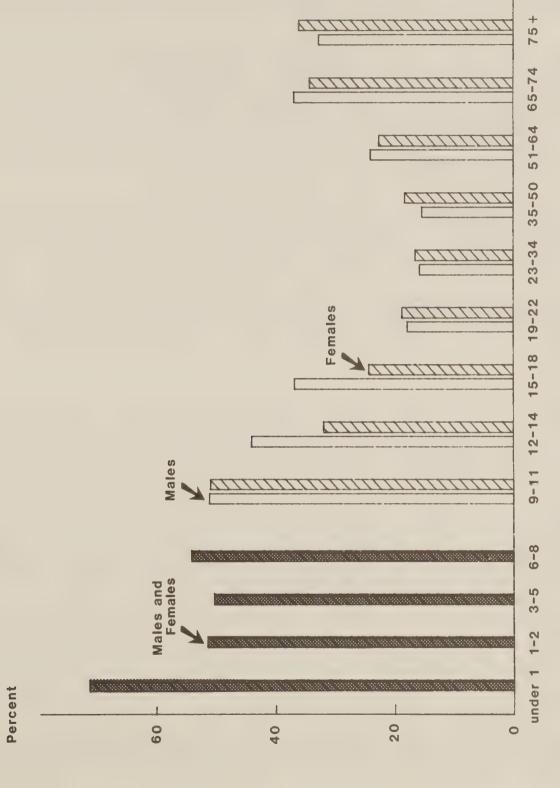
7. Vegetables

Vegetables include white potatoes, tomatoes, dark green and deep yellow vegetables, and other vegetables, as well as mixtures with vegetables as the

⁵See footnote 3, p. 6.

READY-TO-EAT CEREALS

Percentage of individuals using in a day, spring 1977



Age (years)

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey, 48 States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

11

Figure 3

main ingredient, such as vegetable soups (tables 1.4a-1.4c). Over 85 percent of the individuals consumed one or more vegetables, with an average intake per individual of 7 ounces. Generally, popularity of vegetables increased slightly with age of the eater, with over 90 percent of adults over 50 years of age using them.

Almost half of the respondents consumed white potatoes. White potatoes include potato chips and potato salad as well as potatoes not specified as to form. Of the types of vegetables shown, potatoes were most often reported. Males 19 to 22 years of age had the highest consumption per day, almost 3.5 ounces per individual. Men who ate potatoes averaged intakes of about 6 ounces per day. Among females, girls 9 to 18 years most often used potatoes, and elderly women used them least often. Generally, a higher proportion of the boys and men ate potatoes than the same age groups of females.

Tomatoes were reported by almost one-fourth of the individuals. The tomato group includes catsup and tomato soup as well as raw and cooked tomatoes and tomato juice. Dark green and deep yellow vegetables each were consumed by about 1 in 12 individuals.

Average intakes of potatoes in 1977 were less than in 1965 for children and teenage boys but higher for teenage girls and most groups of adults. Generally, dark green vegetable intake was up and deep yellow vegetable and tomato intakes were down between 1965 and 1977.

8. Beverages

Nonalcoholic beverages include coffee; tea; soft drinks, carbonated and noncarbonated; and fruit and fruit-flavored drinks (tables 1.4a-1.4c). About 85 percent of the individuals reported at least one of these beverages—more among adults and fewer among children.

Coffee was the beverage reported by the largest percentage of individuals, 45 percent. Its popularity increased with the age of the respondent. About 25 percent of the 19- to 22-year-olds, almost 50 percent of the 23- to 34-year-olds, around 70 percent of the 35- to 50-year-olds, and about 80 percent or more of the respondents over 50 years consumed coffee. Users among men averaged between 2 and 3 cups in 1 day, and women averaged only slightly less.

Tea was consumed by 28 percent of the respondents. Although few children drank coffee, about one out of seven between 1 and 11 years drank tea. However, use of tea did not increase with age as much as coffee. By about age 20, one in four selected tea and one in four selected coffee, but more adults beyond this age preferred coffee. Tea was more popular among women (33 to 40 percent using) than among men (25 to 33 percent using).

Soft drinks (including both carbonated and noncarbonated ones) were reported by 40 percent of the individuals and were most popular in the age

⁶See footnote 3, p. 6.

groups below 35 years of age. Teenagers 15 to 18 years of age had the highest percentage of users (56 to 60 percent). Almost half of the children 3 to 8 years drank soft drinks, and almost 40 percent of the 1- to 2-year-olds did also. Even among infants, 11 percent had soft drinks. Only among adults over 35 years of age were soft drinks less often selected than coffee.

Soft drink intake increased considerably in 1977 from 1965 (fig. 4).7 Although less popular with adults 35 years and over than with younger groups, average intakes in 1977 increased over those in 1965 for all groups except 12- to 14-year-old boys and the oldest men. The greatest increase in quantity consumed was for boys 15 to 18 years of age. Fruit drinks and fruit-flavored drinks were consumed by less than 10 percent of the respondents. The largest percentage of users was among the children and teenagers (12 to 18 percent).

Alcoholic beverages were part of the day's diet for 10 percent of the respondents, but use differed widely by age and sex (tables 1.4a-1.4c). Nearly 25 percent of the men 23 to 50 years old and about 14 percent of women this age consumed at least one of these beverages. As age increased beyond 50 years, the percentage using these beverages decreased. Teenage use of these beverages was limited to 1 to 3 percent of the age groups. Intakes by 19- to 22-year-old men were greatest, averaging 38 fluid ounces in a day for users of alcoholic beverages, most of which were beer and ale. Women's consumption peaked at a later age, 23 to 35 years, but even then users consumed only half as much as 19- to 22-year-old men.

9. Fruits

Fruits were consumed by 54 percent of the individuals and average intake was 5 ounces per individual surveyed (tables 1.5a-1.5c). Among the infants and adults over 50 years, average intakes were 6 to 6-2/3 ounces. Over 85 percent of the infants ate fruits, mostly noncitrus types. Otherwise, groups of children 1 to 8 years and adults over 50 years of age had the largest percentage of users, generally 60 percent or more.

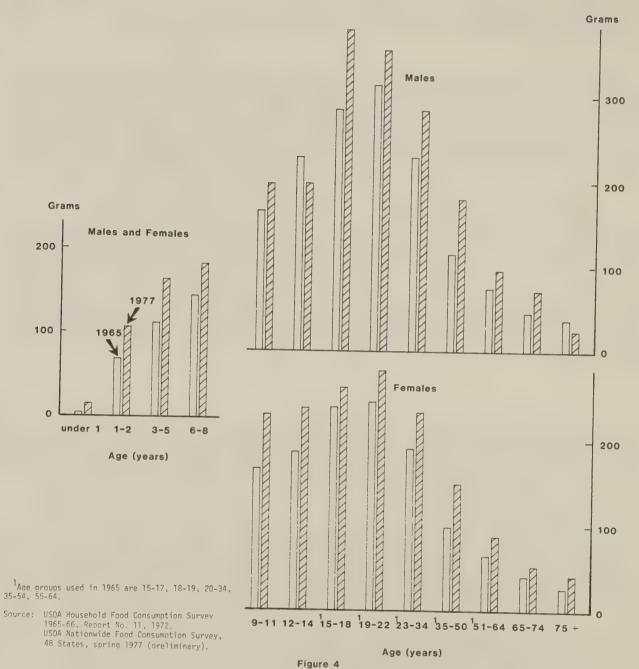
Citrus fruit or juice was reported by one-third of the individuals, with a larger fraction for groups over 50 years of age, especially for women. Citrus juice was much more popular than other fruit juices, except for infants. About one-third of the individuals reported noncitrus fruit. Apples--raw and cooked such as applesauce--were eaten by 1 in 10, bananas by 1 in 14, and other fruits by 1 in 5. For each of these, infants, preschool children, and adults over 50 years were most often the users. Bananas were eaten by equally as many infants as apples, but more adults over 64 years ate bananas than apples. Dried fruits, eaten by about 1 percent of the individuals, were most popular with older adults.

10. Sugar and Sweets

The sugar and sweets group contains such items as granulated sugars, jams, jellies, sirups, and candies and is reported in tables 1.5a-1.5c. Sugars and sweeteners, which are ingredients in other foods, are reported with those foods—

⁷See footnote 3, p. 6.

SOFT DRINKS Quantity per individual in a day, spring 1965 and 1977



sweeteners in soft drinks in the beverage group and sweeteners in presweetened cereals in the grain products groups, for example. Over half of the individuals reported one or more items from the sugar and sweets group, and over one-third used sugar. Generally, more of the adults than children and slightly more males than females reported sugar. Only 6 percent reported candy, with the largest proportions of users among children and teenagers.

In 1977, intake of sugar and sweets was down from 1965.8 The largest decline in intakes of sugar and sweets was by teenage girls and young adults under 35 years.

B. NUTRIENT CONTRIBUTIONS BY MAJOR FOOD GROUPS

1. Food Energy

Food energy was contributed mainly by three major food groups—meat, poultry, and fish (28 percent); grain products (25 percent); and milk and milk products (14 percent) (table 2.1). However, contributions for sex—age groups varied. Although the meat group provided the largest proportion of food energy for most groups over 15 years, grain products provided the most energy for 3— to 14—year—olds and the milk and milk products group for infants. The milk group provided over 50 percent of infants' food energy, 25 percent for the 1— to 2—year—olds, and about 20 percent for the 3— to 8—year—olds. Children over 9 years and teenagers obtained 16 to 18 percent and adults 10 to 16 percent of their energy from milk and milk products. The contribution of food energy by 11 food groups is shown in figure 5 for three sex—age groups.

2. Protein

Protein was contributed mainly by the same three major food groups that were the main sources of energy-meat, poultry, and fish (47 percent); grain products (19 percent); and milk and milk products (18 percent) (table 2.2). The meat group was the primary source of protein for all sex-age groups (37 to 54 percent) except infants (15 percent) and 1- to 2-year-olds (32 percent). The milk group was the main source of protein for infants (62 percent) but provided about the same amount as the meat group for the 1- to 2-year-olds. The milk group was more important as a source of protein than the grain group for children 3 to 11 years, about equally as important for teenagers, and less important for adults. Other food groups contributed less protein to the average intake of the sex-age groups.

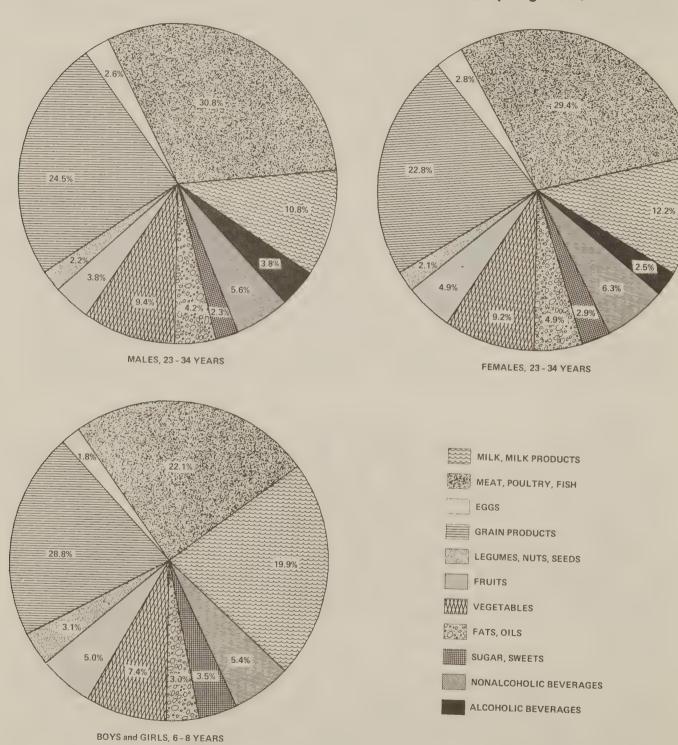
3. Fat

Fat in the diets of individuals was contributed largely by the meat, poultry, and fish group (41 percent), followed by the milk group excluding butter (17 percent), grain products (15 percent), fats and oils (10 percent), and vegetables (9 percent) (table 2.3). Other major food groups each contributed less than 5 percent. However, there were departures from this general picture among various sex-age groups.

⁸ See footnote 3, p. 6.

FOOD ENERGY CONTRIBUTION OF FOOD GROUPS

Percentage of day's intake per individual, spring 1977



Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey, 48 States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

Figure 5

The meat group was the most important source of fat for all sex-age groups except the two youngest. Its contribution increased progressively with age of the group from infancy (13 percent) to middle age (over 45 percent) and then decreased slightly in the older age groups.

Milk and milk products supplied the same amount of fat as the meat group in diets of 1- to 2-year-olds (30 percent), but for infants this group was by far the largest contributor (68 percent). Depending on the sex-age group, the grain or milk group was second to meat as a contributor of fat to diets.

The fats and oils group contributed proportionately more fat to diets of females (9 to 14 percent) than to those of males over 14 years of age (8 to 11 percent). Children and teenagers received 8 percent or less from this source.

Potatoes and other vegetables also contributed some fat, almost all of it from items that had fat added during or after cooking, such as potato chips and buttered peas.

4. Carbohydrate

Carbohydrate in the diet was contributed largely by the grain products group (40 percent) (table 2.4). Fruits and vegetables provided about 23 percent. The milk and nonalcoholic beverage groups each provided 11 percent. Sugar and sweets when reported separately contributed only 6 percent, but sweeteners as ingredients in beverages and many other products obviously contributed additional carbohydrate.

The grain group contributed the largest percentage of carbohydrate for all sex-age groups (36 to 44 percent) except infants (17 percent). The milk group contributed 40 percent of the carbohydrate in diets of infants, almost 20 percent in diets of 1- to 2-year-olds, and less in diets of older children and adults.

Nonalcoholic beverages, mainly the soft drinks, fruit drinks, and ades, contributed about 10 to 16 percent of the carbohydrate in diets. Major exceptions were for infants and adults over 50 years of age (7 percent or less).

5. Calcium

Calcium in diets was derived primarily from the milk and milk products group (46 percent), and the second most plentiful source was the grain products (23 percent) (table 2.5). The meat group provided about 8 percent and the vegetable group about 9 percent. Infants received 73 percent of dietary calcium from the milk group and 14 percent from the grain group. Children and teenagers received less than infants from the milk group (53 to 68 percent) but more from the grain products (13 to 22 percent). Adults received 36 to 48 percent of their calcium from the milk group and 22 to 26 percent from the grain group. The meat group provided about 10 percent of calcium only in diets of middle-aged men and women. Vegetables also provided about 10 percent of calcium in diets of some groups of adults. Other major food groups provided 5 percent or less in diets of any sex-age group.

6. Iron

Iron in the diet was supplied mainly and about equally by the meat, poultry, and fish group (34 percent) and grain products (33 percent) (table 2.6). The infant group deviated the most from the general picture with grain products, mostly cereals, furnishing the largest amount of dietary iron (46 percent), followed by the milk group (28 percent) (primarily from iron-fortified formulas), the fruits and vegetables group (11 percent), and the meat group (8 percent). For children from 1 to 14 years, the grain group was the most important source of iron (39 to 43 percent), and the meat group was second (23 to 31 percent). For teenagers 15 to 18 years, these two food groups furnished about the same amount of iron (34 to 37 percent). Then for adults 19 to 64 years, the meat group was the dominant source of iron (35 to 39 percent), and grain products (28 to 31 percent) were next most important. For adults 65 years and older, the two food groups were reversed in importance, and grain products were most important, especially for the women. Vegetables also contributed significant amounts of iron--less than one-tenth in diets of children and slightly more in diets of adults. Egg, legume, noncitrus fruit, and nonalcoholic beverage groups each contributed up to 6 percent of the iron in diets of a few sex-age groups.

7. Magnesium

Significant amounts of magnesium in diets were contributed by almost all groups—fruits and vegetables (22 percent); grain products (21 percent); meat, poultry, and fish (18 percent); milk and milk products (17 percent); nonalcoholic beverages (12 percent); and legumes (5 percent) (table 2.7).

The milk group was the major contributor of magnesium to diets of infants and children (1 to 11 years) (26 to 51 percent), with grain products second in importance (18 to 25 percent). For teenagers, these two food groups were about equally important (22 to 27 percent), but for adults a larger share came from the grain products (18 to 24 percent) than from the milk group (10 to 19 percent). Meat, poultry, and fish (18 to 21 percent) and grain products were about equally important sources of dietary magnesium for adults 19 to 64 years, but meat was less important than grains for adults 65 years and older. Vegetables, especially potatoes, contributed more magnesium to diets of most sex-age groups than fruits except for the infants. Adults 23 years and older derived 12 to 21 percent of their dietary magnesium from the nonalcoholic beverage group, mainly from coffee.

8. Phosphorus

Phosphorus was contributed largely by three major food groups—meat, poultry, and fish (29 percent); milk and milk products (27 percent); and grain products (20 percent) (table 2.8). Milk and milk products were the primary source of phosphorus for infants (67 percent), children (37 to 48 percent), teenagers (32 to 35 percent), and women 75 years and older (29 percent). For adults, except the elderly women, the meat, poultry, and fish group was the primary source of phosphorus, usually followed by the milk and grain groups. Vegetables and fruits, eggs, legumes, and nonalcoholic beverages contributed small amounts of phosphorus.

9. Vitamin A Value

Vegetables and fruits contributed the largest share of vitamin A value (41 percent) of any major food group (table 2.9). Also important as sources were the milk group (19 percent) and the grain group (16 percent). The meat group (10 percent), fats and oils (6 percent), and eggs (5 percent) also contributed this vitamin. For infants, the milk group (49 percent) was the main source of vitamin A, and vegetables and fruits (31 percent) were next most important. For children, the milk, vegetable-fruit, and grain products groups were about equally important as sources of vitamin A. For adults, vegetables and fruits were the dominant source of vitamin A in diets, and generally the meat group contributed almost as much as the grain products.

10. Thiamin

Thiamin was provided chiefly by grain products (41 percent), meat, poultry, and fish (23 percent), vegetables and fruits (20 percent), and milk and milk products (11 percent) (table 2.10). Grain products were the major source of thiamin for all sex-age groups except infants. Even for infants, milk and milk products contributed only slightly more (44 percent) than grain products (38 percent). For young children, the grain products were especially important (44 to 48 percent), with the milk group (15 to 21 percent) and the meat group (13 to 17 percent) also providing important amounts.

11. Riboflavin

Principal sources of riboflavin in diets were milk and milk products, grain products (each 28 percent), and meat, poultry, and fish (24 percent) (table 2.11). Milk and milk products were the predominant source for infants (61 percent), children (37 to 46 percent), and teenagers (33 to 37 percent), and grain products were next in importance. For adults 23 to 64, the meat group was generally the largest source, followed closely by the grain group, and for adults over 64 years, grain products contributed the most riboflavin. Vegetables and fruits contributed about 11 percent, eggs about 5 percent, and other food groups less.

12. Preformed Niacin

Preformed niacin was supplied in large part by the meat, poultry, and fish group (43 percent) and grain products (31 percent) (table 2.12). The vegetable-fruit group contribution came primarily from potatoes. Nonalcoholic beverages, mainly coffee, contributed 7 to 10 percent in diets of adults over 34 years of age. Infants derived 25 percent of preformed niacin from the milk group, but grain products (44 percent) were the most important source. The grain products group was also the most important source for children 1 to 11 years, but for older age groups the meat group was the major source.

13. Vitamin B₆

Vitamin B₆ was furnished in significant amounts by several major food groups—most by meat, poultry, and fish (39 percent), vegetables and fruits (23 percent), grain products (19 percent), and milk and milk products (11 percent) (table 2.13). Almost half of the infants' intake was supplied by the milk group.

For the 1- to 2-year-olds, the milk group (22 percent) was of about the same importance as the meat group (24 percent), the grain group (24 percent), and the vegetable-fruit group (22 percent). For older groups, the meat group was most important. The grain group was second in importance for children 3 to 14 years, but fruits and vegetables were second for adults.

14. Vitamin B₁₂

Vitamin B_{12} was provided by the animal products—meat, poultry, and fish (48 percent), the milk group (31 percent), and eggs (9 percent) (table 2.14). The grain products supplied 8 percent, which came from fortification and small amounts of animal products, which were ingredients in mixtures mainly grain.

15. Vitamin C

Vitamin C was supplied by fruits and vegetables (68 percent)—the citrus fruits and tomatoes (27 percent); white potatoes (15 percent); dark green, deep yellow, and other vegetables (18 percent); and noncitrus fruit (8 percent) (table 2.15). Other worthwhile amounts came from grain products (9 percent), milk and milk products (7 percent), nonalcoholic drinks (7 percent), and the meat, poultry, and fish group (6 percent), most likely from mixtures.

Compared to the average, infants received larger proportions of vitamin C from noncitrus fruit and formula in the milk group. Children and teenagers averaged a larger proportion of vitamin C from the grain products than infants or adults. Men obtained a larger proportion from potatoes than other sex-age groups.

C. NUTRITIVE VALUE OF FOOD INTAKE

Nutritive values of food intakes of individuals were calculated from a special nutrient data base constructed from partially updated composition values of foods from Agriculture Handbook No. 8. For new or unusual foods, values were obtained from manufacturers' data, were based on similar foods, were calculated from the ingredients, or were based on a composite of these values. Average intakes were calculated for food energy, protein, fat, carbohydrate, four minerals—calcium, iron, magnesium, and phosphorus—and seven vitamins—vitamin A value, thiamin, riboflavin, preformed niacin, vitamin B_6 , vitamin B_{12} , and vitamin C. Nutritive values for magnesium and vitamins B_6 and B_{12} in many foods are less reliable than for other nutrients evaluated, and consequently these averages should be interpreted with restraint.

The average nutritive value of food intakes is presented for individuals classified by sex and age (table 3.1) and then by three urbanizations (tables 3.2a-3.2c) and by four regions (tables 3.3a-3.3d). The percentage of energy provided by protein, fat, carbohydrate, and other sources is shown in table 3.4. Nutritive values of individual intakes, classified by income, are also expressed as percentages of the 1980 RDA (tables 3.5a-3.5f) and as nutrients per 1,000 kcal (tables 3.6a-3.6f).

⁹U.S. Department of Agriculture. 1980. Nutritive Values Used in Individual Survey, 1977-78. Accession No. PB80 197403. Tape available from U.S. Department of Commerce, National Technical Information Service, 5285 Port Royal Rd., Springfield, Va. 22161.

1. Energy and Nutrient Intakes

Energy.--Average food energy intakes peaked at 2,700 kcal for boys 15 to 18 years and then gradually declined to about 2,400 kcal for 23- to 34-year-olds and to about 1,800 kcal for males 75 and older. For females, the highest intake of energy averaged 1,900 kcal for the 12- to 14-year-olds, declined to 1,500 to 1,600 kcal for the 19- to 64-year-olds, and then dropped to below 1,400 kcal for women 75 and older.

Energy-providing nutrients.—Patterns similar to those for energy were apparent for the three energy-providing nutrients—protein, fat, and carbohydrate. Protein intakes were largest for males 15 to 18 years (107 g) and decreased with age to an average of 75 g for the oldest group. The peak intake of protein for females averaged nearly 75 g for 12— to 14-year-olds, and it declined to 65 g in diets of young and middle-aged women (19 to 64 years) and to about 55 g for the oldest group. Average fat intakes, also highest for 15— to 18-year-old boys (almost 125 g), declined to about 100 g for men 51 to 64 years and to about 85 g for men 75 years and older. Among the groups of females, the 12— to 14-year-olds averaged the largest fat intakes (85 g), and intakes declined to around 70 g for women 23 to 64 years and then dropped to about 60 g for the oldest women. Carbohydrate intakes for males averaged the highest for the 15— to 18-year-olds (295 g) and then gradually decreased with age to 185 g for the oldest group. Among females, carbohydrate intakes were lowest at about 150 g for the 35— to 50-year-olds and highest at 225 g for the 9— to 11-year-olds.

Minerals.--Calcium intakes, which were 700 to 800 mg for infants and preschoolers, peaked at almost 1,200 mg for 15- to 18-year-old males and progressively declined with increasing age to below 700 mg for men 75 years and older. Calcium intakes for females declined from a high short of 900 mg for 12- to 14-year-olds to a low of about 500 mg for women 35 to 50 years and then turned upward somewhat for the oldest groups. Iron intakes averaged highest for infants (17 mg) and lowest for 1- to 2-year-olds (8 mg), followed closely by 3- to 5-year-olds (10 mg). Iron intakes of groups over 8 years of age ranged from 13 to 17 mg for males and 10 to 12 mg for females. Average magnesium intakes for groups of children increased from about 125 to over 200 mg; intakes of women were slightly above 200 mg, whereas intakes of men were generally closer to 300 mg. Phosphorus intakes averaged from about 650 mg for infants to about 1,700 mg for 15- to 18-year-old boys.

Vitamins.—Average intakes of vitamin A value among adults, both males and females, generally increased with the age of the group to over 6,000 IU for five of the oldest groups. Thiamin intakes and those for other B vitamins—riboflavin, preformed niacin, vitamin B_6 , and vitamin B_{12} —were generally higher for males 9 years and older than for younger males and females of all ages. Average intakes of vitamin C, as for vitamin A value, were highest for the groups of adults over 50 years of age (96 to 100 mg for men, 90 to 93 mg for women). An exception was the 15— to 18—year—old boys with an intake of 112 mg.

2. Nutrient Intakes Among Urbanizations

Intakes of most nutrients by individuals, grouped separately by urbanization of household--central cities, suburban areas, and nonmetropolitan areas--showed

only very small differences (tables 3.2a-3.2c). Nutrients with the greatest differences were calcium, with the lowest average in the central cities and non-metropolitan areas (713 and 718 mg) and highest in the suburban areas (763 mg); vitamin A, with a low in the nonmetropolitan areas (4,800 IU) and a high in the central cities (5,600 IU); and vitamin C, with a low of about 80 mg in the non-metropolitan areas and a high of about 95 mg in the central cities.

3. Nutrient Intakes Among Regions

When individuals were grouped separately by region--Northeast, North Central, South, and West--differences in average intakes for most nutrients were very small (tables 3.3a-3.3d). Individuals in the West had somewhat higher average intakes of calcium, magnesium, and phosphorus than those in the other regions. Individuals in the Northeast had higher average intakes of vitamins B_{12} and C. Individuals in the South had slightly lower average intakes of energy, protein, fat, carbohydrate, calcium, riboflavin, vitamin B_{6} , vitamin B_{12} , and vitamin C than those in the other three regions.

4. Percentage of Energy From Protein, Fat, and Carbohydrate

The general factors 4, 9, and 4¹⁰ were used to calculate the energy value from each gram of protein, fat, and carbohydrate, respectively, for each individual's intake. Then the percentage of kilocalories from each source was computed for each individual, after which an average was obtained for each sexage group (table 3.4). These factors have been found to give suitable estimates for a typical mixed diet. Alcohol is also a source of energy but is not accounted for in this calculation. Therefore, the difference between total energy and energy calculated from protein, fat, and carbohydrate is assumed to be an estimate for alcohol plus an amount generated by atypical diets and is labeled "other." Because infant diets, largely milk, are not typical of the usual mixed diet, the explanation of the values in table 3.4 is excluded from the following discussion.

For all individuals surveyed in the spring of 1977, the average proportion of energy from protein was 16.6 percent; fat, 40.3 percent; and carbohydrate, 42.8 percent. The percentage of energy from protein for children or teenagers (15.4 to 16.1) was generally lower than for men over 34 years (16.7 to 17.2) and women 19 to 74 years (16.8 to 17.5). Men 35 years and older had the highest proportion of energy from fat, about 42 percent, and children and girls 9 to 11 years had the lowest. The Food and Nutrition Board of the National Academy of Sciences recommends that no more than 35 percent of dietary energy come from fat. Females 9 to 11 years of age obtained the highest proportion of energy from carbohydrate (48 percent), and males 35 to 50 years had the lowest (39 percent).

Derivation. U.S. Dept. Agr. Agr. Handb. 74, 1955. (Sl. rev. 1973.)

10 See p. 36 of footnote 2 reference, p. 1.

5. Nutrient Intakes Compared With 1980 RDA

Nutrient intakes of sex-age groups are compared with the 1980 Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDA)¹² in table 3.5a, and comparisons by income level appear in tables 3.5b-3.5f. For each nutrient, each individual's intake was compared with the appropriate RDA (see table 7.1 for RDA used) and expressed as a percentage. The percentages of all individuals within each sex-age group were then averaged. Among the nutrients considered, average intakes of each of the sex-age groups exceeded the RDA for protein, riboflavin, niacin, and vitamin C (fig. 6).

Energy and protein.—Energy intakes of individuals averaged 85 percent of the RDA, ranging from 76 percent for 19- to 22- and 35- to 50-year-old females to 100 percent for infants. Energy needs of individuals vary according to body size, age, and physical activity, and thus some individuals need less than others. The midpoint of the range for energy RDA of each sex-age group was used for these comparisons. The average protein intake of all individuals was 165 percent of the RDA and varied from 123 percent for women 75 years and older to 210 percent for 1- and 2-year-olds.

Minerals.—Phosphorus intakes exceeded the RDA for all except those for two groups of teenage girls that were close to the recommended amounts. Average calcium intakes of four groups met or exceeded their RDA slightly, and infants' intake exceeded the RDA substantially. Other groups failed to meet the RDA for calcium. Intakes of groups of males averaged 85 percent or more of their RDA, but some groups of females had average intakes 64 to 77 percent of the RDA. Iron intakes of infants and 6- to 8-year-olds averaged more than adequate to meet recommendations, but intakes of 1- to 2- and 3- to 5-year-olds were lower than their RDA, 53 and 79 percent, respectively. Intakes of females 12 to 50 years averaged only 58 to 64 percent of their RDA. Magnesium intakes exceeded the RDA for children from infancy through 2 years of age, and 3- to 8-year-olds had average intakes slightly below their RDA. For older individuals, intakes of magnesium were between 65 and 89 percent of their RDA.

Vitamins.--Of the seven vitamins investigated, three--riboflavin, niacin, and vitamin C--showed group averages that exceeded the RDA for all sex-age groups. Three of the other four vitamins--vitamin A, thiamin, and vitamin B_{12} --had average intakes that met the RDA for all sex-age groups except one or two whose intakes were a few percentage points below the RDA. Intakes of vitamin B_{6} averaged below the RDA for all sex-age groups except children under 3 years and were especially low (60 to 65 percent) for women.

Of the four income levels, the lowest income level had the lowest intakes as a percentage of the RDA for energy and all nutrients calculated except vitamin A, thiamin, riboflavin, and vitamin C. The lowest income group had the highest percentage for vitamin A of all four income groups. The highest income group had the highest percentage of all income groups for vitamin C. However, among the income groups, all sex-age groups met the RDA for protein and vitamin C. Some very small differences appear, but they probably would not show significance if tested statistically.

¹²See footnote 2, p. 1.

NUTRIENT INTAKES BELOW 1980 RECOMMENDED DIETARY ALLOWANCES

Average intake as percentage of 1980 RDA, spring 1977

Sex and age (years)	Pro- tein	Cal- cium	Iron	Magne- sium	Phos- phorus	Vita- min A	Thia- min	Ribo- flavin	Nia- cin	Vita- min B	Vita- min B.	Vita-
Males and females:										Ω	212	
Under 1												
		•		•								
6-8				•						•		
Males:										•		
9-11												
12-14		•		•						(
0		•	•	:						•		
		•	•	•						•		
23_34				:				,		•		
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23-34		•	• • • • •			,	•			•		
35-50	•	•	•	•			•			•		
51-64	•	•••		•						• • • •		
65-74		•		•						•		
75 and over		•		•						• • • • •		

Figure 6

• 90-99% RDA • 80-89% RDA •• 70-79% RDA ••• Below 79% RDA

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey, 48 States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

6. Nutrient Intakes of 1977 and 1965 Compared

Nutrient intakes of individuals in the spring of 1977 are compared with similar published data from the spring 1965 survey 13 collected as described previously under data collection. Several age groups by which data in the 1965 survey were tabulated differed slightly from groupings used in 1977 (see note on fig. 7).

Energy.--Food energy intakes of individuals in 1977 were lower on the average than those reported in 1965 (fig. 7). Intakes of children under 3 years declined the most (17 percent) and intakes of certain groups of elderly persons declined the least (2 to 4 percent). Intakes of all three energy-yielding nutrients--protein, fat, and carbohydrate--decreased in 1977 from 1965. Average fat intakes decreased about 15 percent for half of the 22 sex-age groups.

Minerals. -- Calcium intakes averaged lower for infants, children, and teenagers in 1977 than in 1965. For most age groups of adults, intakes were close to or above 1965 levels. Considerable increases in intakes of calcium occurred for the oldest group of men and for the two oldest groups of women. Iron intakes increased slightly from 1965 to 1977 for many sex-age groups. The increase in the iron intake of infants was especially dramatic, about triple the 1965 level. However, in 1977, iron intake of 1- to 2-year-olds was less than half that of the infants. The increase in iron intakes of infants is the result of increased iron fortification of baby cereals and formulas since the 1965 survey. Magnesium intakes in 1977 were somewhat less than the 1965 estimates for infants and most groups of children and teenagers but higher for most groups of adults, especially those 65 years and over. (Phosphorus intakes for 1965 are not available.)

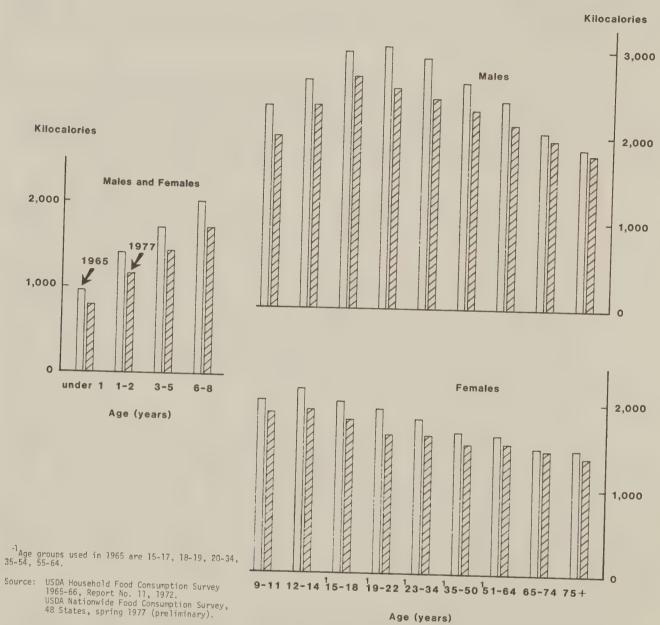
Vitamins.—Average vitamin A intakes were lower in 1977 than in 1965 for all sex-age groups except children 6 to 8 years old, men 65 years and older, and women 51 years and older. The decreases in vitamin A intakes varied from about 5 to 25 percent. Nevertheless, the 1977 vitamin A intake of only one sexage group (19- to 22-year-old women) averaged below the RDA (95 percent). Vitamin C intakes in 1977 were considerably higher than in 1965, with increases ranging from approximately 15 to 65 percent, except for infants whose average intake more than doubled. Fortification of beverages and ready-to-eat cereals and higher consumption of citrus fruit juices contributed substantially to the increases.

Intakes of thiamin averaged higher in 1977 for all groups except 19- to 34-year-old men. Average riboflavin intakes were down in 1977 for infants, children, teenage girls, and adults less than 65 years, but intakes still met the RDA. Vitamin B_6 average intakes were higher in 1977 than estimated intakes in 1965 except for 1- to 2-year-olds, men 23 to 50 years, and women 19 to 34 years of age. Average intakes of vitamin B_{12} were lower in 1977 than in 1965, especially for infants and individuals 12 to 34 years of age. Niacin values are not available for the 1965 survey.

¹³ See footnote 3, p. 6.

FOOD ENERGY

Average intake per individual in a day, spring 1965 and 1977



7. Nutrient Densities

Reporting of nutrient intakes per 1,000 kcal (tables 3.6a-3.6f) permits the comparison of the nutrient density of diets. Variation in nutrient level among sex-age groups is greatly reduced when nutrient intakes are expressed as nutrient densities. Examining the nutrient density of food intakes relative to the RDA is a useful alternative method for considering nutritional quality of diets in this study where average energy levels are consistently below the RDA. Nutrient densities of the RDA have been calculated (in table 7.2) for comparison with nutrient densities in tables 3.6a-3.6f.

The vitamin and mineral densities of infants' diets were generally much higher than for the diets of other age groups, and the protein and fat densities of their diets were somewhat lower. For example, the iron density for the infants, $22.1 \, \text{mg}/1,000 \, \text{kcal}$, was about three times higher than for any other group as illustrated in figure 8 and was also much higher than the nutrient density of the RDA (14.5 mg). Infants were not included in the following discussion of the range of nutrient densities between the sex-age groups.

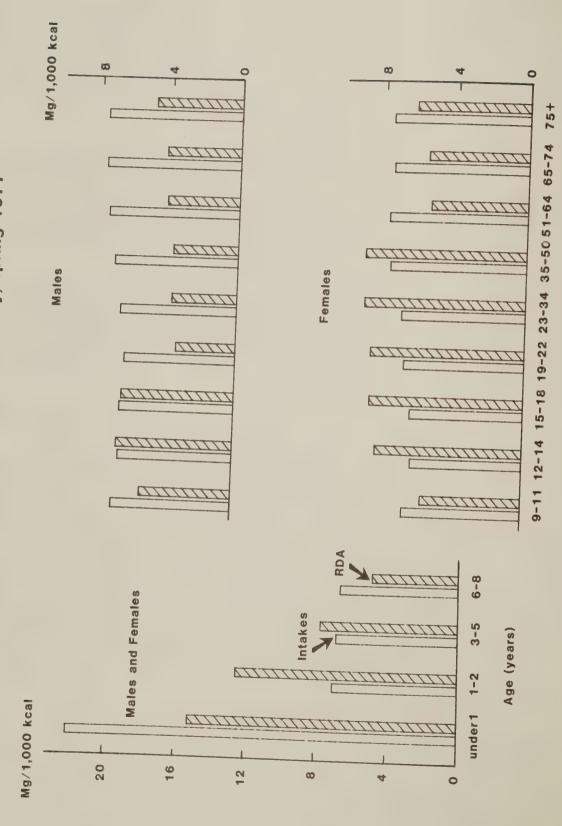
Energy-providing nutrients.—Average protein densities were slightly lower for children and teenagers (38 to 40 g/1,000 kcal) than for adults (40 to 44 g/1,000 kcal). These densities exceeded considerably the protein densities of comparable RDA (table 7.2). Carbohydrate density was lowest for men 35 to 64 years of age (98 g/1,000 kcal) and highest for girls 9 to 11 years old (121 g/1,000 kcal). Fat density varied from 41 g/1,000 kcal for 1- to 2-year-olds to 47 g/1,000 kcal for men over 50 years of age.

Minerals.--Calcium density was lowest for men 35 to 64 years (about 340 mg/1,000 kcal) and highest for 1- to 2-year-olds (633 mg/1,000 kcal); these calcium densities exceeded the densities for their respective RDA (fig. However, densities of intakes for women and teenage girls were below densities of their calcium RDA. The lowest iron density was for 12- to 14-year-old girls (6.2 mg/1,000 kcal), and the highest was for 51- to 64-year-old women (7.7) mg/1,000 kcal). Densities of iron intakes were well below densities of the girls' RDA, as they were for older girls and women of childbearing age; but intakes exceeded the density of iron RDA for older women (fig. 8). Preschool-age children's iron intakes also were low when compared to their RDA on a 1,000 kcal basis. Magnesium densities varied from about 120 mg/l,000 kcal for teenage boys and girls to over 160 mg/1,000 kcal for women over 35 years. Densities of magnesium intakes exceeded densities of magnesium RDA for children under 12 years, were below the RDA densities for teenagers and the elderly, and were close to the RDA densities for young and middle-aged adults. Phosphorus intake densities, which varied from 600 mg/1,000 kcal to 730 mg/1,000 kcal, exceeded RDA densities for all sex-age categories.

Vitamins.--Vitamin intakes exceeded RDA on a density basis for all sex-age groups with one exception--vitamin B_6 . Vitamin A intakes per 1,000 kcal varied among sex-age groups the most of all nutrients--lowest for young men (2,000 IU/1,000 kcal) and highest for elderly women (4,600 IU/1,000 kcal) (fig. 10). Thiamin density was also lowest for young men (0.62 mg/1,000 kcal) but highest for children and elderly men and women (0.75 to 0.80 mg/1,000 kcal). The lowest density for riboflavin was for men (0.80 to 0.85 mg/1,000 kcal), and the highest

IRON DENSITY OF INTAKES AND RECOMMENDED DIETARY ALLOWANCES

Average intake per individual in a day, spring 1977



USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey, 48 States, spring 1977 (preliminary). Source:

Age (years)

Figure 8

CALCIUM DENSITY OF INTAKES AND RECOMMENDED DIETARY ALLOWANCES

Average intake per individual in a day, spring 1977

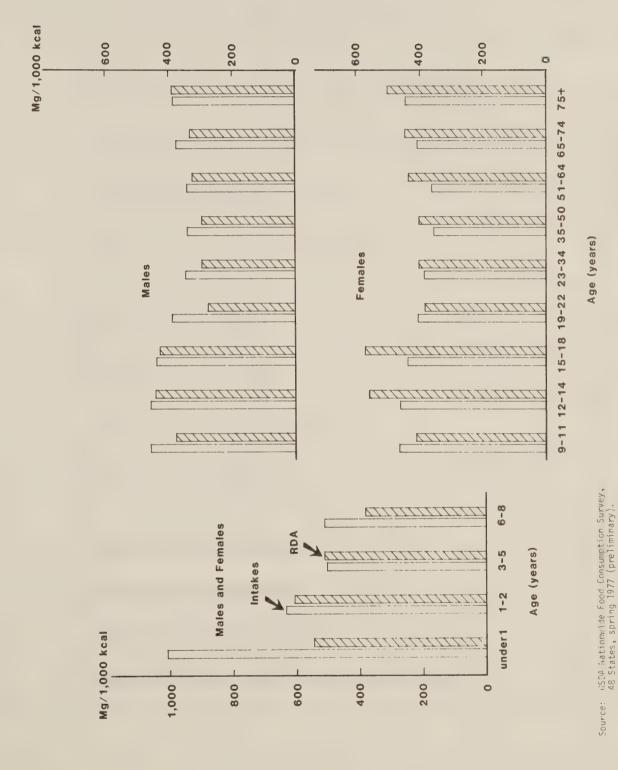


Figure 9

VITAMIN A DENSITY PER 1,000 KILOCALORIES

Average intake per individual in a day, spring 1977

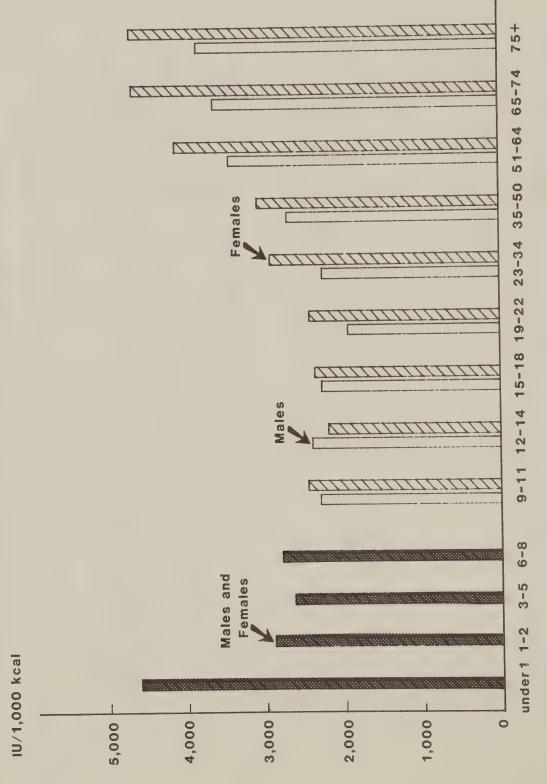


Figure 10

Age (years)

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey, 48 States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

was for 1- to 2-year-olds (1.25 mg/1,000 kcal). Densities for preformed niacin varied from a low of 9 mg/1,000 kcal for 1- to 2-year-olds to a high of 12 mg/1,000 kcal for some groups of women. Vitamin B₆ density was lowest for teenagers and young men and women (0.70 to 0.75 mg/1,000 kcal) and highest for older men and women (about 0.85 mg/1,000 kcal). Vitamin B₁₂ densities varied from 2.1 to 3.7 mcg/1,000, with teenagers and young adults having the lowest. Vitamin C density varied widely among sex-age groups-from 35 mg/1,000 kcal to 70 mg/1,000 kcal-with teenage boys and men having the lowest densities.

When individuals were divided by income level and average nutrient densities were compared, little difference among income levels was found for protein, fat, carbohydrate, preformed niacin, vitamin B_6 , or vitamin B_{12} . However, compared with those in most higher income levels, individuals with household incomes of less than \$6,000 had intakes with nearly the same or higher nutrient densities for most other nutrients. The high magnesium density of 35- to 50-year-old women in the lowest income group is due to an intake of coffee (a significant source of magnesium) and little else by one woman. Only for two nutrients—calcium and vitamin B_{12} —was the density for any income group higher than for the lowest income group.

D. NUTRITIVE VALUE OF FOOD OBTAINED AND EATEN AWAY FROM HOME

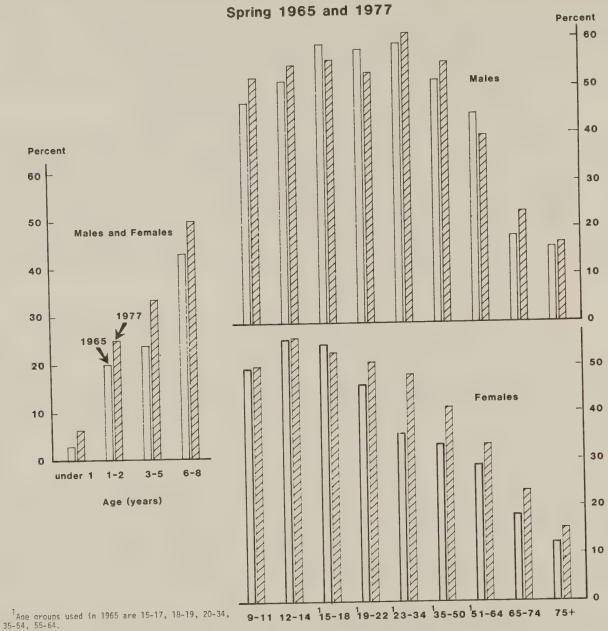
The average contribution of food obtained and eaten away from home to the total day's nutrient intake for all individuals is presented in table 4.1. Forty-four percent of the individuals surveyed obtained and ate some food or beverage away from home on the day reported. The percentages of males and females eating away from home were very similar below age 22 and over age 65; however, for ages 23 to 64, the percentage of men eating away from home was much greater than that of women.

Six percent of the infants had some food or beverage that was obtained and eaten away from home. This proportion increased progressively for 1- to 2-year-olds (25 percent), for 3- to 5-year-olds (33 percent), and for 6- to 22-year-olds (50 to 55 percent). This continued to increase to a peak of 60 percent for 23- to 34-year-old males but declined to below 50 percent for females of this age. Eating away from home then decreased with age to 23 percent for men and women age 65 to 74 and about 15 to 17 percent for those 75 and older.

In the 1965 survey, 39 percent of the individuals obtained and ate some food away from home compared with the 44 percent reported here for 1977. The sex-age group with the greatest increase since 1965 was the 23- to 34-year-old females (fig. 11). In 1965, 35 percent of this group had food away from home on the day surveyed; in 1977, almost 50 percent ate out. The next largest increase was for the 3- to 5-year-olds; 24 percent had food away from home in 1965 compared with 33 percent in 1977. These increases probably reflect the large expansion of the younger women into the work force and their use of day care outside the home for preschoolers.

Almost 19 percent of the energy intake (and of the intakes of energy-providing nutrients) for all individuals came from food obtained and eaten away from home. By sex-age groups the proportion of energy from food away averaged between a low of about 7 percent for the oldest groups and a high of 27 percent for 23-

INDIVIDUALS OBTAINING AND EATING FOOD AWAY FROM HOME



USDA Household Food Consumption Survey 1965-66, unpublished data. USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey, 48 States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

Age (years)

Figure 11

to 34-year-old men (fig. 12). Compared with energy-providing nutrients, vitamins and minerals from food obtained and eaten away represented a slightly smaller percentage of the total intake. When all individuals are considered (table 4.1), the proportions of vitamins and minerals coming from food obtained and eaten away from home ranged from 15 to 18 percent compared with 19 percent for energy-providing nutrients.

The importance of food away in diets of people who eat out was appraised by studying only the individuals who had some food away from home. For these individuals the proportions of vitamins and minerals provided by away-from-home foods averaged from 35 to 42 percent, and the energy was 43 percent of the total day's intake (table 4.2). Among these individuals who ate away from home, some age groups obtained nearly half of their food energy away from home, namely males 19 to 22 years, females 15 to 34 years, and the groups who ate out the least—men and women over 64 years. Apparently elderly individuals who eat out have substantial proportions of their day's food away from home. Unlike most younger groups, adults over 64 obtained a greater percentage of their protein than of their caloric intake from food away from home, indicating that the food they had away from home had a higher protein density than that of most younger groups.

E. EATING OCCASIONS

1. Frequency of Eating

Three times a day was the most frequent eating pattern reported by individuals (39 percent), followed by four times (28 percent), and five times (14 percent) (table 5.1a). Almost 1 percent ate only once and 7 percent ate twice on the day reported. Adults 75 years and older had the highest proportion (58 percent) eating three times during the day, and infants and 1- to 2-year-olds had the smallest proportion (6 and 26 percent, respectively). Almost half (46 percent) of the infants ate six or more times in the day.

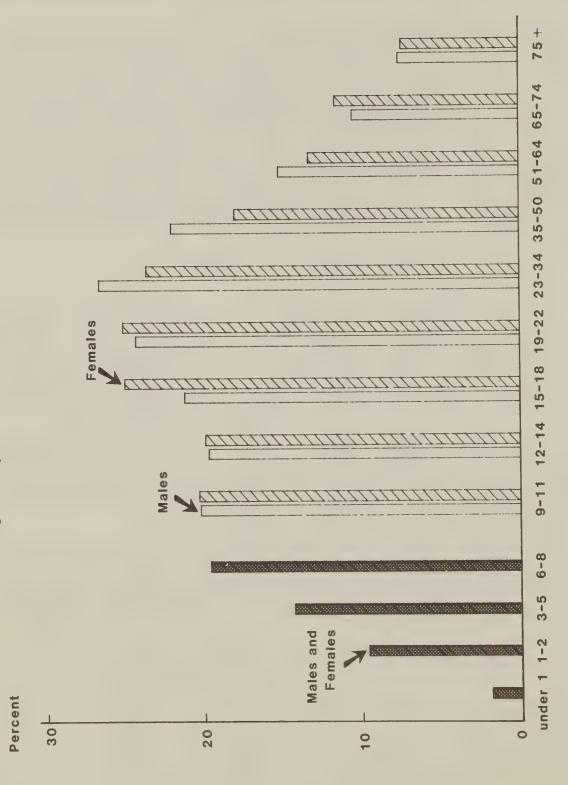
About 95 percent of the sample reported between two and six eating occasions in the day. Eating twice a day was reported most often by males 19 to 34 years (about 13 percent) and females 15 to 50 years (9 to 12 percent). About 4 percent of the 19- to 22-year-old females reported eating only once during the day as did 2 percent of the males in this age group.

In 1965, the frequencies of three and four eating occasions per individual in 1 day were nearly equal (32 and 31 percent of the individuals, respectively) but not in 1977 (39 and 28 percent, respectively). In 1977, fewer persons appeared to be eating more than three times in a day (53 percent) compared with those in 1965 (64 percent) as shown below.

Frequency of eating	1965	1977
		Percent
1	0.2	0.9
2	3.5	7.4
3	32.2	39.2
4	31.1	27.6
5	19.4	14.3
6	8.5	6.1
7	3.0	2.5
8	1.1	.9
9 or more	1.0	1.1

FOOD ENERGY FROM FOOD OBTAINED AND EATEN AWAY FROM HOME

Percentage of day's intake per individual, spring 1977



Age (years)

Figure 12

USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey, 48 States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

Source:

2. Identification of Eating Occasions

Eating occasions were identified by participants in the 1977 survey (table 5.1b). Breakfast was not reported by 14 percent of the individuals. However, 29 percent of the 19- to 22-year-olds reported no breakfast as did 25 percent of adults 23 to 34 years of age. The oldest adults (75 years and older) had the smallest proportion reporting no breakfast along with the 1- to 2-year-olds (1 to 2 percent).

Lunch, which includes brunch, was reported by 77 percent of the individuals. Dinner was reported by 49 percent and supper by 52 percent. Some of the respondents called the midday meal "dinner" as shown in figure 13. Many of these may be individuals 65 years and over who, of the sex-age groups, most often report dinner and supper and least often report lunch.

Snacks, which include coffee breaks, were reported by 59 percent of the respondents, with 32 percent reporting only one. The 1- to 2-year-olds had the highest proportion with more than one snack reported. For about 45 percent of the infants, the eating occasion was not named by the respondent, probably because it was often difficult for mothers to label.

3. Time of Day

The frequency of eating meals and snacks by the time of day is shown in figure 13 and table 5.2. Breakfast was most frequently reported between 7 and 8 a.m. (31 percent), lunch between 12 and 1 p.m. (53 percent), and dinner and supper between 6 and 7 p.m. (33 and 38 percent, respectively). "Dinner" appears more frequently to refer to the evening meal, although 11 percent of "dinners" were reported between 12 and 1 p.m.; how many are midday meals on Sunday has not been ascertained yet. Snacking peaked during three periods—10 to 11 a.m. (8 percent), 3 to 4 p.m. (11 percent), and 8 to 10 p.m. (25 percent). About half (51 percent) of the snacking took place in the evening hours (5 p.m. to midnight).

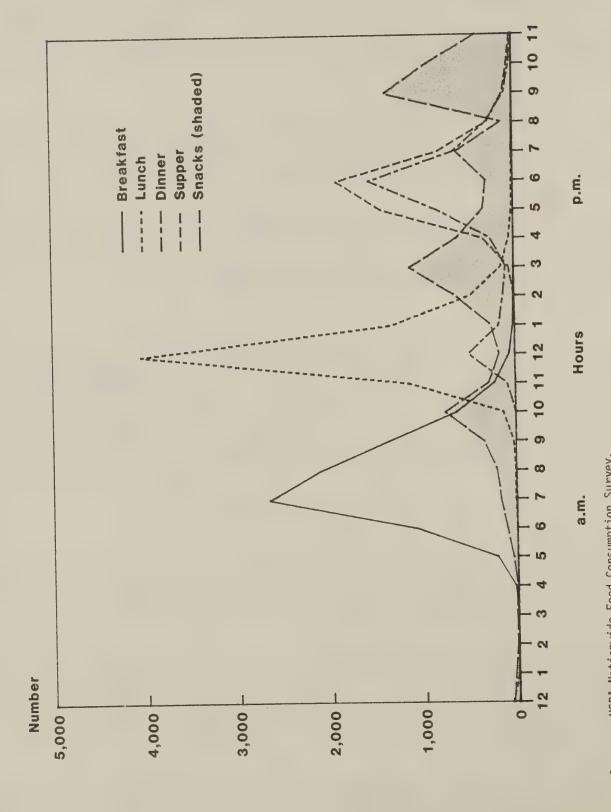
4. Nutritive Value of Eating Occasions

The average nutritive content of meals and snacks has been computed in two ways: (1) Including all individuals even though the particular meal or snack was not eaten by everyone (tables 5.3a-5.9a) and (2) including only users, or individuals who reported eating the meal or snack (tables 5.3b-5.9b).

The contribution to the day's energy and nutrient intake of each eating occasion based on all individuals is shown in tables 5.3a-5.9a. The energy content of breakfast averaged 18 percent of the total day's energy intake, lunch (including brunch) 25 percent, dinner and supper 22 percent each, and snacks (including coffee and beverage breaks) 11 percent. Other eating occasions that respondents considered not to fit into these categories or did not name averaged 2 percent.

The contribution of an eating occasion based on intakes of only those individuals reporting that eating occasion, as discussed here, may be more useful to meal planners than those based on intakes of all individuals. The average

EATING OCCASIONS BY TIME OF DAY, SPRING 1977



Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey, 48 States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

Figure 13

proportion of the day's energy intake provided by specified meals based on only the individuals reporting (users) was breakfast 21 percent, lunch 32 percent, dinner 45 percent, supper 42 percent, and snacks 19 percent (tables 5.3b-5.7b and fig. 14).

Breakfast.—Breakfasts for users provided proportionately more carbohydrate (26 percent) than protein or fat (18 percent) and proportionately more of the vitamins and minerals (22 to 31 percent) than energy (21 percent) (table 5.3b and fig. 14). The nutrient density of breakfast appears to be higher than for other meals in the day. Children's (1 to 11 years) breakfasts supplied about one-fourth (22 to 27 percent) of the day's energy but more than one-third of their day's intake of vitamin A (35 to 39 percent), thiamin (36 to 41 percent), riboflavin (36 to 38 percent), and vitamin C (36 to 40 percent). The elderly averaged somewhat higher percentages of their day's energy and most nutrients from breakfast than most groups of younger adults, possibly because they had few snacks.

Lunch. --Lunch, which includes brunch, by users showed a different profile of energy and nutrients than breakfast by its users (fig. 14). For most sex-age groups except infants and young children, about one-third of the users' energy and most nutrients came from lunch, with smaller fractions of vitamins A and C (28 and 25 percent, respectively).

Dinner.—The nutrient profile for dinner showed less carbohydrate and calcium but more iron, vitamin A, and vitamin C in relation to food energy than the profile for lunch (fig. 14). For people reporting dinner, about one-half of the day's intake of fat, protein, and vitamin B_6 came from this meal, almost one-half of the iron (46 percent), preformed niacin (48 percent), and vitamin A (48 percent) but less of the other vitamins and minerals (table 5.5b). Generally, children and younger teenagers obtained a lower percentage of energy and nutrients from this meal than did adults, possibly because snacks are more important for the younger groups.

Supper. --Supper for its users provided a slightly smaller share of the day's intake of energy and nutrients than dinner did for its users (fig. 14). Supper for the elderly provided a little over one-third of their day's intake of energy and most nutrients. Children's and younger teenagers' suppers also provided less of their day's intake of energy and most nutrients than suppers of young and middle-aged adults.

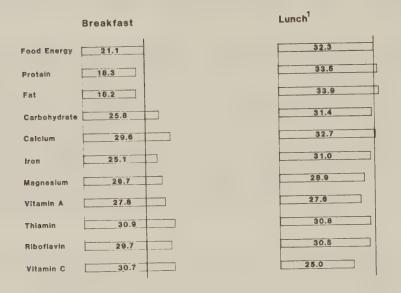
<u>Snacks</u>.—The nutrient profile for snacks differed markedly from profiles for other eating occasions (fig. 14). Snacks were relatively higher in energy and carbohydrate than in protein, iron, or vitamins. The relatively high values for magnesium in snacks are likely from coffee, and for calcium they are likely from milk or milk products.

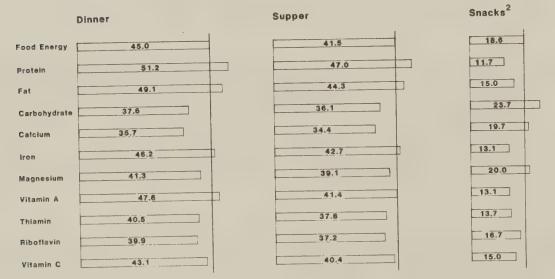
5. Eating Occasions Away From Home

Of the total eating occasions reported, 17.8 percent included only food obtained and eaten away from home (1.6 percent were breakfasts; 6.1 percent, lunches (including brunches); 2.0 percent, dinners; 1.5 percent, suppers; 6.0 percent, snacks; and 0.6 percent, other). In addition to eating occasions,

NUTRIENT CONTRIBUTION OF EATING OCCASIONS

Percentage of day's intake per individual reporting specified eating occasions, spring 1977





¹ Includes brunch.

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey, 48 States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

Figure 14

 $^{^2}$ Includes coffee and beverage breaks.

which included only food obtained away from home, about 1.3 percent of the total occasions included some food carried from home and some food obtained away from home. For example, a lunch could consist of a sandwich from home and milk purchased at school or place of work. Of the total eating occasions, 3.7 percent consisted only of food carried from home and eaten elsewhere--2.0 percent were lunches carried from home and 1.2 percent were snacks.

Each eating occasion was also studied separately. For each sex-age group and specified eating occasion, the number of each eating occasion with all food obtained away from home was expressed as a percentage of the group's total number of that eating occasion (at home and away). For example, 23-to 34-year-old men reported that 94 out of a total of 587 breakfasts (numbers not shown) were obtained away from home, or 16 percent as shown below.

Eating Occasions With All Food Obtained Away From Home

Sex and age	Break-	Lunch	Dinner	Supper	Snack	A11
(years)	fast					occasions
			Pe	ercent		
Males and females:			-			
Under 1	0	1.5	3.6	1.9	1.8	1.5
1-2	3.6	9.6	14.0	9.9	7.1	7.9
3-5	4.4	19.8	17.7	8.2	13.9	12.3
6-8	5.9	37.1	13.7	7.1	19.3	17.5
Males:						
9-11	5.9	38.1	9.8	9.5	10.3	15.5
12-14	5.5	46.4	10.1	5.4	21.4	18.8
15-18	7.4	46.2	8.8	9.2	24.6	21.0
19-22	11.0	29.0	21.1	21.7	34.8	25.7
23-34	16.0	35.4	23.9	18.7	35.1	27.7
35-50	12.4	34.8	14.6	13.1	32.7	23.6
51-64	5.9	27.1	12.4	10.7	19.1	15.5
65-74	1.4	15.4	15.0	6.1	6.0	8.0
75 and over	1.6	8.1	9.0	5.7	4.7	5.4
Females:						
9-11	4.3	34.5	18.3	9.1	19.4	17.6
12-14	4.9	41.3	9.6	7.9	20.9	18.8
15-18	4.8	41.4	21.7	15.9	26.8	23.4
19-22	8.5	30.7	22.7	18.8	35.1	24.8
23-34	10.1	30.0	22.7	12.8	25.4	22.4
35-50	5.5	24.9	13.7	10.5	20.3	15.7
51-64	4.0	19.3	13.2	7.8	15.6	11.9
65-74	1.6	12.3	14.6	6.1	8.8	7.8
75 and over	•5	13.0	7.3	4.6	2.6	5.4
All individuals	6.7	29.1	15.8	10.8	22.0	17.8

As can be seen in these data, the 23- to 34-year-old men had the largest proportion of breakfasts out. Boys 12 to 18 years obtained nearly half (46 percent) of their lunches away from home, more than for any other sex-age

is commerced 13-to 34-year-olds were obtained in the control of suppers (10.8 percent) than the proportion of suppers (10.8 percent) than the control of suppers (10.8 percent) when all of the control of suppers (10.8 percent) than the control of suppers (10.8 percent) than the control of suppers (10.8 percent) when all of the control of suppers (10.8 percent) when the control of suppers (10.8 percent) when the control of suppers (10.8 percent) when the control of suppers (10.8 percent) than th

F AHAPACTERISTICS OF HOUSEHOLDS AND INDIVIDUALS

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were note often from low income households than were younger of the individuals 65 years and older were from th

h u s	Individuals	1976 hous	sehold in	ncome befo	ore taxes	(percent)
(YEAFA)	(number)	Under \$6,000		\$10,000- \$15,999		Not reported
mask 19	3,169	10.7	13.4	21.9	37.1	16.9
14 kills 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		10.0	12.5 19.0	21.5 12.8	37.5 8.4	18.5 26.3

% Beginn, Urbanization, and Bace

The respondents surveyed were 84.1 percent white, 11.7 percent black, 3.8 percent of another rare, and a few were unreported (table 6.2). Of the elderly (12.2010 and older), over 90 percent were white. Blacks made up a higher percentage of the respondents in central cities (27 percent) than in suburban

(5 percent) or nonmetropolitan areas (7 percent). In the regions, the blacks made up a higher percentage of the respondents from the South (21 percent) than of respondents in the Northeast (8 percent), North Central (7 percent), or West (6 percent) (table 6.3).

3. Region, Urbanization, and Income

A higher percentage of individuals was from households in the lowest income group in the South (17 percent) than in other regions (10 to 12 percent). A higher percentage of individuals in central cities (18 percent) and nonmetropolitan areas (13 percent) resided in households with incomes under \$6,000 than in suburban areas (8 percent). A lower percentage of individuals in central cities (30 percent) and nonmetropolitan areas (30 percent) resided in households with the highest income (\$16,000 and over) than in suburban areas (42 percent). The distribution of individuals in the four regions and three urbanizations by level of household income is summarized as follows:

Region and	Individuals	1976 hou	sehold i	ncome befo	ore taxes	(percent)
urbanization	(number)	Under	\$6,000-	\$10,000-	\$16,000	Not
		\$6,000	\$9,999	\$15,999	or more	reported
48 States	9,660	12.6	13.4	20.7	34.4	18.8
Northeast	2,298	12.0	11.7	17.7	40.1	18.5
North Central	2,501	9.5	9.4	21.3	38.6	21.2
South	. 3,085	16.7	17.1	21.0	25.7	19.6
West	1,776	10.8	15.0	23.4	36.5	14.3
Central cities	. 2,726	18.4	13.3	22.3	29.6	16.4
Suburban areas	3,687	8.1	11.8	19.5	42.0	18.6
Normetropolitan						
areas	3,247	13.0	15.4	20.9	29.8	20.9

4. Household Size

Household size refers to the number of members regularly living in the household but excludes roomers, boarders, and employees. About 7 percent of the individuals participating in the survey lived alone (4 percent lived alone in the 1965 survey 14), and elderly women more often lived alone than any other sex-age group (table 6.4). Generally, a higher proportion of women than men lived alone at a given age, and the proportion of men and women living alone became larger as age of the group increased. Almost 50 percent of the elderly women (75 years and older) lived alone as compared with only about 20 percent of the men in this age group. Thirty-seven percent of individuals lived in households composed of four or five persons, and almost 20 percent lived in households with more than five persons.

¹⁴See footnote 3, p. 6.

Individuals surveyed in central cities were more often from one-person households than in other urbanizations, and individuals in suburban and non-metropolitan areas were more often from large families (four or more persons) than in central cities as shown below.

			House	nold siz	e (perce	ent)
Urbanization	Individuals (number)	1	2	3	4	More than
48 States	9,660 2,726 3,687	6.8 11.5 4.3	22.0 23.4 19.9	16.5 16.5 16.6	36.8 30.1 41.4	17.9 18.5 17.7
Nonmetropolitan areas	3,247	5.8	23.1	16.4	37.1	17.6

In this survey, as in those in the past, household income of small households was lower than that of large households. Over half of the individuals in the lowest income category, under \$6,000, were in one- and two-person households. Two-thirds of the individuals from large households (four or more persons) were from households with incomes of \$16,000 and over as shown below.

Wl. 11 france	Individuals		House	hold s	ize (per	cent)
Household income	(number)	1	2	3	4 or 5	More than 5
All incomes	9,660	6.8	22.0	16.5	36.8	17.9
Under \$6,000	1,223	23.0	28.2	16.9	24.0	8.0
\$6,000-\$9,999	1,299	9.2	29.7	16.3	27.0	17.8
\$10,000-\$15,999	2,006	5.0	19.9	18.2	36.8	20.1
\$16,000 and over	3,321	1.7	16.1	16.2	46.0	19.9
Not reported	1,811	5.6	25.3	15.3	35.4	18.4

5. Characteristics of the Female Head of Household

Fifty-five percent of the individuals surveyed lived in households in which the female head was between 35 and 64 years of age (table 6.5). About 4 percent of the individuals lived in households without a female head.

The highest proportion of individuals lived in households with female heads who had completed high school (39 percent), and the next highest proportion lived in households in which the female head had attended college (29 percent) (table 6.5). Among individuals living in households in which the female head had attended elementary school only (or less), the largest percentages were in the oldest age groups.

Forty percent of the individuals surveyed lived in households with employed female heads (table 6.5). The proportion of individuals in households

with employed female heads increased with the age group, being lowest for infants (18 percent) and peaking for females 23 to 34 years. When compared with 1965, the 1977 data showed an increase in the number of individuals in households with employed female heads (fig. 15). Older women and the oldest group of men were the only groups to show a smaller percentage than in 1965 of individuals in households with employed female heads.

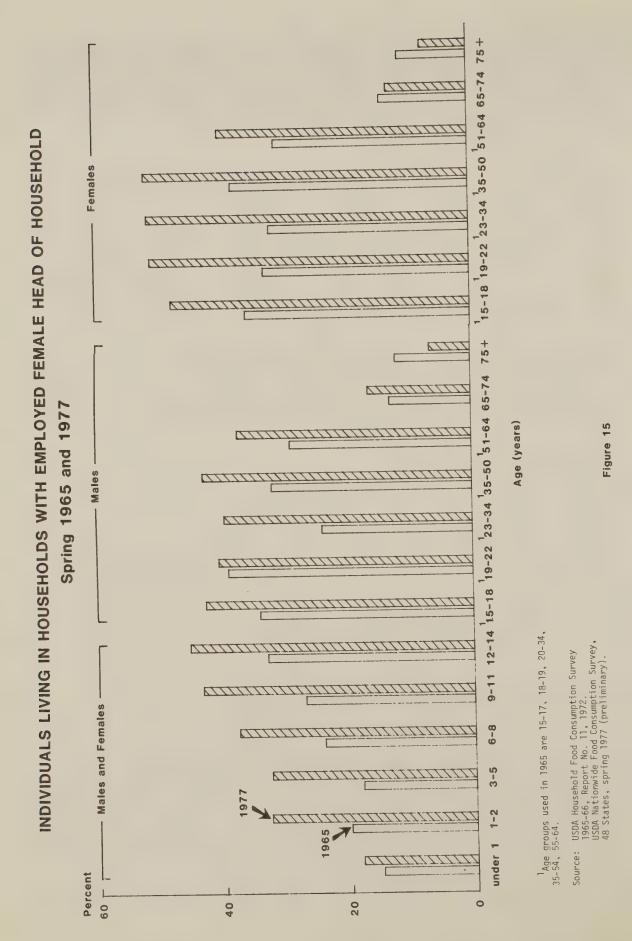


TABLE 1.1a.--MEAT, POULTRY, FISH
Average intake¹ per individual in a day,² spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

						Mea	Meat, poultry,	y, fish			
Sex and age :1 (years)	Individuals	Total:	Ceef	Pork	Lamb,: veal,: game	Poultry Total : Ch	icken	Organ meats, mixtures mainly organ meats	Frankfurters, sausages, luncheon meat. spreads	Fish, shell-	Mixtures mainly meat, poultry, fish
Males and females: Under 1 1-2	Number 378 4264 437 469	72 91 121 149	18 23 33	4 6 15	1 2 3	4 16 19 20	1 13 19 19	Grams0 0 (5) 1	2 15 15 17	0 4 4 7 7	51 32 49 55
Males: 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	216 313 400 287 770 784 634	188 272 310 285 295 274 231	41 82 86 90 75 70 41	22 118 27 27 28 39 39	757111111111111111111111111111111111111	24 27 37 45 31 31 28	21 24 43 29 29 29 25	13 8 1 2 1 3 0 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	19 25 33 33 20 20 19	7 7 114 117 222 5	71 87 112 94 113 86 72 75
Females: 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64 75 and over.	241 309 402 337 949 942 377	162 176 150 184 183 187 159	38 440 440 314 314	119 119 119 119 119 119	777777777777777777777777777777777777777	27 23 28 26 24 24 26 30	23 27 27 22 22 21 24 16	011(5)12426	20 16 18 14 12 9	2 / 11 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	61 61 63 63 64 74
All individuals	69,620	207	54	20	2	27	24	2	50	11	72
1 Quantities given parts are included. 2 Based on 24-hour interview.	are for dietary	foods as recall of	ingest day p	ted; no i preceding	ingested; no inedible day preceding	ole	Excludes Excludes Less that		36 breast-fed infants. 4 breast-fed infants. 10.5 g but more than 0		

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

TABLE 1.1b.--MEAT, POULTRY, FISH In a day, spring 1977 Individuals using in a day, spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

Sex and age · · · In (years)	Individuals:Total: Beef	s Total:		Pork: Lamb, veal,	Lamb,: veal,:Total game	±	itcken	meats, mixtures mainly organ meats	: Frankfurters, sausages, :luncheon meats.	Fish,	meat, poultry fish
	Number					1	<u>Pel</u>	Percent	8 8 6 9 9 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	1	
Males and females: Under 1 1-2	37.8 + 264 437 469	56.0 87.2 89.7 93.3	11.3 27.4 29.6 31.0	6.0 118.9 21.8 25.7	4.9	4.5 17.5 18.3	1.6 16.3 16.8	0 .5 2.0 1.1	4.9 31.4 33.6	0 7.9 7.9 8.3	31.0 32.3 35.0 33.9
Males: 12-14 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64 75 and over	216 313 400 287 770 784 634 295	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	32.7 35.3 40.1 41.7 40.5 40.7 36.9 37.4 28.1	21.9 18.7 26.2 26.7 25.9 31.7 30.7 35.4	2, 2,0 2,0 2,0 2,0 2,0	16.7 17.8 19.8 21.6 15.1 16.7 19.5	13.6 16.1 16.8 19.5 13.7 116.1 15.7		33.7 28.8 32.1 35.2 29.9 33.0 29.0	10.6 8.5 8.5 7.9 11.2 11.3 10.5 4.0	899. 442. 442. 644. 844. 844. 94. 94. 94.
Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64. 75 and over.	241 309 402 337 949 942 792 377 197	93.4 90.2 90.2 90.2 93.1 92.0 92.0		20.2 25.8 19.6 21.0 22.8 26.3 27.2	11.08 22.00 22.00	22.7 17.3 21.4 17.7 17.7 17.8 18.9 18.9	17.7 16.2 15.6 15.9 15.7 16.5 18.1 14.6	7.1	34.8 30.8 26.7 25.5 23.7 23.5 17.9	9.1 7.53 7.53 7.53 11.55 10.3 7.6 5.3	32.5 35.3 35.3 31.9 32.5 32.5 34.0 26.6
All individuals User is an indi	ls 9,620 92.8		35.0 25.8 1.3 a specified food	25.8 1.3 ified food		item.	10.2 3 EX	3 Excludes 36 h	36 breast-fed infants		

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

TABLE 1.1c.--MEAT, POULTRY, FISH
Average intake¹ per user² in a day,³ spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

TABLE 1.2a.--MILK, MILK PRODUCTS; EGGS; LEGUMES, NUTS, SEEDS Average intake¹ per individual in a day,² spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

Legumes, nuts, seeds		63 21 19 26	55 4 3 3 3 3 5 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	25 33 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51	56
E99s		20 22 18	26 28 31 32 32 36 41 41	110 26 26 27 28 28 29 19	27
Cheese		10	8 13 15 17 18 18	7 11 18 19 19 10 20	15
Cream, milk desserts	Granis	7 15 23 25 °	39 24 24 33 31 31	30 22 20 20 20 27 27	26
milk product: drinks :	9-	2110	0 (6)	142222710	т
Milk, mi , milk o Fluid milk		361 397 330 401	402 461 467 353 213 192 173 204 184	371 343 279 205 158 117 128 156 205	242
Milk Total		618 404 353 433	432 504 519 388 243 243 203 180 193	402 387 316 224 182 130 139 166	566
Total (calcium equivalent³)		492 466 421 508	515 577 626 494 359 306 277 313	465 470 405 303 303 272 272 209 214 248 289	352
Individuals	Number	, 478 5264 437 469	216 313 400 287 770 784 634 127	241 309 402 402 337 949 792 377	79,620
Sex and age :)		Males and females: Under 1	Males: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64 75 and over	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	All individuals

Excludes 36 breast-fed infants. Excludes 4 breast-fed infants. Less than 0.5 g but more than 0.7 Excludes 40 breast-fed infants. ¹Quantities given are for foods as ingested; no inedible parts are included. Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview. ³Calcium equivalent is quantity of whole fluid milk to which dairy products (except butter) are equivalent in calcium content.

TABLE 1.2b.--MILK, MILK PRODUCTS; EGGS; LEGUMES, NUTS, SEEDS Individuals using 1 in a day, spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

• •	•••			Milk, mil	milk products				legumes
Sex and age (years)	Individuals:	Total	Milk Total:	Fluic milk	drinks Yogurt	Cream, milk desserts	. Cheese	Eggs	nuts,
	Number -				Percent-	ent		6	
Males and females:	6	c c	c c	c c	Ç	L	c	C	L e
1-2.	° 78 4 264	92.2 93.4	92.2	90.5	9*	19.3	21.7	33.3	22.8
3-5	437	91.7	87.8	85.6	က္	21.8	21.0	33.6	30.7
0-8	469	93.4	90°2	88.5	1.2	25.0	19.7	24.3	29.4
Males:									
9-11	216	92.9	7.06	87.9	್ಯ	24.3	16.1	26.4	28.0
12-14	313	90.2	86.3	81.1	4.	23.0	14.5	28.8	27.5
15–18	400	တို့ ဦ	77.3	75.7	7.0	27.9	20.7	30.4	20.9
19-22	287	81.6	74.3	69.7	۲. د د د	16.4	26.0	30.1	1/./
23-34	770	73.0	ကို သ	53.6	2.9	21.9	28.3	33.7	19.7
35-50	784	75.8	57.6	56.5	φ,	24.1	27.0	တ္ (22.5
51-64	634	φ.	61.8	60.9	I.1	26.2	25.9	40.1	20.5
05-/4	282	αI.σ.	7.17	4.07	ກໍ່ເ	75.1	24.8	4/•/	7.61
/5 and over	171	20.7	6.70	2.00	0	Z2• Z	7*67	01.0	50.3
Females:									
9-11	241	92.5	88.8	86.8	0	25.6	16.8	19.7	30.6
12-14	309	9.38	80.9	76.2	က့	22.7	22.8	23.4	21.0
15-18	402	85.4	74.7	69.2	2.0	24.2	24.9	25.5	18.0
19-22	337	78.1	65.1	62.3	1.9	18.3	56.9	27.2	14.3
23-34	949	/4.3	9.89	54.5	3.4	18.8	28.5	31.3	18.2
35-50	942	73.0	.52°5	52.6	2.8	21.4	28.0	28.0	17.4
51-64	792	73.9	58.2	26.0	2.5	21.1	26.8	33.2	17.1
65-74	377	80.3	68.4	67.3	2.7	26.9	25.6	32.9	11.7
75 and over	197	84.2	73.1	71.4	2.0	28.4	24.5	32.2	9°6
All individuals	5 a 620	80.7	889	65.0	1.7	22.8	7 70	31 0	200
					•	7		1	
			-		- L				
* User is an individual reporting Rased on 24-hour dietary recall	viduai reportin r dietarv recal			item. interview.	5 Excludes		4 breast-fed infants.		
Froludes 36 the	act-fed infants						ייין מווגי	•	
200000000000000000000000000000000000000	מסני וכמ וווו מיורים								

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

TABLE 1.2c.--MILK, MILK PRODUCTS, EGGS, LEGUMES, NUTS, SELDS Average intake per user¹ in a day,² spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

Sex and age : (years)	: Individuals :	fotal (calcium equivalent³)	Total	Fluid : milk :	d : Yogurt :	Cream, milk desserts	Cheese	Eggs	nuts, seeds
	Number		8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	Gra	шS	5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	8 8 8	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
Males and females: Under 1 1-2. 3-5.	478 5264 437	531 500 459	667 443 401	596 438 385	0 196 363	102 77 104	22 37 41	44 61 67	442 93 62
6-8	469	544	479	453	182	102	49	73	87
Males: 9-11.	216	554	477	457	256	158	52	86	<u> </u>
12-14	313	641	584	268	154	149	59	98	115
15-18	400	728	672	616	23C	120	62	103	157
19-22	287	909	523	507	235	137	56	107	166
25-5435-50	784	400	354	330	188	122	0 89	104	190
51-64	634	356	291	285	174	112	65	68	157
65-74	295	385	305	290	52	118	56	76	156
75 and over	127	364	283	277	0	119	70	80	104
Females:	241	503	75.2	707	c	110	70	7.0	801
3-14	300	531	478	45.0	168	144	7 12	81	117
15-12	40%	474	423	403	159	121	45	200	120
19-22	337	387	343	329	221	108	67	96	133
23-34	949	366	309	589	221	95	65	83	113
35-50	942	586	236	223	193	93	63	82	122
51-64	792	589	239	229	179	102	69	73	113
65-74	377	309	242	232	141	100	54	99	126
75 and over	197	342	292	288	99	91	က္ဆ	59	87
All individuals	069-69	436	387	367	199	113	62	98	127

*Excludes 36 breast-fed infants. Excludes 4 breast-fed infants. Excludes 40 breast-fed infants. ¹ User is an individual reporting a specified food item.
² Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.
³ Calcium equivalent is quantity of whole fluid milk to which dairy products (except butter) are equivalent in calcium

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

content.

TAELE 1.3a.--CRAIN PRODUCTS; FATS, OILS
Average intake¹ per individual in a day,² spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

Sex and age (years) Individuals Total: Frolls, solds Other: Gereals Fractor of the mainly Total: Table in Salad of the solds					_	products				Fats, 0	oils
Number Section Crams Crams Crams Crams Section Sec	Sex and age (years)	Individuals	Total	Bread, rolls, biscuits		Cereal Total	pasta dy-to eat reals	Mixtures mainly grain	Total		Salad dressin
\$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc		Number	8 9 6 6 8	0 8 8 9 8 8 8 8	1 5 6 1 1 1 1	Cram	S		\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 5
216 238 67 56 51 20 64 11 5 313 288 76 80 57 22 74 12 8 400 303 91 77 53 19 82 16 8 287 253 84 53 64 9 52 17 9 770 256 82 60 40 7 74 18 8 784 234 82 66 40 7 74 18 8 634 229 78 82 64 7 74 18 8 634 229 74 7 74 18 8 8 8 19 19 10 8 10 8 10 8 10 8 10 8 10	0		42 158 181 206	27 46 53	24 37 56	30 44 54 60	25 14 16 19	63 38 38	H 70 80 90 H	5 2 3	(t 3 3 1)
241 214 58 59 44 21 52 10 4 309 235 57 61 45 12 72 11 5 402 196 57 43 41 10 55 12 6 337 161 44 36 33 7 48 13 5 949 163 49 38 32 6 44 15 5 942 161 49 37 32 7 43 14 5 792 155 57 42 47 12 22 14 8 197 178 54 44 58 11 22 14 8	Nales: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64 65-74	216 313 400 287 770 770 784 634 634	238 256 256 256 279 237 196	67 76 91 84 82 82 71 70	56 53 57 57 50 50 50	51 53 64 40 44 48 69 69	20 22 22 19 9 7 7 7 10 15	64 74 74 74 74 19	11 12 16 17 18 17 14	10889988	υ 4∞ΦΘ∞∞ΦΛ
69,620 204 62 49 44 11 49 14 6	Females: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64 65-74	241 309 402 337 949 942 772 377	214 235 196 161 163 161 155 175	858 777 744 749 752 753	59 61 43 36 37 44 44	44 45 41 32 32 36 47 58	21 10 7 6 7 7 11	55 72 72 44 44 72 72 73	110 112 113 114 113 113	45055500	199788744
	All individuals	69,620	204	29	49	44	11	49	14	9	9

*Less than 0.5 g but more than 0.5 Excludes 4 breast-fed infants.6 Excludes 40 breast-fed infants. 1 Quantities given are for foods as ingested; no inedible parts are included. 2 Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview. 3 Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 1.3b.--GRAIN PRCDUCTS; FATS, OILS Individuals using 1 in a day, 2 spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

	٠			ı						
Sex and age (years)	Individuals	Total	Bread, rolls, biscuits	Other baked goods	Cereal Total	Ready-to- eat cereals	Mixtures mainly grain	Total		Salad dressing
	Number	1 1 1 1	8 8 8 8 8		8 8 8 8 8 8	Percent	nt			
Males and females:	378	81.9	3,00	22.0	76.1	71.1	4.9	0,3	7.5	1.8
1-2	4 264	98.1	67.9	56.8	69.5	51.4	35.7	45.0	36.2	11.1
3-5	437	8.66	78.1	60.7	66.1	50.3	26.9	53.0	40.6	19.5
9-9	469	66°,7	90.8	67.3	68.7	54.1	20.5	53.3	40.3	22.4
Males:	210	6	0.10	0 03	6 3 2	1 1	01 0	7	30 1	21 5
9-11.	017	000	7.00	0.00	0 0	1000	7.1.0) U) C	21.6
12-14	313	1.68	83.2	00000	2.50	44.0	7.17	1.10	0.74	0.12
15-18	400	98.0	80.	55.6	49.6	36.8	23.8	53./	38.2	6.07
19-22	287	95.8	81.3	46.4	34.5	17.8	14.0	58.5	41./	2.62
23-34	770	94.5	80.1	51.2	27.8	15.8	22.4	61.2	44.0	30.0
35-50	784	96.3	84.1	51.7	31.8	15.4	15.5	0.99	48.0	29.7
51-64	634	95.1	85.5	51.9	38.2	24.0	14.4	2.99	49.5	28.1
65-74	295	98.7	87.3	59.4	56.0	36.8	11.1	70.0	55.4	27.1
75 and over	127	100°C	85.1	52.3	56.3	32.7	7.6	64.9	56.5	11.2
Females:										
9-11	241	99.3	82.2	63.7	60.3	50.9	23.3	53.3	41.4	24.2
12-14	309	9.96	77.3	60.3	46.2	31.9	25.1	47.6	34.0	23.6
15-18	402	96.2	76.4	53.9	36.3	24.3	20.1	57.2	41.2	26.9
19-22	337	88.7	89	44.6	27.9	18.7	20.3	52.5	36.3	27.1
23-34	949	91.7	73.4	44.8	28.8	16.5	20.4	61.3	38.6	33.5
35-50	942	92.1	74.3	45.4	30.9	18.3	17.5	64.3	42.3	33.5
51-64	792	95.9	80.7	50.0	36.4	22.6	11.0	67.3	47.1	29.7
65-74	377	97.7	84.7	51.9	50.8	34.2	13.0	69.1	51.4	26.1
75 and over	197	99.1	86.8	53,3	55.4	36.0	6.6	69.1	2.99	16.3
All individuals	59,620	95.7	78.9	52.7	45.4	28.5	18.7	60.3	43.4	26.9

⁴ Excludes 4 breast-fed infants. ⁵ Excludes 40 breast-fed infants. ¹User is an individual reporting a specified food item.
²Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.
³Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 1.3c.--GRAIN PRODUCTS; FATS, OILS
Average intake¹ per user² in a day, ³ spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

	Salad dressing		19 13 16 17	22 30 30 24 28 28 21	20 21 21 24 23 23 22	24	
s. oils	ole ts		8 8 8 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	113 116 22 22 118 119 117	10 14 14 13 13 13 14	15	
Fats.	Total		6 10 15 17	119 20 29 29 27 24 21	25 22 22 22 22 22 20	23	infants. nfants. infants.
	Mixtures : grain		49 176 167 184	300 274 345 370 323 323 310 237	226 235 239 247 245 222 222	260	36 breast-fed infants. 4 breast-fed infants. 40 breast-fed infants
	S. pastas: Ready-to-: eat: cereals:		35 28 31 36	33 33 34 37	38 38 4 4 5 8 3 8 4 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	39	Excludes 36 Excludes 4 b Excludes 40
Grain products	-	Grams	40 63 81 87	78 108 108 185 142 139 124 103	74 97 112 119 110 105 98 93	105	# 10 00 # 10 00
Crain	Other : goods :	8 6 6 6 6	22 43 61 83	89 122 138 115 118 111 110 96	93 101 80 80 85 81 82 82	93	inedible
	Bread, rolls, biscuits		32 40 59 66	79 92 112 104 102 97 81	70 74 75 64 67 67 67 62	78	ingested; no inedib specified food item
	Total	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	51 161 182 206	240 291 309 264 271 243 243 196	215 243 204 182 177 175 179 180	213	a a S
	Individuals	Number	*78 5 264 437 469	216 313 400 267 770 784 634 295	241 309 402 337 337 942 792 377	69,620	are for foods dual reporting
•	Sex and age : I (years)		Males and females: Under 1 3-5	Males: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 23-36 51-64 55-74	Females: 9-11 12-14 15-14 15-22 23-34 23-50 51-64 75 and over.	All individuals	1 Quantities given are parts are included.

parts are included.

²User is an individual reporting a specified food item.

³Based on 24-hour recall of day preceding interview.

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78,

48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

TABLE 1.4a.--VEGETABLES; BEVERAGES
Average intake¹ per individual in a day,² spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

	lic ges Eeer, ale	5 8 8 8	0-100	0 0 111 181 153 78 49	10 221 224 224 7	51
	Alcoholic beverages : Eee Total: al		0 (0)	(°) 0 12 214 203 203 100 52 28	0 11 13 25 78 78 43 25 10	63
	Fruit drinks,		27 37 36 44	48 47 47 20 20 11 12 22	38 61 44 30 23 13 13 13	29
ses	Soft :		15 106 163 182	197 198 379 355 284 180 96 72	231 239 263 283 234 150 88 53 42	185
Beverages	Nonalcoholic beverages Soft Coffee: Tea: drinks:	6 8 1 1 2	38 38 44	52 111 110 140 167 167 137 99	68 71 105 112 163 185 175 175 134	129
		1 1 1 1 1	0 1 0 2	16 16 49 124 297 494 464 450	3 10 109 273 432 464 390 337	262
	Total:	1	50 177 237 272	303 371 602 657 772 836 801 687 596	340 381 466 534 694 786 740 611	604
	Total	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	50 178 238 272	303 371 614 871 974 1,017 739 624	340 382 479 559 772 829 765 621	299
	Other vege- tables	Grams-	43 42 63	64 84 84 96 94 118 126 150 124	66 64 77 77 91 94 122 122	66
	Deep 3:		0 m m	4 6 6 7 7 7 7	7	∞
les	Dark 3: green : y		1047	4 11 10 10 7 7 9 11 11 18	7 10 11 8 8 8 14 11 13	6
Vegetables	Tomatoes:	. 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	4 15 9	10 17 13 22 27 27 26 30	11 17 21 21 25 27 27 21	22
	White ": potatoes ::	8 8 8 8 8 8	13 29 36 50	55 65 89 90 86 85 71	51 63 63 63 64 74 65 63	64
	Total	0 8 0 8 8 8	76 91 100 136	138 184 216 226 226 248 261 285 265	135 154 178 178 184 187 229 221	201
	Individuals	Number	*78 *264 437 469	216 313 400 287 770 784 634 295	241 309 402 337 337 949 942 772 377	79,620
	Sex and age : I		Males and females: Under 1	Males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	All individuals

¹Quantities given are for foods as ingested; no inedible
parts are included.
²Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.
³Includes mixtures.

USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

Source:

^{*}Excludes 36 breast-fed infants. *Excludes 4 breast-fed infants. *Eless than 0.5 g but more than 0.7 Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 1.4b.--VEGETABLES; BEVERAGES Individuals using 1 in a day, 2 spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

Individuals Total White William Well- We					Vegetables	bles		• • • • •			44	Eeve rages	se			
Number N		Individuals	m	Ι ω	Tomatoes ³	een	Deep 3	Other vese- tables	Total		Coffee:		t nks	Fruit rinks, ades	6 2	olic ages Beer, ale
** 66.7		Number	8 8 2 8 8	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	8 8 8 8 8 9 8	1 1 1 1 2 1 1		Percent	8 8 8 8	1 1 1 1	8 8 8 8		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 6 0		1
216 83.5 56.0 17.4 4.6 6.4 64.2 65.6 6.5.6 2.7 14.8 47.6 15.4 .6 313 84.5 51.9 24.1 8.0 9.6 63.2 68.8 68.8 4.8 25.5 44.0 10.0 1.9 1.0	Under 1	⁴ 78 5264 437 469	62.7 78.0 79.3 84.3	11.9 45.4 47.5	2.2 9.1 21.3 17.5	1.6.4 4.0.0	19.4 10.0 7.4 8.2	42.2 52.5 55.1 64.2	23.1 57.3 63.4 67.3	23.1 57.3 63.4 67.3		0110 -1 -1	40,00	6.8 13.2 12.0 14.6	0 0 0	0 .0
241 83.7 52.9 21.4 6.5 8.1 67.5 69.0 69.0 2.2 17.1 52.0 12.1 0 309 84.6 54.1 21.9 7.5 6.8 59.5 74.9 74.2 3.4 18.8 52.5 17.8 1.0 402 83.8 49.3 25.1 8.6 7.2 61.9 75.4 74.8 11.6 23.7 55.6 11.8 3.2 337 81.1 47.1 23.0 4.9 6.1 66.6 81.1 80.0 25.4 25.5 53.4 9.4 6.1 949 84.7 44.3 27.4 6.8 7.5 70.1 99.8 89.6 47.0 33.9 52.3 7.7 14.1 942 84.6 42.0 27.3 6.8 7.5 70.1 99.8 89.6 47.0 33.9 52.3 7.7 14.1 942 84.6 42.0 27.3 6.8 7.5 70.1 90.8 89.6 47.0 33.9 52.2 6.1 12.8 377 87.2 23.2 10.1 13.4 75.7 96.2 95.7 81.9 39.0 14.8 5.6 4.3 197 88.1 39.2 21.4 9.9 12.0 68.5 91.2 90.7 76.4 33.4 14.2 4.8 5.7 • 69,620 85.6 47.9 23.5 7.3 8.2 69.0 84.3 83.5 45.3 27.9 40.4 8.5 10.4	111. 118. 118. 118. 50. 50.	216 313 400 287 770 784 634 295	888888888 647.4888888888 7.488888888888888888888888	50 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	17. 20.2 20.2 20.5 22.7 30.1 30.1	4 8 7 2 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	6.4 9.6 8.1 7.2 7.2 8.6 11.8	64.2 63.2 63.2 63.2 72.2 74.0 77.6	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	655 665 828 877 77.8 87.6 992.1		2184278	447.6 44.0 60.2 51.6 54.1 16.7	15.4 16.0 14.4 6.5 5.7 5.9 3.6	6 19 18.8 24.1 24.1 24.4 19.1 11.9	0 1.7 16.0 17.9 16.6 11.0 8.6 5.5
⁶ 9,620 85.6 47.9 23:5 7.3 8.2 69.0 84.3 83.5 45.3 27.9 40.4 8.5 10.4	males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64. 75 and over.	241 309 402 337 349 942 792 377	83.7 83.8 81.1 81.1 84.7 89.8 87.2 887.2	552 440.1 47.1 44.3 30.0 30.0 8	22222222222222222222222222222222222222	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	8.1 6.8 7.2 7.5 7.5 13.4	67.5 61.9 61.9 66.6 70.1 70.8 75.7	0.47 0.45 0.47 0.08 0.08 0.09 0.09 0.09	69.0 74.2 74.8 80.0 89.6 992.8 995.7	749408964	187268304		12.1 17.8 11.8 11.8 7.7 7.7 6.1 4.4	0 3.2 3.2 6.1 12.8 12.8 9.7 4.3	
	Il individuals	တိ	85.6	47.9	23.5	7.3	8.2	0.69	84.3	č			40.4	°.	10.4	5.0

User is an individual reporting a specified food item. 4 Excludes 36 t 2 Eased on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview. 5 Excludes 4 bu 3 Includes mixtures.

b Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.
Excludes 4 breast-fed infants.
Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 1.4c.--VEGETABLES; BEVERAGES
Average intake 1 per user 2 in a day, 3 spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

	olic	ale ale			0	98	0	C	0	633	1,252	924	710	574	448	•	0 0	693	552	867	690	516	412	998	
	: Alcoholic : beverages	. Total:			0	98	0	37	<u> </u>	611	1,138	743	522	440	355		111	394	396	555	336	235	187	598	
	S	: drinks,			413	281 30 4	302	313	294	444	585 117	345	357	353	797		312	375	321	298	314	300	275	337	
iges	beverage	SOTT drinks			127	269 340	365	413	448	630	688 525	523	382	432	765	•	446 455	474	530	448	347	359	292	458	
Beverages	Nonalcoholic	. Tea :			111	229 294	310	340	433	493	598 572	515	489	414	39/	(380	444	440	481	465	387	400	461	
	Nonalc	Coffee			0	66	176	265	333	347	208	629	640	556	/10	1	145 298	467	426	582	568	477	442	579	
		Total			215	309	404	462	540	728	846	606	860	743	040		494	623	899	774	787	638	580	724	
	: Total:				215	310 375	404	462	540	742	1,050	1,089	096	96/	0/0	4 (510	636	688	850	88/	647	589	791	
	other vege-	tables	Gramo.		102	77	86	66	132	142	148	170	193	195	001	1	107	124	137	135	155	161	137	143	
	Deep yellow [†]				9/	76 43	79	65	67	79	9/	112	144	131	75	9	4 G XX XX	82	55	94	106	115	66	93	
oles	. Dark .: green [†] :				71	41	160	87	150	157	176	144	125	115	171	e e e	129	133	161	128	113	109	130	127	
Vegetables	Tomatoes ⁴				159	63	52	20	92	68	103	107	118	ως. Σ	100	Ĺ	10	. 8	92	93	113	91	121	94	
	White potatoes ".	• • • •			113	64 75	92	0	125	155	169	173	168	1/8	7/1	1	110	127	128	116	133	137	135	133	
	: Total ⁴ :				121	116 126	161	165	217	251	797	300	316	300	197	,	183	212	227	221	221 255	253	226	235	
	Individuals		N odm:N	i adilinu	578	° 264 437	469	216	313	400	720	784	634	295	171	4	309	402	337	949	942 792	377	197	79,620	
	Sex and age :	(years)	••		Males and females: Under 1	3-5.		Males:	12-14	15-18	19-22	35-50	51-64		/s and over	Females:	12_14	15-18.	19-22	23-34	51-64	65-74	75 and over	All individuals	

"Includes mixtures.

5Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

6Excludes 4 breast-fed infants.

7Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 1.5a.--FRUITS; SUGAR, SWEETS
Average intake per individual in a day, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

xtures, juices Other fruits,: mainly fruit:: 32 33 34 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40
--

¹Quantities given are for foods as ingested; no inedible parts are included.

²Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.

³Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

*Excludes 4 breast-fed infants. 5Less than 0.5 g but more than 0. 6Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 1.5b.--FRUITS; SUGAR, SWEETS
Individuals using 1 in a day, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

••			1 1			F					Sug	Sugar, sweets	S
Sex and age : In (years)	Individuals	Total	Citrus 1 juic Total:	fruits,: ces Juices	Dried :	Total:	Other Apples :	Bananas:	mixtures, juices :Other fruits,: nixtures : mainly fruit	Noncitrus juices, nectars	Total	Sugar	Candy
	Number	8 8 8 8 8 8	8 8 6 8 8			6 6 8 8 8 8	Percent			8 8 8 8 8 8 8	8 6 8 8 8 8		6 8 8 6 8
Males and females: Under 1	3 78 +264 437 469	86.8 62.9 56.1	15.0 30.5 30.1 34.4	15.0 27.4 27.6 30.2	0.8 2.4 .9	83.4 45.5 36.4	28.2 15.2 12.8 11.6	28.7 12.4 7.7 6.2	52.2 23.0 18.4 24.1	23.6 14.1 8.8 7.3	16.7 46.2 55.6 55.6	10.3 24.0 27.1 31.9	0.00.00
Males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	216 313 400 287 770 784 634 295	50.5 51.2 47.0 46.4 46.4 62.2 62.2	28.7 29.9 32.1 21.6 28.3 28.7 40.0 39.8	23.5 27.7 17.0 24.5 23.2 29.0 26.2	4 8 7 2 4 9 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	35.5 35.1 26.2 26.9 27.5 40.6 50.1	10.5 11.7 11.7 8.4 8.4 7.6 10.1 6.4	4.7 4.7 5.3 5.3 6.3 13.1 11.0	20.9 20.3 16.3 14.6 15.3 16.8 24.9 29.2	0 1 4 4 4 4 6 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	61.9 55.8 55.8 402.1 402.1 57.3 67.2 66.6	31.7 31.4 37.4 26.8 36.7 46.9 40.9 49.3	115. 20.00 44.40 14.40 4.40
Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	241 309 402 402 337 949 942 . 792 . 377	59.7 48.0 49.9 47.7 47.7 66.7 69.3	37.9 28.2 29.2 30.6 34.3 46.2 47.4 43.9	33.1 23.3 25.2 27.0 27.0 23.6 33.6 31.0	1.0 1.2 1.2 3.4 5.3	38.0 32.1 31.7 25.5 29.8 32.0 41.1 46.9	15.5 10.9 9.0 8.5 9.1 9.0 11.8	2.2 2.2 2.2 4.3 10.7 114.4	23.3 16.8 19.5 15.2 18.0 24.2 31.7		57.2 49.1 42.6 41.3 50.9 55.0 57.4 57.8	29.2 25.6 23.3 33.4 42.7 42.7 36.9 38.2	16.7 10.6 10.4 10.4 10.8 10.8 10.8 10.8 10.8
All individuals	59,620	54.2	33.4	27.2	1.4	34.9	10.2	7.5	20.9	4.5	53.0	35.9	6.2

¹User is an individual reporting a specified food item.
²Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.
³Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

^{*}Excludes 4 breast-fed infants. *Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 1.5c.--FRUITS; SUGAR, SWEETS

Average intake per user in a day, spring 1977

48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

ts	Candy		0 51 37 50	68 64 64 64 64 65 64 65 64 68 68 68	55 55 57 48 39 48 78 78 78	20
Sugar, sweets	Sugar		7 10 11 10	11 16 16 17 17 14 12	11 11 11 12 12 12 12 12	14
Su	Total		44 45 45 45	55 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 7	04450 74450 75450 75450 75450	43
	Noncitrus juices, nectars		135 193 212 233	289 187 249 242 310 274 177 156	219 207 269 248 322 201 1199 164	227
	mixtures, juices : Other fruits, : mixtures : mainly fruit :	1 1 1 1 5 6 5 1 1	127 137 163 168	162 194 200 200 191 194 178	155 189 171 239 170 180 167	181
	fruits, mi Bananas	Grans	108 100 112 119	132 112 112 115 115 1134 113 113 129	136 113 102 114 116 106 96	112
Fruits	Other Apples		88 111 138 141	139 169 171 159 166 147 188 121 257	134 165 182 147 160 131 157 137	153
L.,	Total		184 193 205 200	201 177 216 218 237 198 221 221 220	185 199 201 242 219 193 200 189 208	206
	Dried fruits		30 30 53	25 28 28 28 52 60 60 55	18 63 185 24 26 50 53 45	49
	fruits, ces Juices		101 186 188 204	205 200 261 285 285 285 218 199 205	196 189 194 226 197 210 189 178	208
	Citrus jui Total:		101 187 193 205	212 194 269 230 274 211 201 201 208	203 207 207 233 199 208 190 188	509
	Total	1 1 1 1 1	196 231 239 253	263 236 313 271 305 262 275 281 197	247 247 251 258 255 256 259 259	263
	Individuals	Number	⁴ 78 · 437 469	216 313 400 287 770 770 784 334 295	241 309 402 402 337 942 792 377	69,620
	Sex and age : I (years)		Males and females: Under 1 1-2 3-5	Males: 9.11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	All individuals

¹ Quantities given are for foods as ingested; no inedible
parts are included.
2 User is an individual reporting a specified food item.
3 based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.

USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

Source:

^{*}Excludes 36 breast-fed infants. *Excludes 4 breast-fed infants. *Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.

Percentage contribution of 14 food groups per individual in a day, spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes TABLE 2.1.--FOOD ENERGY

Males and females: 376 100 54.3 Under 1 *264 100 24.5 3-5		,	nuts, seeds	prod-:	fruits, tomatoes	citrus	Dark : green, deep	. White potatoes, viandas	Other: vege- tables:	Fats,: oils:	Sugar,:sweets:	Non-: alco-: holic:	Alco- holic
	7.8 19.0 21.1 22.1	1.1 3.2 2.9 1.8	99.00 99.00 10.00	11.4 24.6 27.4 28.8	1.3	10.6	0.0	1444 Swww	2.1 1.9 2.2	0.0 2.0 3.0 4.0	1.8 8.0.8 5.0.0	1.0.0.0 2.0.0.0 4.0.0.0	(5)
Males: 9-11	255.25 4.28 3.00.8 3.00.8 2.22.8 2.00.8 3.00.8	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	%%%%%%%%%% 40%%%%%%%%%%%	27.7 30.0 26.8 24.0 24.5 24.0 26.7 25.7	0.522002857	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 4 4 8 2 6 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	ท่างสานสานาต่อ	44400000000000000000000000000000000000	1.0.0.0.0.0.4.4.4 2.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	www.q4444 01100017774	4.6.2.2.2.2.6.4 4.0.0.2.2.0.0.2.2.0	1.22.00 0.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.	(5) 000 23.22 23.88 2.77 7.77
Females: 241 100 17.3 12-14. 309 100 17.3 15-14. 309 100 17.3 15-18. 337 100 14.1 23-34. 949 100 12.2 35-50. 942 100 10.5 51-64. 377 100 12.6 75 and over 197 100 15.5	22222222222222222222222222222222222222	222222 22222 22222 22222 2222 2222 2222 2222	2,2 2,2 1,2 1,3 1,6 1,6	29.3 22.5 22.5 22.5 23.6 27.8 27.8 27.8	, i, v,	2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,	4	4 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	<u> </u>	4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.	2.7.7.2 2.3.3.3.3.2.2 2.7.7.2.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.	0
All individuals ⁶ 9,620 100 13.8	28.2	2.6	2.4	25.2	2.4	2.8	ů.	4.8	3,3	4.3	2.9	4.9	1.6

interview.
² Percentages may not add to 100 because of rounding.
³ Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

Percentage contribution of 14 food groups per individual in a day, spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes TABLE 2.2.--PROTLIN

females: 378 100 61.5 5.264 100 32.8 437 100 26.5 469 100 26.7 216 100 22.9 313 100 21.8 400 100 20.1 287 100 16.7	4 th 4 th 10 th 10 th	5.8			deep :	viandas	tables:	• • • • •	holic	
1	ന് ന് ന	3.2	9.3 0.7 19.0 1.6 20.1 1.3	1.6		0.7 2.2 2.2	2.8 (*) 2.2 0.1 2.0 .1 2.0 .1	0.2	(, t) 0.1 1.1	o (†) o
23-34	50.9 50.9 50.9 53.8 63.1 63.1 67.5 6.1	4 m q q q m m q q q 0 m m m m m 0 0 m m	20.8 22.3 19.6 18.0 18.0 17.0 17.0 17.2 18.9 18.4	24.6.04.4.0.0.0		7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,	144444 800w89994		1111444444	0 (t) 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
Females: 241 100 22.6 41. 12-14. 309 100 22.4 41. 15-18. 309 100 22.4 41. 15-18. 309 100 19.8 46. 19-22. 33.7 100 17.9 48. 23-34. 949 100 12.7 52. 51.64. 377 100 13.5 50. 65-74. 377 100 20.3 41.	41.3 2.4 46.1 3.2 46.1 3.2 48.3 4.3 49.6 4.3 52.5 4.2 46.1 4.3 41.9 4.4	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	20.8 1.0 12.7 17.9 17.9 17.6 17.3 16.9 1.8 20.8 1.9 1.9	247.997.8961.1	44៧4៧៧១៧១	72.67.72.72.72.4 4.00.00.44.14	27.17.27.27.27.27.27.27.27.27.27.20.31.1.25.20.31.25.20.31.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.		117664664	(+,2,1,2,3,1,4)
All individuals ⁶ 9,620 100 17.6 47.3 ¹ Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding	47.3 4.2 eding	± 10	18.7 1.2 Less than 0.05%	1.2 .6 .5	.5 han 0.	2.5	2.9	4.	2.	2.

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

Percentage contribution of 14 food groups per individual in a day, spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes TAELE 2.3. -- FAT

12.9 2.4 5.8 15.5 10.5 1.1 1.1 1.4 1.0 1.2 1.2 2.4 5.5 3.1 15.5 10.5 1.1 1.1 1.4 1.0 1.2 2.4 5.8 1.2 1.2 2.4 1.3 1.5 1.2 2.4 1.5 1.5 1.2 2.4 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5		1			- uoN	^	Vegetables		 	<u></u>
12.9 2.4 5.8 5.5 0.5 1.1 0.1 1.1 1.4 6.0 (**) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	= = > ::	·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·				Dark green, deep yellow	White potatoes, viandas	Other vege- tables	 	
36.4 4.0 4.9 15.4 .1 .2 .1 5.3 1.7 7.9 1.6 0 37.6 4.1 3.4 18.1 .1 .3 .4 5.0 2.2 7.6 1.1 0 44.4 3.7 2.2 16.6 .2 .1 .2 .1 .2 5.7 2.3 8.2 .7 0 44.4 3.7 2.2 16.6 .2 .3 .5 .3 .4 5.0 2.2 7.6 1.1 0 44.7 4.1 2.2 15.2 .3 .4 .3 .4 .3 .4 .3 .4 .3 .6 .0 0.4 (*) 45.8 4.8 2.4 13.1 .2 .4 .4 .3 .4 .4 .3 .4 .3 .4 .9 10.2 .2 (*) 42.2 5.5 1.7 1.6 .2 .3 .4 4.7 4.5 10.6 .8 (*) 42.2 5.5 1.7 17.6 .2 .3 .3 .4 6.0 1.8 7.4 10.0 (*) 35.4 2.6 4.7 17.6 .2 .3 .3 .4 6.5 2.5 9.2 11.0 (*) 42.3 4.8 1.9 13.7 .4 .5 .4 4.8 3.8 11.2 .7 (*) 42.4 4.3 2.3 13.5 .4 6.5 3.8 4.9 12.0 .4 (*) 42.5 4.2 1.5 16.0 .6 .9 .8 .4 4.8 3.3 11.2 .7 (*) 41.2 4.4 2.6 14.8 .3 .5 .4 4.8 3.3 9.9 .7 (*)	67.9 30.3 24.5 24.3	12.9 29.9 32.9 34.7	5.8 3.1 4.1 4.1			0.1	1.1 5.0 5.0	2.09		0000
35.4 2.6 4.7 17.6 .2 .5 .3 5.6 1.8 7.4 1.0 (4) 36.6 3.3 2.8 18.6 .3 .3 .4 6.0 1.8 7.4 1.0 (4) 36.1 3.1 2.7 16.4 .2 .9 .4 6.5 2.5 9.2 1.1 0. 42.2 4.8 1.3 14.1 .4 .5 .3 5.2 3.1 10.0 .4 (4) 42.3 4.8 1.9 13.7 .4 .5 .4 4.8 3.8 11.2 .7 (4) 45.4 4.3 2.3 13.5 .3 .8 .8 .4 4.2 3.9 11.7 .5 (4) 43.9 4.7 2.2 13.4 .6 .9 .5 3.8 4.8 12.1 .1 35.6 4.4 1.4 14.5 .4 .8 .5 .4 4.8 3.3 9.9 .7 (4)	21.9 19.9 18.2 16.0 13.1 12.2 13.9 15.2	36.4 37.6 41.7 44.4 44.7 46.8 46.3 42.2		15.4 18.1 16.6 14.8 13.2 13.4 13.1		1400000040		1.7.7.7.2.2.2.4.4.5.5.5.5.5.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9.9		
41.2 4.4 2.6 14.8 .3 .5 .4 4.8 3.3 9.9 .7 (*) (21.8 21.3 21.3 18.5 17.1 15.1 12.3 12.3 15.6	20.88.44.45.46.46.46.46.46.46.46.46.46.46.46.46.46.		17.6 18.6 16.4 13.7 13.5 13.5 14.0		ખે વવે ખે વવે પે જે જે	000044644 000084860	ี่ ผู้นักพูพูพูสุสพ พลกัปลอบสอ		00000000
	16.8	41.2 4.		14.8		4.	8.4	3,3		†) (†

interview.

2 Percentages may not add to 160 because of rounding.

3 Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78,

48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (FIGURERY).

Percentage contribution of 14 food groups per individual in a day, 1 spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes TABLE 2.4. -- CARBOHYDRATE

Sex and age : (years)	Individuals (number)	food ²	milk, prod-	Meat, poul-: try, fish	Eggs:	Legumes, nuts, seeds	Grain: prod-: ucts:	Citrus fruits, tomatoes	Non- citrus fruits	Dark green, deep	Vegetables White potatoes, viandas	Other: vege-	Fats,: oils:	Sugar, sweets	Beverages Non-: Alccalco-: holic:	Alco-holid
Males and females: Under 1	378 5264 437 469	1000	40.0 18.6 15.0	4.0.4.	0.1	2.1 8 0 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	17.1 35.8 40.1 41.8	2.2 5.3 4.6	21.7 10.1 6.7 5.6	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1.0.4°.	2.5.5	(*)	2.7 5.9 7.5 6.5	3.2 9.7 11.3	0 (t) 0
Males: 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	216 313 400 400 770 784 634 295	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	4.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	2.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	ท่าท่าน กัน กัน เม	0.000000000000000000000000000000000000	442.0 40.88 30.5 40.4 43.9		ი ო ო ო ო ო ფ ი ი ი 4 ഗ ი 4 8 ഗ ი ო ი	£ 9. 7. 4. 9. 7. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	2.0.0.8.7.8.0. 7.0.8.7.8.0.7.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.	2 2 3 3 4 3 5 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	ก่ก่ะเม่าก่อก่อน	7.39 6.44 7.33	10.5 10.3 115.3 12.6 12.6 6.1 5.0	(*)
Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	241 309 402 337 949 942 792 377	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	112.55 112.55 10.55 10.55 10.55 10.55	440000400 0010070000	u'u'u'd'd'd'u'u	11,22,22,20	444.05 2.05 2.05 2.05 2.05 2.05 2.05 4.05 2.05 2.05 2.05 2.05 2.05 2.05 2.05 2	4 6 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	44446.000000000000000000000000000000000		20.7.000.00 400.8.007.4.	2274474044 282728426	น่น์สุทั่นอันจ์กั	7.0.0.4.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.	11.7 14.2 15.8 10.3 10.3 4.4	0 (+) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*
All individuals	69,620	100	11.1	5.2	m.	2.3	39.6	5.2	5.8	φ.	9.9	4.5	5	0.9	10.5	1.2

^{&#}x27;Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.
'Percentages may not add to 100 because of rounding.
's Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

⁴ Less than 0.05% but more than 0.
5 Excludes 4 breast-fed infants.
6 Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.

Percentage contribution of 14 food groups per individual in a day, spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes TABLE 2.5.--CALCIUM

Sex and age : 1 (years)	Individuals: (number)	s: All food ²	Milk, milk prod-	Meat, poul- try, fish	Eggs S	Legumes, nuts, seeds	Grain: prod-: ucts	Citrus fruits, tomatoes	Non- citrus fruits	Dark green, deep syellow	Vegetables: White: potatoes, viandas	: Other : vege- : tables	. Fats,: oils:	Sugar, :sweets:	Beverages Non-: Alccalco-: holic:	ages Alco- holic
Males and females: Under 1	378 5264 437 469	100 100 100 100	72.9 67.7 62.4 63.7	2.3 3.5 4.7	0.5 2.8 3.1	1.5	14.0 14.9 18.7 18.7	0.3 1.6 1.6		0.5	1.2	1.3	(, 0.2	0.1 1.0 1.1	1.1	
ales: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	216 313 400 287 770 770 784 634 295	1000	61.0 56.2 52.8 48.3 39.5 37.2 40.2	5.3 7.4 10.5 10.0 6.0	V	11.22.22.10.33	19.7 13.3 13.3 22.2 25.6 25.6 25.7 25.0 25.0	1,1,1,2,1,3,4,1,3,4,1,3,4,1,3,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4	000000400	2.00 1.1.1 2.7.7.4 3.8 4.4 8.8	1.6 1.6 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.5 5.5	1.6 2.2.2.2.2.2.2.4.6.5.5.5.5.5.7.0.7.0.0.7.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	22.33.44.66.02.1	(t) (t)
Females: 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	241 309 402 337 349 942 792 377	1000	59.2 56.7 52.7 52.7 40.4 40.4 35.8 36.6 41.7	100.2 100.2 100.2 100.2 100.2 100.2 100.2	700000000000000000000000000000000000000	2,111122 2,000 1,1000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000	20.7 22.0 21.5 21.6 22.9 23.8 24.8 24.8	11.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.0	11.0 11.1 2.1 2.0 2.0 5.0	11.88	11.00.00.00 00.00 00.00 00.00 00	27774700//4 6-8087470	ww4ri0°0''00	11.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	1.5 2.2.3.4 2.3.9 2.3.9 2.3.9	0 (1, 4, 8, 7, 4, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,
All individuals ⁶ 9,620 100 45.8 8.4 Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding	69,620 dietary r	100 recall of	45.8	8.4	3,3	2.0	22.7 Less than	2.3	1.3	1.9	2.3	4.7	٠,	Φ.	3.0	9.

¹Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.

²Percentages may not add to 100 because of rounding.

³Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

Less than 0.03% but more than 0. Excludes 4 breast-fed infants. Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.

Percentage contribution of 14 food groups per individual in a day, spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes TABLE 2.6.--IRON

14.0

Alco-holic	0000		(1,1,2,4,5,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1	.2
Eeverages Non-: Alccalco-: holicholic:	0.3	44,44,44 44,44,44	1.6 2.2 2.2 4.5 5.5 5.6 6.3 6.3 7.4	တ္ကို
Sugar, sweets	12.00	22	2.20.1.44.7.7.7.88.88	1.3
Fats,	(+)	~-~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	m,
Other: vege- tables:	2.5 3.7 4.2		444.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000	5.7
Vegetables : White : potatoes, . viandas	0 w w w 6 4 w w	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	W444WWWWW Lun404NLW	3.6
V Dark: green, deep:	4.0.1.0.1	2.11 2.22 1.66 1.66 1.66	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1.3
Non- citrus fruits	94.4 9906	011101110004 000108008	77,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,	3,1
Citrus fruits, tomatoes	0.8 2.2 2.0 1.7	111122222 202232344		2.4
Grain: prod- ucts	45.9 42.4 42.5	441.0 441.0 83.7 83.7 83.9	22.00 28.00 28.00 38.00 38.00 38.00	33.1
: Legumies, : nuts, : seeds	5.2 3.7 4.0	นูนูนูนูนูนูนู ของกับเกิบ นาย ของกับเกิบ นาย	1,2 2,3 2,2 2,5 5,5 5,5 5,5 5,5 5,5 5,5 5,5 5,5	ى ت
E99s	32.50		00000000000000000000000000000000000000	4.2
Meat, : poul-: try, : fish :	7.5 22.6 25.9 27.7	30.4 35.4 39.1 38.3 37.4 32.2 30.9	28.9 31.4 33.7 37.2 35.4 35.5 27.2	33.8
Milk, : milk : prod-: ucts :	28.3 6.2 5.0	4448000000	444mmuuuuu uuommuu	സ്
. A11 food ² .	100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100 100 100	100
Individuals (number)	³ 78 264 437 469	216 313 400 287 770 774 634 634	241 309 402 337 949 942 772 197	69,620
Sex and age : I (years)	Males and females: Under 1	Males: 9-11 12-14 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64 65-74	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64. 75 and over.	All individuals

¹ Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding

interview.
² Percentages may not add to 100 because of rounding.
³ Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

^{*}Less than 0.05% but more than 0. 5Excludes 4 breast-fed infants. 6Excludes 40 breast-fed infants. Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

Percentage contribution of 14 food groups per individual in a day, spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes TABLE 2.7.--MAGNESIUM

0.1	(°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°	0 1221	1.6
1.7	2.0 3.1 4.0 11.9 16.8 17.3	2.5 3.0 5.7 9.6 15.1 21.2 21.0 19.0	12.2
0.4 1.7 1.3	011000000000000000000000000000000000000	8.11.8 7.5.7.7.8 8.7.7.5.7.	0
0	1122222	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	N.
44.0	445.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00	44.0.0.7. 8.0.0.7.7. 8.0.0.7.7.	6.1
0.0.0	6.1 7.4 7.2 7.2 5.8 5.4	67.7.7.0.0.4.0.4.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.	0.9
1.01.00.1.00	00000141119	1.1.2.0 2.1.1.2.0 2.5.5 2.88	1.7 ants. than 0. fants.
		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	3.5 -fed inf ut more t-fed in
. 44 E	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	444,040,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000	4.4 3.5 1. 4 breast-fed infants. 10.05% but more than 40 breast-fed infants
18.1 22.2 24.4 24.3	24.5 26.8 23.8 21.3 21.3 18.9 18.7 22.5	25.2 22.6 22.6 21.2 19.7 23.0 23.0 24.0	Excludes Less than
6.2 7.2 6.9	7.00.04.04.04.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4 8 9
0.5 2.1 2.0 1.2		111111111111111111111111111111111111111	1.6
5.8 11.4 14.5	16.4 17.0 19.7 21.2 20.2 20.9 19.2 16.9	15.2 17.3 19.1 20.7 20.0 19.3 17.6 114.2	18.0 ceding rounding.
51.3 34.9 28.6 29.0	27.1 25.2 23.4 19.0 13.3 11.0 10.4 12.6	25.6 25.5 22.0 17.6 10.3 10.1 12.3	day pre
1000	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	1000	100 ecall of 100 becants.
378 + 264 437 469	216 313 400 287 770 770 784 634	241 309 402 337 949 792 377	69,620 dietary re not add to st-fed infâ
lales and females: Under 1	lales: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	emales: 9-11. 12-14. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	11. individuals ⁶ 9,620 100 17.2 18.0 ¹ Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview. ² Percentages may not add to 100 because of roundi ³ Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.
	females: 378 100 51.3 5.8 0.5 6.2 18.1 1.3 8.3 1.6 1.6 4.2 0 0.4 0.6 5.3 4.0 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.0 28.6 14.5 2.0 7.2 24.4 4.5 4.5 1.0 5.5 4.3 .1 1.3 1.8 1.8 4.9 100 29.0 15.1 1.2 6.9 24.3 3.9 3.7 1.6 6.0 4.6 .1 1.5 1.8	** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	216         100         51.3         5.8         0.5         6.2         18.1         1.3         8.3         1.6         1.6         4.2         0         0.4         0.6         4.2         0         0.4         0.6         4.2         0         0.4         0.6         4.2         0         0.4         0.6         4.2         0         0.4         0.6         4.2         0         0.4         0.6         4.2         0         0.4         0.6         4.2         0         0.4         0.6         4.2         0         0.4         0.6         4.2         0         0.4         0.6         4.2         0         0.4         0.6         4.2         0         0.4         0.6         4.2         0         0.4         0.6         1.7         1.7         4.6         1.6         6.0         4.6         1.1         1.7         1.7         1.7         1.7         1.7         1.7         1.7         1.6         1.7         1.7         1.7         1.7         1.7         1.7         1.7         1.7         1.7         1.7         1.7         1.7         1.7         1.7         1.7         1.7         1.7         1.7         1.7         1.7

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TABLE 2.8.--PHOSPHORUS
Percentage contribution of 14 food groups per individual in a day, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

Nales and females:  """ 376   100   66.5   6.9   1.1   5.1   13.4   0.6   2.3   0.5   0.9   2.0   (*)   0.2   0.3   0.9    """ 376   100   47.7   15.9   4.4   2.8   17.5   1.9   1.9   1.9   2.8   2.4   0.1   0.9   1.0    """ 437   100   40.4   20.5   4.5   3.8   19.8   1.6   1.2   3.3   3.1   2.4   0.2   3.7   1.5   0.9    """ 437   100   40.4   20.5   4.5   3.8   19.8   1.6   1.2   3.3   3.1   2.4   2.2   7.7   1.5   0.9    """ 448   100   40.4   20.5   4.5   3.7   3.7   3.4   20.5   1.0   1.2   3.3   2.3   2.7   2.7   1.5   0.9    """ 451   100   37.2   23.5   3.6   4.0   20.4   1.2   1.0   1.6   3.5   2.7   2.7   1.3   1.6   0.9    """ 452   100   22.0   32.0   32.0   1.8   1.8   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5    """ 572   100   22.0   32.0   32.0   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5    """ 573   100   22.0   22.0   22.4   22.0   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5	Sex and age (years)	Individuals (number)	s: A11 : food ² :	Milk, milk, prod-:	Meat,: poul-: try, fish:	E99s : L	Legumes, nuts, seeds	Grain: prod-: ucts	Citrus fruits, tomatoes	Non- citrus fruits	Dark green, deep yellow	Vegetables White potatoes,	Other: vege- tables	Fats,	Sugar, sweets:	Bevera Non-: A alco-: h holic:	ages Alco- holic
216 100 37.2 23.5 3.6 4.0 20.4 1.2 1.0 .2 3.3 2.3 2.3 1.5 1.5 1.6 1.0 2.7 1.3 1.5 1.6 1.0 2.7 1.3 1.1 3.5 3.0 20.6 1.2 1.2 1.0 1.0 2.7 1.3 1.1 3.5 3.0 20.6 1.2 1.2 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.0 2.0 27.1 31.1 3.5 3.0 18.7 1.5 1.6 1.2 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	(ales and females: Under 1.2	378 5264 437 469	100 100 100 100	66.5 47.7 40.4 40.6	6.9 15.9 20.5 21.3	1.1	3,25° 3,30° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00° 1,00°	13.4. 17.5 19.8 20.3	0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	11.2	0 24.60	000000	2.2.2.4.4.0.7.	(#) 0.1 .2	2.0	11.50	0 + 0
241 100 36.5 22.6 2.4 4.9 21.0 1.5 .9 .4 3.7 2.8 .3 1.1 1.6 1.6 3.0 24.5 3.1 3.1 22.0 1.5 .8 .5 3.6 2.3 2.8 .3 .2 .8 2.3 .2 .8 2.3 3.4 4.4 2.8 1.0 31.7 27.5 3.3 2.6 19.4 1.7 1.1 .6 4.4 2.8 3.6 2.3 .7 3.4 4.4 2.8 18.1 1.0 .7 3.7 4.2 .6 .3 .4 4.4 4.4 3.4 4.4 3.4 18.7 2.3 1.2 .7 3.7 4.5 .6 .5 4.7 3.7 4.5 .6 .5 4.7 3.7 100 23.7 28.2 4.1 2.2 23.1 2.7 1.6 1.3 3.8 5.2 .6 .5 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6	144047 1047	216 313 400 400 770 784 634 127	100 100 100 100 100 100 100	37.52 37.52 37.14 27.11 19.60 21.90 21.90	23.5 27.8 31.1 32.0 34.6 29.8 28.1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4.0.0.0.4.0.0.0 0.4.0.0.0.1.0.7.7	202.0 202.0 18.7 19.5 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.6	700882007	1.00	7004.00007		99999999999999999999999999999999999999	иниима444	L & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &	11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	( m x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x
69,620 100 27.2 29.2 4.2 3.2 19.6 1.8 1.1 .7 3.8 3.8 .4 .5 3.1	emales: 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	241 309 402 337 942 792 377	100 100 100 100 100 100 100	36.55 27.77 23.77 23.77 23.77 23.77 23.77 23.77	222 24.5 27.5 30.3 33.1 24.9 24.9 24.9	28.32.4 44.44 4.11.44.55.44	4	22.0 199.0 18.1 18.1 18.7 23.6 23.6	5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	45.0.0		7177444074	. พ. ห. พ. พ. ๛ ๛ ๛ ๛ ๛	1 1.35 / 4.2.2.2.2.4	17.8444.00 0.8447.7004	0) 1 V 3 2 4 4 4 4
	All individuals	69,620	100	27.2	29.5	4.2		6	1.8	1.1	. 7			4.	್ಟ್	% 1	1.1

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

TAELE 2.9.--VITAMIN A VALUE
Percentage contribution of 14 food groups per individual in a day, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

Sex and age (years)	Individuals (number)	s: All : food²	Milk,: milk : prod-: ucts :	Meat, poul-: try, fish	Eggs	Legumes, nuts, seeds	Crain: prod-: ucts	Citrus fruits, tomatoes	Non- citrus fruits	Dark: green, deep	Vegetables White potatoes,	Other: vege- tables	Fats,	Sugar, sweets	Beverages Non-: Alca alco-: holic:	Alco- holic
Males and females: Under 1 3-5	378 5264 437 469	100 100 100 100	48.9 29.8 25.6 25.2	11.4 6.4 6.8	3.00.00	00.1	2.7 20.6 24.8 25.8	2°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°	4°.0°.0°.0°.0°.0°.0°.0°.0°.0°.0°.0°.0°.0°	13.3	0.0 1.4 1.3	10.1 9.4 8.0 11.5	0404 7.040 7.000		(,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00	0000
Males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	216 313 400 400 770 784 634 127	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	23.5 23.0 23.0 23.0 17.6 13.5 13.5	6.4 8.6 10.5 12.8 12.5 11.3 10.9	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	444660L44	26.7 23.4 21.0 13.4 14.5 11.5 15.2 15.3	ი ი ი ഗ თ თ თ თ თ ა თ თ ი ი ი ი ი ი ი ი	, ഗൂ. എം പൂ. എം എം എം എം സജഗതര കയരെ	6.00 6.00 6.00 7.00 7.00 8.40 9.00 9.00	1.6 1.9 1.9 2.7 2.0 2.0	10.8 10.8 12.3 14.4 18.6 10.3 10.3	5.27 7.57 7.60 7.60 7.60 7.60 7.60	(t, t, 1, 3, 1, t, 1, 2, 3, 3, 1, 1, 2, 3, 3, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	≈ w w w v v v · 1 ⊕ · 1	(+)
Fenales: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	241 309 402 337 949 942 792 377	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	22.1 27.0 23.9 20.7 18.0 14.6 12.2 13.0	7.3 7.6 11.6 10.7 11.5 10.2 9.0	0.00.00.00 0.00.00.00 1.00.00.00	2.0.u.v.v.v.4.i	27.1 21.8 16.9 14.1 14.1 12.5 11.6	8.4 10.3 10.3 10.8 7.8 8.4	444440000 804770040	7.7 8.0 9.38 8.6 8.6 114.5 13.5	1.222.1 2.04.0 2.1.280.1 1.800.1	12.1 10.9 12.5 15.9 18.7 20.4 18.3	44000000 080040000000000000000000000000	woodiniii.	4444444	(# t) 1 (
All individuals	69,620	100	18.9	10.3	5.4	ro.	16.2	0°6	4.6	6,0	2.1	16.4	6.4	.2	.2	(+)
¹ Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.	ır dietary	recall of	day pred	ceding		at in t	Less that Excludes	n 0.05% b 4 breast	Less than 0.05% but more than Excludes 4 breast-fed infants.	than 0. ants.						

nterview.

2 Percentages may not add to 100 because of rounding.

3 Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

⁶ Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.

Percentage contribution of 14 food groups per individual in a day, 1 spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes TABLE 2.10. -- THIAMIN

ages Alco- holic	0000	¢ † † † † ° 000	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	(†)
Beverage Non-: Alc alco-: hol	1 0,7.0.	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	wadaddddi	.2
Sugar, sweets	(†) 0.7 0.0 7.0	ಎಎ್.ಕ. ಒ್ಬ್ಬ್ಬ್	V.80.44.0.0.11.0	2
Fats,: oils:	- <del> </del>			. 1
Other vege- tables	1. 8. 9. 9. 9. 9.		4 6 7 7 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	5.7
Vegetables White potatoes,		4400000000 anoananaa	4.0.0000444 000000000000000000000000	5.1
Dark green, deep yellow	5.0		1.17	1.0 han 0.
Non- citrus fruits	2.03	11.2 1.1.0 2.1.1.5 2.1.5 3.0.1	11.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.0	2.2 1 but more than
Citrus fruits, tomatoes	2°.5 5°.5 1.5°.5	4 2 4 2 2 2 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.3 5.9 than 0.05% bu
Grain: prod- ucts:t	37.5 43.8. 47.7	4499 843,77 8499,88 844,00 840,00 840,00	47.9 44.4 42.4 35.8 37.9 38.0 44.8	41.3 Less than
Legumes, nuts, seeds	4.3 2.0 2.0	222122222 641872221 641878711	77111771 7180000000	2.2
Eggs	0.6 2.1 1.9	114 21 21 21 21 21 31 31 41 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51	11.00	1.8
Meat, poul- try, fish	3.5 13.1 16.3	17.7 19.3 21.8 26.3 27.5 28.0 27.4 21.8 24.8	17.8 119.7 21.2 26.0 25.7 25.7 23.2 20.0 17.8	23.0
Milk,: milk : prod-: ucts :	44.0 20.7 15.6 15.4	113.6 114.8 112.0 12.1 12.7 7.7 8.3 8.3	113.3 115.0 113.3 113.3 7.0 7.0 10.4	10.7 day pred
. All food 2	100 100 100	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	100 ecall of
Individuals (number)	378 5264 437 469	216 313 400 287 770 770 784 634 295	241 309 402 337 949 942 792 377	69,620 dietary re
Sex and age : Ir (years)	Males and females: Under 13-56-8	Males: 12-14. 15-14. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 51-64. 51-64.	All individuals 69,620 100 10.7 23.0  Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding

^{*}Lased on 24-hour dietary recall of ady preceding interview.

2 Percentages may not add to 100 because of rounding.

3 Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

Ess than 0.00% but more than 0.

Excludes 4 breast-fed infants.

Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

TABLE 2.11.--RIBOFLAVIN
Percentage contribution of 14 food groups per individual in a day, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

Sex and age (years)	Individuals (number)	s: All :: food ² :	milk prod ucts	Meat,: poul-: try, fish:	E G G S	Legumes, nuts, seeds	Grain: prod-: ucts	Citrus fruits, tomatoes	Non- citrus fruits	Dark : green, deep	Vegetables White potatoes,	Other: vege- tables	Fats,.	Sugar, sweets	Beverages Non-: Alcc alco-: holi	Alco- holic
Males and females: Under 1	378 5264 437 469	100 100 100 100	60.5 45.7 39.0 40.2	4.4 11.8 16.1 15.9	0.44.0	1.0 1.0 1.0	22.8 26.9 30.4 31.3	0.3 1.1 1.0	2.2 1.1 7.4 4.4		0.3 1.5 1.7	1.6 2.2 2.0 2.3	***************************************	0 7 % 6 6	1.3	e ŽŽe
Males: 12-14	216 313 400 400 287 770 784 634 5295	100 100 100 100 100 100 100	36.8 33.7 29.3 20.2 20.2 24.2	17.0 18.2 22.5 27.4 28.5 30.2 23.7 22.6	2.8 2.8 4.1 2.2 7.2 7.2 7.2	1.1	33, 3 32, 6 29, 1 26, 2 26, 2 26, 2 26, 8 30, 5 28, 2	1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6		1.1 1.0 1.3 1.6 1.5 2.5 2.5 2.5		1.7.5.6.4.4.0.0 8.4.6.4.4.0.4.0	4444444444	0 % 7 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	4	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Females: 12-14	241 309 402 337 949 792 377	100 100 100 100 100 100 100	36.9 36.9 33.1 28.9 20.3 20.3 20.3 20.3 4.9	17.1 18.8 22.4 26.5 26.9 27.0 27.0 22.5 19.3	44,000,000 000,000,000,000	400000417.0	33.0 27.5 27.5 28.4 26.6 30.3 30.3	11.1 1.1.1 1.66 1.88 2.22 2.22	11.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	7. 1.1 1.2 1.5 1.5 1.4 2.3 2.0 2.0	2.2 2.3 2.7 2.5 2.5 1.9	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	444666666	o'r'' wo44'44	2.0 1.6 1.8 2.0 1.7 1.4	0 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 2, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5,
All individuals	69,620	100	27.7	24.1	4.9	1.1	27.7	1.6	1.7	1.3	2.4	4.2	.2	್ಬಿ	1.2	1.0
¹ Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview. ² Percentages may not add to 100 because of rounding.	ur dietary y not add t	recall o	f day pre cause of	ceding	•6	ar 10 00	Less than Excludes	Less than 0.05% but more than 0. Excludes 4 breast-fed infants. Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.	0.05% but more than 0.05% but more than 4 breast-fed infants.	than 0. Tants. Tants.						

USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary). *Excludes 36 breast-fed infants. Source:

TABLE 2.12.--PREFORMED NIACIN
Percentage contribution of 14 food groups per individual in a day, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

Sex and age (years)	Individuals (number)	: All : food 2	Milk, milk prod- ucts	Meat, poul- try, fish	Eggs:	Legumes, nuts, seeds	Grain: prod-: ucts	Citrus fruits, tomatoes	Non- :citrus :fruits	Dark green, deep yellow	egetables White potatoes viandas	: Other ; vege- : tables	Fats, oils	Sugar, sweets	Beverages Non-: Alcc alco-: holic:	Alco- holic
Males and females: Under 1 1-2	378 4264 437 469	100 100 100	25.2 3.5 3.5	13.4 32.1 34.7 36.4	1.4.6.5	50°071	44.1 42.1 41.9 41.3	1.6 3.1 2.5 2.0	4.9 2.0 1.8	8.4.4.9	1.4	2 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	(5)	0.1	0.5	0 •1 (°5)
Males: 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	216 313 400 287 770 770 784 634 295	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	37.7.2 474.2 47.5 47.6 47.6 40.7	जन <b>्</b> यं चं चं चं चं चं चं	24 % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % %	285.3 285.3 285.3 27.9 30.1 30.1	1.7 1.6 1.5 2.3 2.2 2.7 2.4	11.0 0.1 1.0 2.2 2.2 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	27.944.97.82.	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	2222 % % % % 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		v. w. d. u. d.	1.7 7.7 7.5 7.5 7.5	00 " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
Females: 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	241 309 402 337 342 942 772 377	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	50000000000000000000000000000000000000	38 44 45 5.22 46 5.33 39 5.33 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 8	બંબં <b>બં 4ં</b> હં હં હં જં જં	11,000 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	27.72 27.72 27.72 27.1 27.1 31.7 31.7	4444,44,44,44,44,44,44,44,44,44,44,44,4		44547.90E0	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200		4, L, 0, 4, E, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	1,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,	(5) (1) (2) (3) (4) (2) (3)
All individuals	69,620	100	2.4	42.5	ന്	3.1	31.0	2.5	1.8	9"	9"9	3.6	( 2 )	က္	4.8	1.2
¹ Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview. ² Percentages may not add to 100 because of rounding.	ir dietary recal	recall of	f day pred	ceding		+ 10 00	Excludes ' Less than Excludes '	Excludes 4 breast-fed infants. Less than 0.05% but more than 0. Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.	breast-fed infants. .05% but more than breast-fed infants	nts. han O. ants.						

interview.

2 Percentages may not add to 100 because of rounding.

3 Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78,

48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

TABLE 2.13.--VITAMIN B6 Portribution of 14 food groups per individual in a day, spring 1977 Percentage contributions, all incomes 48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

				1
Alco- holic	0 (5)	(5) 0 0 4.4 4.9 4.9 7.2.7 2.1	0 (°) 1.5 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4	1.6
Beverages Non-: Alccalco-: holicholic:	L. 0. 4. 4.	£ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £	4.7.4.6.5.5.1.1.6.	.2
Sugar, sweets	0.000	8 r 4 w w 4 v v v v	<b>ઌઌઌ૽૱ઌ૽૱</b> ઌ૽૽૽ઌ	4.
Fats,: oils:	(5)		(5)	r-d 0
Other: vege-	မွေ မွေ မွေ မ က က က က	6.44.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.9
Vegetables White potatoes, viandas		5.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 8.5 6.5 6.5	6.0 7.4 7.5 6.5 6.7 7.7	6.7
Dark: green, deep: yellow:	1.3	1.25 1.25 1.38 1.34 2.44	0.11. 11.22.22 0.12.20.03.42.23	1.4
Non- citrus fruits	12.2 8.5 5.7	%,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4	ww.q.w.q.q.v.a 4v.b.v.o.a.o.q.a	4.6
Citrus fruits, tomatoes	1.4 3.7 3.0	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		3,9
Grain: prod-: ucts	12.9 23.6 27.0 27.8	28.5 27.4 22.0 15.6 15.8 14.8 20.0	28.6 23.2 19.1 17.3 15.5 15.0 14.6 20.6	18.7
Legumes nuts, seeds	4 0 0 0 0	4 พ.พ. ห.พ.พ.พ.พ.พ. 0 4 พ.พ.พ.พ.พ.พ.พ.พ.	2.3 2.3 3.2 3.2 1.5 1.5	3.1
Eggs	0.0	2.22 2.22 2.23 2.39 2.39 2.39	2.1 2.1 2.5 2.6 2.4 2.4	2.6
Meat, poul- try, fish	10.4 24.3 29.0 30.6	33.0 34.5 44.3 44.3 46.9 47.6 36.9	32.6 395.4 47.6 47.6 41.6 31.6	39.3
Milk, milk prod-	48.0 22.0 16.5 16.4	14.6 113.9 10.9 10.9 7.3 7.3 7.8 7.8	13.8 14.9 13.7 11.6 9.2 7.2 7.4 8.3	10.9
A11 : food ²	1000	100 100 100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100 100 100	100
Individuals (number)	378 4264 437 469	216 313 400 400 770 770 784 634 295	241 309 402 402 337 949 792 377	69,620
Sex and age (years)	Males and females: Under 1	Males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	All individuals

interview.

2Percentages may not add to 100 because of rounding.

3Excludes 36 breast-fed infants. ¹Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding

*Excludes 4 breast-fed infants. SLess than 0.05% but more than 0. Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 2.14.--VITAMIN B12
Percentage contribution of 14 food groups per individual in a day, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

ages Alco- holic	0000	00000000	00000000	0
Beverages Non-: Alccalco-: holic:	0000	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		(†)
Sugar, sweets	(, ⁴ ) 0.6 .2	44411155111	<del>๛</del> ๋ ๕๛ํ ๛ํ ๛ํ ๛ํ ๛ํ ๛ํ ๛ํ	-2
Fats,	(°, °, °, °, °, °, °, °, °, °, °, °, °, °	ယ်ယံ 4 က က က က က က က	£ 5 4 7 0 8 9 4 7	.5
Other vege- tables	0.4.0.4.	4.6.6.6.7.0.6.6.	ယ် <b>မံက်န်က်</b> ယ်ထိတ်ကိ	52
Vegetables White potatoes,	0	1,00	4.0.4.1.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.	Φ
Dark green, deep yellow	÷, ;			( †)
Non- citrus fruits	\$\frac{1}{x}\$, \$\frac			(†)
Citrus fruits, tomatoes	0003	(† 0000000)	0 0 (*) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	( t)
Grain: prod- ucts	0.6 10.0 10.7 11.5	14,3 8,9 7,8 7,1 6,5 6,5 8,0	112.9 8.22 7.33 7.3 7.3 7.4 7.4 8.6	8.4
Legumes, nuts, seeds	7.7 1.3 5.3	4	44004.004	7.
E 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	2.1 8.1 5.9	6.4 7.7 7.3 7.3 9.1 10.9 10.6 12.4	4,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0	0.6
Meat, poul- try, fish	12.4 26.2 32.9 34.8	38.0 36.4 45.2 51.4 55.1 56.0 46.6	36.1 39.2 44.2 47.6 51.7 56.8 68.0 48.0	48.1
Milk, milk prod- ucts	77.6 51.8 44.8 45.6	39.4 39.4 36.0 30.5 24.5 22.7 25.2 26.3	43.2 41.4 37.4 31.5 27.0 22.8 24.6 28.6 35.4	31.0
A11 food ²	100 100 100	000110000000000000000000000000000000000	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000	100
Individuals (number)	378 5264 437 469	216 313 400 287 770 770 784 634 295	241 309 402 337 342 742 772 197	69,620
Sex and age I (years)	Males and females: 1-2	Males: 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 51-64. 51-67.	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64. 75 and over.	All individuals

¹ Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.

interview.
² Percentages may not add to 100 because of rounding.
³ Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

Less than 0.05% but more than 0. sExcludes 4 breast-fed infants. excludes 40 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 2.15.--VITAM.IN C
Percentage contribution of 14 food groups per individual in a day, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

Alco- holic	0000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	-:
Beverages Non-: Alca alco-: holi	3.5 11.4 11.7 11.9	12.7 111.7 111.7 6.0 8.5 8.3 9.9	11.0 12.8 6.3 6.3 4.8 3.1 8.5 3.8	6.7
Sugar, sweets	4.0 7	1.5.5.5.5.	<b>૱૾ઌ૽ઌૺઌ૽ઌ૽૱ઌ૽</b> ૹ૽	4.
Fats,:	(5)	(5)	(5)	
Cther: vege- tables	2.5 7.0 7.7 8.4	7.3 10.6 116.5 116.5 117.8 115.0	9.4 9.2 10.2 114.0 17.7 17.7 17.7 17.7 17.5	14.2
Vegetables White potatoes, viandas	3.1 10.0 11.7 11.9	12.8 16.1 19.9 11.8 11.8 11.5 14.5	11.9 15.0 16.0 14.7 13.7 13.6 12.7 11.1	14.6
Dark : green, : deep : yellow :	2.0 2.1 2.1 8.0	2444,22,23,7 2000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,00	644744660 0.4.6.1.1.0.0.0.0.1.1.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	4.1 nts. han U. ants.
Non- citrus fruits	38. 14.0 9.4	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	7.4 6.9 8.3 8.2 8.0 9.9 11.1	fed infa fr more t
Citrus fruits, tomatoes	8.0 23.1 25.0 24.4	21.6 22.5 22.5 24.0 19.3 25.1 25.1 28.7 28.7	27.4 22.4 26.2 26.2 33.3 33.8 32.6	9.1 26.8 8.3 4.1 Excludes 4 breast-fed infants. ⁶ Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.
. Grain : prod- : ucts : :	5.7 12.2 14.3	17.0 15.1 11.7 11.7 8.1 8.2 6.5 6.5	16.1 12.8 10.1 9.1 7.9 7.0 7.0 6.9	9.1 Excludes Less than
Legumes nuts, seeds	w w∞v.w	400000000	0400004nn	<b>₽</b> 10 0
E 9 S S	(2)	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	(5)
Meat, poul- try, fish	24.04 0 w w 4	7.4.2.7.7.8.8.8.0.0.0.0.4.4.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	3.7 6.7 6.0 7.1 7.1 8.2 8.2 8.6	5.8 sceding roundir
Milk, milk prod- ucts	29.9 13.5 11.2	10.4 9.2 8.9 10.8 6.1 6.1 4.9	8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00	of day preceding because of rounding.
All food ²	100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100 100 100	100 ecall of 100 bec
Individuals (number)	378 427 437 469	216 313 400 287 770 770 784 634 295	241 309 402 402 337 949 792 377	hour dietary recal
Sex and age I (years)	Males and females: Under 1	Males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64. 75 and over.	All individuals ⁶ 9,620 100 7.4 5.8  Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.  Percentages may not add to 100 because of roundials.

TAELE 3.1.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF FOOD
Average intake per individual in a day, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

Vita- min C	M ₉	77 68 70 85	85 92 112 88 86 95 96 100	87 80 80 79 76 92 92	87
Vita-: min B12	Mc G	2.32 3.04 4.24	4.86 5.24 5.24 5.47 7.18 7.18 6.95	3.86 3.66 3.66 3.65 3.65 5.27 4.21	4.68
Vita- min B6	₩ 5 W	0.65 .91 1.12 1.35	1.56 1.78 1.96 1.94 1.73 1.73 1.75	1.35 1.35 1.22 1.22 1.19 1.24	1.44
Preformed :	Σ M	9.3 10.1 13.6 16.2	222.0 224.0 224.1 223.1 223.8 7	11000000000000000000000000000000000000	18.7
Ribo- flavin	Mg	1.53 1.43 1.57 1.86	2.10 2.39 2.57 2.57 2.98 1.888 1.888	1.87 1.65 1.65 1.37 1.27 1.40 1.41	1.71
Thia- min	MS	0.89 .87 1.06 1.30	1.52 1.71 1.82 1.82 1.56 1.47 1.47	1.37 1.29 1.19 1.02 1.01 1.05 1.07	1.26
Vita- min A value	리	3,511 3,281 3,694 4,533	4,500 5,429 5,764 5,015 5,278 5,690 6,945 6,834	4,225 4,066 4,195 3,796 4,335 4,264 6,044 6,218	5,069
Phos- phorus	<u>M</u> 5	654 840 930 1,134	1,267 1,467 1,691 1,601 1,461 1,397 1,289 1,286	1,161 1,193 1,112 1,008 1,903 922 948 948	1,159
Magne- sium	Mg	128 158 178 215	245 284 317 308 303 310 304 287 267	237 220 215 200 217 222 235 227 227	248
Iron	Mg	17.4 7.9 9.5 11.1	13.3 115.3 115.0 115.8 115.8	11.9 11.6 11.1 110.5 110.7 110.4 110.6	12.7
Cal-	Pig	791 729 713 867	920 1,077 1,194 983 830 764 702 729 679	845 864 774 630 604 515 532 566	734
Carbo- hydrate	51	97.0 137.8 170.5 203.3	228.8 270.0 294.8 256.8 241.6 220.8 205.3	222.6 214.3 198.5 168.8 165.2 151.2 153.8 155.4	195.7
Fat	ات	30.4 48.9 61.0 72.4	87.6 105.5 1123.3 1118.4 1114.8 1109.3 101.6 92.8	79.1 85.3 85.3 75.9 73.7 70.8 71.2 65.8	85.3
Pro- tein	তা	29.2 46.1 55.1 65.9	78.0 89.7 106.6 105.3 98.1 95.6 90.1 81.0	70.4 73.2 70.7 66.7 65.9 65.9 65.2 65.2	75.5
Food	Kcal	794 1,164 1,435 1,711	2,000 2,366 2,698 2,569 2,449 2,148 2,148 1,970	1,865 1,903 1,791 1,621 1,616 1,514 1,444 1,367	1,865
Individuals	Number	278 3264 437 469	216 313 400 287 770 784 634 127	241 309 402 337 949 942 792 377	4,9,620
Sex and age : (years)		Males and females: Under 1	Males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 23-50. 51-64. 75 and over.	All individuals

³ Excludes 4 breast-fed infants.

⁺ Excludes 40 breast-fed infants. ¹Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.
²Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

TABLE 3.2a.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF FOOD
Average intake per individual in a day, spring 1977
48 States, <u>central cities</u>, all incomes

Vita- min C	Ω	77 69 64 106	90 888 117 112 99 1115	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	94
Vita -: min : B ₁₂ :	Mcg	2.70 3.41 4.54 5.07	2.00 2.00 2.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00	4.04 4.09 3.53 3.46 3.87 4.24 4.24 5.70	4.64
Vita- min B ₆	W W	0.84 1.05 1.08 1.49	1.72 2.03 2.03 2.03 1.75 1.75 1.75	1.48 1.55 1.29 1.20 1.21 1.26 1.17	1.47
Preformed niacin	Mg	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	20.6 24.2 24.9 29.9 23.1 23.1 17.3	18.0 19.3 15.5 16.6 17.3 17.3	19.0
Ribo- flavin:	Mg	1.59	2.22 2.22 2.22 2.22 2.23 1.33 1.86 1.667 1.667	11.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	1.68
Thia-: min :	₽ B	0.87 .96 1.07	1.61 1.63 1.70 1.69 1.51 1.43 1.38 1.56	1.33 1.48 1.05 1.05 1.00 1.00	1.27
Vita- min A value	미	3,898 3,814 4,323 6,162	5,309 6,170 6,492 5,783 5,733 6,343 7,098	4,738 4,957 4,933 4,320 5,082 7,512 7,512	5,530
Phos-	₩ Ø	681 927 910 1,078	1,247 1,595 1,595 1,383 1,383 1,284 1,116	1,186 1,263 1,145 1,036 1,036 1,036 896 884	1,147
Magne-: sium :	Mg	131 174 171 212	230 259 296 286 286 287 289 289	259 233 214 194 221 226 220 208	242
Iron	₩ Bi	15.3 8.4 11.7	13.0 15.2 17.5 17.7 15.1 15.5 14.7 13.0	12.7 12.7 11.4 10.7 11.0 10.8 10.8	12.6
Cal-	<u></u>	852 825 707 787	901 956 1,077 795 795 780 650 650	820 859 763 763 632 522 520 552 600	713
Carbo- hydrate	ات	105.4 137.6 162.8 197.6	209.6 260.0 290.0 265.5 232.9 217.1 194.1 196.7	223.7 228.2 206.9 166.7 170.2 152.7 143.1 148.7	191.4
Fat	ପା	30.6 52.9 58.1 66.9	86.6 111.5 1123.2 129.3 102.3 106.1 99.7 99.7	76.9 88.6 81.4 76.4 74.1 67.8 69.2 69.2	33.1
Pro- tein	۵۱	33.8 50.4 54.0 67.5	80.2 94.7 106.4 1115.3 91.9 96.8 92.5 73.5	71.6 79.2 76.8 67.7 68.6 64.1 66.4 58.7	9.9/
Food energy	Kcal	834 1,215 1,377 1,650	1,929 2,412 2,686 2,803 2,278 2,303 1,976 1,976	1,858 2,010 1,860 1,623 1,668 1,494 1,471 1,405 1,302	1,841
Individuals	Number	² 21 ³ 64 119 105	60 71 114 77 72 226 203 176 80	63 82 121 121 121 287 271 237 117 62	42,715
Sex and age : (years)		Males and females: Under 1	Males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 23-50. 51-64. 51-64.	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	All individuals

³Excludes 1 breast-fed infant. ⁴ Excludes 11 breast-fed infants. ¹Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.
²Excludes 10 breast-fed infants.

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

TABLE 3.2b.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF FOOD
Average intake per individual in a day, spring 1977
48 States, suburban areas, all incomes

Vita- min C	Mg	84 77 73 83	81 93 126 87 86 90 101 120	99 85 82 74 77 75 100 101	80
Vita -: min : B ₁₂ ::	Mcg	2.52 2.86 3.55 4.08	5.44 6.43 6.443 6.743 7.743 7.743 7.743 7.743	3.3.32 3.3.32 3.3.33 3.3.33 5.168 5.168 6.168	4.90
Vita-: min: B6:	Mg	0.64 .90 1.14	1.56 1.74 2.05 1.88 1.88 1.76 1.60	1.43 1.28 1.28 1.20 1.23 1.33 1.14	1.45
Preformed :	₩ B	9.8 19.7 13.5	20. 20. 222 24.7 24.7 20.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	81 81 10 10 10 11 11 11 11 11 12 11 11 12 13 13 14 14 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	18.7
Ribo- flavin:	Mg	1.71	2.16 2.82 2.82 2.24 1.93 1.98 1.90	11.97 1.097 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001 1.001	1.73
Thia- min	Mg	0.99 .85 1.05	1.59 1.62 1.62 1.53 1.40 1.37	1.46 1.23 1.15 1.06 1.00 1.09 1.09	1.27
Vita- min A: value:	미미	3,544 3,528 3,536 4,261	4,141 5,852 5,895 4,654 5,215 7,566 1107	4,080 3,754 3,728 3,044 4,340 4,106 6,299 6,419	4,968
Phos-	Mg	767 831 954 1,183	1,313 1,644 1,644 1,462 1,295 1,295 1,168	1,206 1,204 1,126 1,009 980 929 944 858	1,183
Magne-: sium	Mg	151 159 186 222	264 294 347 301 302 315 310 304 269	236 221 218 218 226 248 230 221	254
Iron	Mg	18.7 8.0 9.8 11.2	15.2 17.2 16.1 15.7 15.7 115.4 17.0 17.0	12.3 11.4 11.2 10.6 10.9 10.9 11.0	12.8
Cal-	Mg	907 731 723 918	918 1,158 1,364 1,055 1,055 722 800 815	896 902 786 786 590 532 558 558	763
Carbo- hydrate	ପା	102.0 143.2 175.9 211.0	238.7 269.7 310.8 259.9 229.4 812.0 211.0 207.2	238.6 215.8 199.8 173.7 158.5 147.3 160.0 165.6	197.3
Ta t t	ات	31.0 47.4 66.3 75.9	91.5 108.5 131.1 123.4 116.1 106.9 101.7 96.8	85.4 87.5 85.4 73.6 74.8 74.4 73.5 66.5	88.0
Pro-	5	31.8 44.8 56.1 66.5	78.9 89.8 109.1 108.4 97.9 93.9 88.3 81.1	72.2 72.2 69.5 64.1 66.2 65.0 67.2 61.3	76.1
Food	Kcal	827 1,163 1,505 1,773	2,076 2,389 2,832 2,630 2,417 2,150 2,003 1,893	1,994 1,923 1,836 1,607 1,593 1,566 1,470 1,419	1,897
Individuals	Number	2 27 117 161 197	77 140 149 108 293 335 242 36	99 131 160 116 365 382 281 111	23,673
Sex and age : (years)		Males and females: Under 1 3-5	Males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 23-34. 51-64.	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 33-50. 51-64. 75 and over.	All individuals

 $^{1}\,Based$  on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.  $^{2}\,Excludes$  14 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 3.2c.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF FOOD

Average intake per individual in a day, 1 spring 1977

48 States, nonmetropolitan areas, all incomes

Vita- min C	Mg	70 58 67 74	86 93 93 77 77 95 95	74 65 68 77 77 62 68 83 93	79
Vita -: min : B ₁₂	Mcg	1.88 3.01 3.17 3.89	4.40 4.99 4.99 4.94 5.16 5.28 5.02 6.36	3,64 4,21 4,25 4,25 4,25 7,25 8,25 8,43	4.46
Vita-: min B ₆ :	<u>₽</u>	0.52 .80 1.12	1.42 1.74 1.81 1.92 1.73 1.81 1.46	1.39 1.25 1.22 1.18 1.13 1.22 1.24 1.24	1.40
Preformed :	Mg	8.5 10.0 13.7 15.2	18 21.7 22.4 23.3 4.3 23.3 19.6 19.6	16.6 115.0 115.7 115.3 115.3 8.8	18.3
Ribo- flavin:	Mg	1.33 1.34 1.55	2.35 2.35 2.37 2.02 2.10 1.96 1.96 1.80	1.70 1.70 1.60 1.30 1.31 1.31 1.35	1.69
Thia-: min :	Mg	0.82 .83 1.07	1.38 1.71 1.74 1.40 1.61 1.53 1.53	1.28 1.19 1.11 1.00 1.00 1.05 1.05	1.26
Vita- min A: value:	미	3,212 2,531 3,376 3,828	4,239 4,788 5,015 4,813 4,940 7,192 7,020 6,739	3,997 3,731 4,074 4,034 3,605 4,377 5,909 5,288	4,798
Phos-:	Mg	535 787 920 1,110	1,237 1,626 1,626 1,528 1,528 1,129	1,084 1,117 1,059 1,059 967 918 946 892	1,143
Magne-: sium :	Mg	105 146 176 206	238 288 300 287 318 315 315 273 264	222 208 210 207 212 225 230 230 230 213	246
Iron:	Mg	17.6 7.6 9.2 10.6	12.7 15.5 16.3 14.6 16.8 16.6 17.8 17.1	11.4 10.8 10.7 10.2 10.9 10.9 10.5	12.6
. Cal-:	Mg	645 653 707 856	937 1,051 1,105 1,105 923 877 786 723 670 670	801 818 769 588 594 485 516 516	718
: Carbo- : Cal- hydrate:cium :	51	86.8 130.5 170.7 197.6	233.6 277.1 281.2 246.8 263.4 235.5 218.4 204.0	201.4 200.4 188.1 165.5 168.4 158.7 158.7 157.2	197.3
Fat	۵۱	29.7 47.9 57.6 71.6	84.5 97.0 114.8 104.6 124.4 115.1 103.1 91.0	72.9 79.5 72.9 77.8 72.0 69.1 70.7 66.2	84.2
Pro- tein	5	23.8 44.7 54.7 64.0	75.2 85.9 103.9 94.3 103.7 96.6 90.0 78.8	67.0 69.4 66.0 68.4 62.7 62.2 62.1 61.2	74.0
Food :	Kcal	737 1,124 1,407 1,676	1,979 2,301 2,560 2,327 2,640 2,399 2,191 1,940 1,818	1,707 1,783 1,663 1,635 1,593 1,520 1,454 1,454	1,850
Individuals	Number	230 383 157 167	79 102 137 102 251 246 216 122	79 96 121 100 297 289 274 149	43,232
Sex and age : (years)		Males and females: Under 1 1-2	Males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64. 65-74.	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	All individuals

³Excludes 3 breast-fed infants. ⁴Excludes 15 breast-fed infants.  $^{1}\text{Based}$  on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.  $^{2}\text{Excludes}$  12 breast-fed infants.

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

TABLE 3.3a.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF FOOD

Average intake per individual in a day, spring 1977

Northeast, all urbanizations, all incomes

Vita- min C	Mg	104 100 80 113	85 101 115 115 106 125 89 107 114	93 85 71 91 91 89 111 100 91	66
Vita- min B12	Mcg	2.59 3.57 4.01 4.58	5.31 5.88 5.88 10.64 6.55 3.55	4.25 4.23 4.25 4.29 7.26 7.26 13	5.51
Vita-: min: B6:	Mg	0.65 1.00 1.21 1.50	1.46 1.82 2.06 2.06 1.78 1.71 1.66	11.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	1.45
Preformed niacin	₩ B	11.2 11.0 14.9	23.0 23.0 23.0 23.1 22.1 20.6 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	19.7 16.0 16.0 17.3 17.3 16.0	19.0
Ribo- flavin:	Mg	1.70 1.61 1.72 2.06	2.07 2.42 2.54 2.54 2.34 2.02 1.81 1.87 1.96	2.04 1.78 1.44 1.50 1.46 1.46 1.44	1.74
Thia-:	Mg	1.03 .94 1.08	1,45 1,62 1,75 1,36 1,36 1,38 1,43	1.50 1.26 1.03 1.17 1.00 1.00 1.04	1.24
Vita- min A value	리	2,829 3,091 3,994 4,949	4,457 6,140 7,099 6,823 5,882	3,754 3,354 3,354 4,269 4,118 7,398 5,598	5,256
Phos- :	Mg	694 907 1,016 1,261	1,277 1,496 1,627 1,744 1,446 1,369 1,270 1,270	1,219 1,150 1,016 1,016 1,065 975 975 975	1,172
Magne-: sium :	Mg	139 171 195 237	243 293 302 306 306 306 297 286	245 210 195 230 233 228 227 223 214	253
Iron:	Mg	21.6 9.3 10.2 11.7	12.5 15.0 15.0 16.1 14.9 14.7	12.2 11.0 10.1 11.4 11.5 11.5 11.5	12.5
Cal-	Mg	816 821 824 1,011	934 1,083 1,206 1,078 1,078 735 672 756	892 830 679 678 678 516 555 541	750
Carbo- hydrate	ত।	98.2 154.2 175.8 227.3	228.0 272.5 289.8 267.2 246.7 213.5 199.9	242.7 214.2 175.7 184.3 175.4 151.9 150.0 149.7	197.0
٦ a t	51	31.9 51.3 67.5 79.0	85.0 111.3 123.1 125.6 109.4 110.1 95.3 90.1	85.2 80.5 75.8 73.8 73.8 73.8 68.3	85.9
Pro-	51	31.2 49.8 62.5 71.6	80.2 92.8 101.5 1113.7 95.1 98.2 89.4 80.8	76.4 73.8 68.1 73.8 71.2 64.6 68.4 61.9	77.5
Food	Kcal	831 1,265 1,541 1,887	1,990 2,434 2,659 2,782 2,437 2,331 1,953	2,027 1,868 1,658 1,779 1,748 1,566 1,469	1,897
Individuals	Number	214 345 107 108	57 76 97 53 186 178 158 67	60 76 84 78 78 252 242 195 90	42,292
Sex and age (years)		Males and females: Under 1.2	Males: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 23-56 51-64	Females: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64	All individuals

¹Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview. ³Excludes 1 breast-fed infant. ²Excludes 5 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 3.3b.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF FOOD

Average intake per individual in a day, spring 1977

North Central, all urbanizations, all incomes

Vita- min C	Mg	65 67 71 85	85 86 131 104 88 90 94 98	. 86 71 76 75 81 72 87 94	86
Vita -: min B12	Mcg	2.00 3.40 4.65 4.93	44. 64.1940 7.772 84. 84. 84.	3.73 3.81 3.56 4.30 3.30 4.31 4.81 5.69	4.63
Vita-: min: B6:	Mg	0.81 .94 1.12 1.33	1.51 2.08 2.09 1.78 1.75 1.75	1.26 1.32 1.32 1.23 1.19 1.23	1.47
Preformed:	Mg	11.0 11.1 13.7 16.5	19 24.4 26.9 25.0 22.3 18.5 8	16.7 15.4 16.7 15.0 16.7 16.7 16.4	19.1
Ribo- flavin:	Mg	1.50 1.57 1.90	2.06 2.32 2.334 2.334 1.789 1.789	1.068 1.066 1.024 1.024 1.049 1.049	1.74
Thia- min	Mg	0.96 .93 1.06	1.51 1.63 1.957 1.64 1.46 1.44 1.44	1.23 1.23 1.17 .96 1.10 1.01 1.04	1.29
Vita- min A value	미	3,453 2,949 4,086 4,976	4,019 4,710 7,203 5,156 4,969 5,183 6,002 6,156 7,140	3,574 4,195 3,947 3,374 4,618 4,832 6,674 6,681	4,896
Phos- phorus	Mg	591 915 956 1,127	1,248 1,420 1,741 1,664 1,499 1,255 1,258 1,171	1,093 1,137 1,122 998 1,041 897 977	1,173
Magne-sium	Mg	123 169 186 223	248 274 326 323 305 314 300 291 273	236 212 212 219 223 233 233 233	252
: Iron:	Mg	18.6 7.4 9.2 11.2	12.9 116.3 116.3 115.1 14.2	11.2 10.8 110.0 10.7 110.9 111.2	12.8
Cal-	Mg	754 799 721 864	896 1,080 1,342 1,041 852 766 680 719	777 866 772 614 657 498 579 645	744
Carbo- hydrate	ଅ	111.9 125.2 171.5 204.3	233.0 256.4 300.8 263.1 237.4 226.0 212.3 214.4	213.4 209.7 206.0 156.5 1173.3 1173.3 1152.6 1151.8	198.6
Fat	51	26.1 49.6 62.0 72.5	91.0 96.9 1123.4 117.9 111.8 111.8 98.6	82.5 80.3 81.1 72.5 72.5 76.4 68.5	88.1
Pro- tein	ଘା	27.7 51.9 56.0 64.4	77.1 84.3 105.3 107.5 101.1 96.5 89.0 82.2 78.2	67.2 66.7 69.3 65.3 66.3 67.7 61.0	76.1
Food	Kcal	794 1,147 1,449 1,707	2,040 2,211 2,710 2,626 2,501 2,357 2,192 2,049 1,988	1,844 1,808 1,818 1,546 1,546 1,566 1,502 1,502	1,902
Individuals	Number	219 362 105 111	70 104 67 67 67 214 202 175 75	70 79 113 78 234 231 204 96	42,488
Sex and age : (years)		Males and females: Under 1	Males: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 23-50 51-64 55-74	Females: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64	All individuals

³Excludes 1 breast-fed infant. ⁴Excludes 13 breast-fed infants.  $^{1}\text{Based}$  on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.  $^{2}\text{Excludes}$  12 breast-fed infants.

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

TABLE 3.3c.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF FOOD

Average intake per individual in a day, spring 1977

South, all urbanizations, all incomes

	1				
Vita- min C	M	78 52 70 75	78 85 95 73 81 84 86 80 80	85 75 87 76 62 72 83 83	79
Vita min B ₁₂	Mcg	2.41 2.72 2.67 3.38	4.32 4.74 4.47 6.03 6.03 1.5 1.5	2. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3.	4.12
Vita- min B ₆	₩ W	0.60 .84 1.28	1,55 1,75 1,833 1,70 1,69 1,59 1,59	1.47 1.35 1.31 1.16 1.14 1.19 1.22 1.17	1.38
Preformed :	Mg	15.64 15.64 15.64	22.3 23.0 23.6 23.6 23.6 20.1 20.1 20.1	17.0 17.0 17.5 16.2 16.4 12.9	18.1
Ribo- flavin:	Mg	1.50 1.24 1.35 1.63	1.90 1.79 1.90 1.79 1.90	1.75 1.69 1.57 1.28 1.18 1.43 1.43	1.60
Thia-	Mg	0.84 .81 1.02 1.19	1.41 1.55 1.55 1.55 1.56 1.42	1.32 1.27 1.22 1.02 1.05 1.05	1.25
Vita-: min A: value:	미	3,913 3,151 3,273 4,151	4,338 4,838 4,838 4,810 4,810 7,332 7,455 6,455	4,737 4,033 4,033 3,838 4,337 5,220 5,220	4,979
Phos-	Mg	650 736 829 999	1,164 1,338 1,567 1,331 1,371 1,277 1,256	1,097 1,148 1,082 887 877 909 917 892 863	1,088
Magne-: sium :	Mg	121 143 161 188	215 257 289 282 292 293 280 259	223 212 213 213 173 196 209 220 212 193	230
Iron	Mg	16.9 7.5 8.9 10.2	12.8 16.7 16.7 16.0 15.5 14.5 13.3	12.6 11.9 11.6 10.1 10.6 11.1 10.0	12.5
Cal- cium	, Mg	763 598 587 717	830 936 959 772 703 724 664	761 750 750 750 750 536 492 522 540 610	652
Carbo- hydrate	ত্য	85.5 138.6 171.6 189.9	209.4 252.1 284.1 240.0 242.9 225.9 225.9 197.0	207.0 209.4 202.5 167.1 157.6 153.4 1154.8 146.7	191.7
Fat	७।	33.9 45.8 56.3 66.4	79.2 100.6 116.1 105.5 106.2 106.7 106.7 97.1 97.1	72.3 89.5 79.3 68.9 67.9 64.2 60.9	80.4
Pro- tein:	ত্য	29.6 40.9 50.0 61.0	73.0 85.2 103.9 95.8 94.4 86.5 76.0	68.2 74.0 71.3 60.4 61.3 63.7 60.4 58.0	72.3
Food	Kcal	791 1,118 1,382 1,589	1,832 2,243 2,586 2,313 2,345 2,277 2,075 1,923	1,735 1,930 1,796 1,522 1,500 1,492 1,436 1,359	1,782
Individuals	Number	2 28 3 91 142 161	56 98 129 98 236 212 104	67 135 135 94 289 290 276 125	43,071
Sex and age : (years)		Males and females: Under 1	Males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64. 75 and over.	All individuals

³ Excludes 2 breast-fed infants.
4 Excludes 14 breast-fed infants.  $^{1}\,\mathrm{Based}$  on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.  $^{2}\,\mathrm{Excludes}$  12 breast-fed infants.

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

TABLE 3.3d.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF FOOD

Average intake per individual in a day, spring 1977

West, all urbanizations, all incomes

Vita- min C	₩ W	66 69 53 70	97 98 112 78 88 81 109 109	87 101 83 76 72 87 100 97	98
Vita -: min : B12 :	Mcg	2.32 2.78 3.77 4.49	5.97 6.98 6.93 7.88 4.61 4.61	4.4.4.0 3.3.34 4.30 4.36 4.36 4.36	4.63
Vita- min B6	Mg	0.54 .91 1.09	1.90 2.22 2.22 1.85 1.97 1.97 1.75 1.41 1.30	1.62 1.54 1.21 1.21 1.36 1.36	1.49
Preformed	Mg	7.0 9.3 13.5 16.0	23.0 24.1 27.6 23.8 24.7 23.7 25.4 18.4 15.8	18.0 17.2 17.2 15.0 15.9 11.8	18.7
Ribo- flavin:	Mg	1.49 1.69 1.95	2.51 2.71 2.88 2.33 2.13 1.92 1.92 1.62	2.13 2.02 1.35 1.35 1.42 1.42 1.42	1.80
Thia-: min	Mg	0.80 .85 1.13 1.28	1.555 1.555 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255 1.255	1.49 1.41 1.33 1.08 1.01 1.01	1.28
Vita-: min A: value:	리	3,455 3,902 3,530 4,158	5,904 5,743 6,110 5,569 5,895 6,694 6,577 7,338	5,126 5,126 5,190 3,707 4,452 4,848 6,386 5,817	5,227
Phos- :	Mg	701 869 956 1,230	1,466 1,697 1,931 1,741 1,611 1,450 1,417 1,246 1,174	1,287 1,412 1,267 1,054 1,018 974 987 818	1,247
Magne-:	Mg	136 161 176 222	296 332 333 330 336 298 298 288	250 255 235 204 221 235 264 218	266
Iron:	Mg	13.3 8.1 10.2 11.9	16.5 17.1 18.4 16.1 17.1 15.7 17.4 13.4	12.0 12.8 11.6 10.7 10.3 11.7 11.5	13.1
Cal-: cium	<u>8</u>	860 782 774 964	1,101 1,296 1,386 1,152 1,152 966 827 746 843	1,020 1,115 1,020 1,020 658 658 577 630 630	838
Carbo- hydrate	۵۱	98.7 137.4 160.3 196.9	254.3 313.3 312.2 266.4 238.5 214.7 216.1 169.5	233.1 229.4 205.5 167.6 151.7 164.3 158.8	196.6
Fat	വി	28.1 50.9 59.1 74.9	99.1 117.1 136.6 131.3 125.3 108.9 115.6 90.5	75.6 91.5 87.2 79.6 71.5 73.7 74.5 67.6	89.2
Pro-	51	28.6 45.3 53.0 69.3	83.9 99.8 120.3 110.0 104.4 92.9 101.7 75.4	70.4 80.2 74.4 683.4 665.3 66.8	77.9
Food energy	Kca1	1,173 1,371 1,722	2,220 2,680 2,935 2,713 2,563 2,563 2,297 1,970	1,874 2,039 1,895 1,653 1,523 1,536 1,587 1,483 1,278	1,916
Individuals	Number	2 17 66 83 89	33 60 70 134 166 89 49	44 55 70 87 174 117 29	2 1,769
Sex and age : (years)		Males and females: Under 1	Males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	Females: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64	All individuals

 $^{^{1}}$  Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.  2  Excludes 7 breast-fed infants.

Source:

TABLE 3.4.--NUTRIENT SOURCES OF FOOD ENERGY¹
Percentage² of individuals' intake in a day,³ spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

• Other	4222	852 852 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85	22	1.4	dietary recall terview. t-fed infants. -fed infants. t-fed infants.
: Carbohydrate :	47.4 47.6 47.8 47.8	46.1 45.5 44.0 41.0 40.5 38.9 38.9 42.2	48.3 46.0 44.8 41.6 41.1 44.2	42.8	³ Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview. ⁴ Excludes 36 breast-fed infants. ⁵ Excludes 4 breast-fed infants. ⁶ Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.
Fat	35.1 37.7 37.6	38.39.9 40.6 40.8 41.7 41.7 41.9	37. 39.34 410.22 410.32 410.33 86.77	40.3	3. K., t. Agr.
Protein	14.8 16.1 15.6	15.8 16.0 16.0 16.5 17.0 17.2 16.7	15.4 16.1 16.1 17.4 17.5 16.8	16.6	calculate and Watt, E on." U.S. Depi
Individuals (number)	478 5264 437 469	216 313 400 287 770 784 634 127	241 309 337 337 792 377	69,620	, 4 were used to in Merrill, A. L sis and Derivati rev. 1973.) to 100 because o
Sex and age : (years) :	Males and females: Under 1	Males: 12-14. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	Females: 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	All individuals	¹ The general factors 4, 9, 4 were used to calculate energy values as described in Merrill, A. L., and Watt, B. "Energy Value of Foods - Basis and Derivation." U.S. Dept. Agr. Handb. 74, 1955. (Sl. rev. 1973.) ² Percentages may not add to 100 because of rounding.

Percentage of 1980 Recommended Dietary Allowances in a day, spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes TABLE 3.5a. -- NUTRITIVE VALUE OF FOOD

Vita- min C	219 162 155 184	176 176 183 140 149 164 167	186 159 132 129 123 131 155 156	152	
Vita- min B ₁₂ :	251 160 148 143	162 175 192 176 165 165 156 128	129 134 121 112 107 110 111 108	139	
Vita-: min: B6	129 113 93	98 98 88 72 73 68 68	84 75 60 60 59 65 65 65	92	
Preformed niacin²	133 112 136 116	117 122 132 134 134 1130	110 114 120 106 120 124 132 120 106	126	infants. infants. infants.
Ribo-:P flavin:	302 204 175 155	140 149 151 129 117 134 124	134 139 126 104 109 113 117	130	7 7
Thia- min	218 145 133 118	117 122 130 104 111 103 122 117	1117 1107 107 98 98 101 105 107	112	36 breast-fed 4 breast-fed 40 breast-fed
Vita- min A value	188 159 152 140	111 109 1100 100 118 124 128	115 102 105 95 103 104 121 137	116	Excludes Excludes Excludes
Phos-	209 125 116 142	133 122 141 200 183 175 161 156	122 99 92 123 120 115 119 110	136	3 E X 4 E X 5 E X
Magne-: Sium :	208 125 97 94	85 80 79 88 86 89 87 87	88 73 71 65 70 74 78 76	83	interview. milligrams
Iron	147 53 79 1111	102 85 95 160 159 158 145	92 64 62 58 59 60 114 106	104	ng inte as mill
Cal-:	171 100 89 108	97 99 123 104 96 88 91 85	899 - 77 - 72 - 64 - 64 - 67 - 71 - 71 - 74	82	preceding values as alents.
Pro- tein	189 210 197 206	205 195 190 188 175 171 161 145	181 159 152 148 145 144 137	165	day nce uiva
Food	100 97 92 81	88 88 88 88 88 88 88	880 880 880 880 880 880 880	85	
Individuals: (number)	378 4264 437 469	216 313 400 287 770 784 634 295	241 309 402 337 337 949 942 792 377	59,620	dietary r nded Dieta ther than
Sex and age :In (years)	Males and females: Under 1	Males: 12-14 15-18 15-22 23-34 35-50 51-64 51-64	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	All individuals	¹ Based on 24-hour dietary recall ² Based on Recommended Dietary All preformed niacin rather than niacin

Percentage of 1980 Recommended Dietary Allowances in a day, spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, income under \$6,000² TABLE 3.5b.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF FOOD

Vita- min	191 170 151 193	203 163 171 118 212 212 154 139	158 108 111 115 130 136 136	144
Vita -: min : B ₁₂ :	252 145 149 129	142 119 168 161 139 127 137	137 92 95 106 102 992 992	120
Vita-: min: B6:	119 122 96 ·	95 82 83 74 78 64 65	93 62 54 54 62 62 62	70
Preformed:	85 119 148 118	, 109 110 126 111 111 130 128 118	111 97 129 95 115 123 121 106	117
Ribo- flavin	279 203 196 152	134 125 110 110 117 121 121	127 124 124 103 103 119 120	125
Thia-	180 157 161 124	118 123 123 106 121 110 110	108 109 101 101 111 109 115	115
Vita- min A value	137 164 154 109	127 145 125 94 93 110 152	142 99 98 86 97 91 130 138	119
Phos-	.224 116 119 129	130 124 124 174 181 147 136	120 75 92 119 113 113 115	128
Magne-	213 119 93 84	79 65 65 84 83 97 77	83 72 64 61 72 75	77
Iron	97 49 86 107	102 73 88 152 146 164 135 133	95 55 59 56 56 107 107	66
Cal-	187 90 94 98	92 78 82 109 106 98 79 83	81 62 73 65 65 64 65 73 81	80
Pro-	186 197 207 205	207 169 173 173 156 175 147 140	198 122 136 138 144 124	.154
Food	101 93 92 74	75 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88	76 72 81 74 72 80 83	80
Individuals: (number)	*11 50 51 45	23 26 40 41 81 81	27 25 39 56 104 77 118 117	⁴ 1,222
Sex and age : (years)	Males and females: Under 1	Males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18: 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	All individuals

¹Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview. ²1976 household income before taxes. ³Based on Recommended Dietary Allowance values as

Source:

nilligrams preformed niacin rather than niacin equivalents. *Excludes 1 breast-fed infant.

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TABLE 3.5c.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF FOOD
Percentage of 1980 Recommended Dietary Allowances in a day, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, income \$6,000-\$9,999.2

Sex and age : (years)	Individuals (number)	Food energy	Pro-	Cal-:	Iron:	Magne- sium	Phos-	Vita- min A value	Thia-: min	Ribo- flavin	:Preformed : niacin³	Vita-: min: B6:	Vita-: min: B ₁₂ :	Vita- min C
Males and females: Under 1	410 26 73 57	99 99 86 7	211 209 190 199	142 106 79 95	104 62 74 100	179 130 87 84	193 124 106 129	159 162 140 107	187 149 116 99	266 212 149 131	121 115 118 103	125 113 84 76	305 166 125 118	150 146 127 146
18:11	22 46 33 36 100 59 80 65 65	78 83 93 97 77 77 77 94	213 175 194 196 185 157 137 133	98 74 83 124 107 85 97 91	93 81 100 170 169 150 142	83 71 78 91 83 71 83 83	134 107 135 209 192 157 165 140	136 100 109 121 95 116 116 120	99 96 119 114 117 99 123 112	127 117 132 140 125 119 135 131	111 102 138 148 115 115	86 78 102 103 82 67 71	136 139 186 201 173 187 150 133	182 138 158 158 116 119 134 175
emales: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 23-50. 51-64.	37 42 66 55 136 120 72	82 84 87 81 76 75 79 84 85	192 156 157 149 139 131 117	98 67 66 89 72 72 65	101 65 65 61 57 53 120 106	92 73 70 70 78 78 68	131 95 91 133 120 107 120 117	128 84 125 113 100 103 112 153	117 116 112 103 93 93 106 100	140 125 128 114 108 93 119 120	113 107 123 110 122 119 119 97	89 64 71 59 62 62 62 63	139 109 116 110 107 93 115 116	178 128 144 136 114 131 151 151
All individuals	41,293	84	163	83	102	79	132	115	108	125	122	74	132	140

¹Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview· property of household income before taxes.
³Based on Recommended Dietary Allowance values as milligrams

Percentage of 1980 Recommended Dietary Allowances in a day, spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, income \$10,000-\$15,9992 TABLE 3.5d.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF FOOD

Vita- min C	231 161 147 170	140 177 166 137 131 130 151 206 225	185 164 140 128 129 151 147	147
Vita -: min B12	244 164 169 144	163 200 192 150 163 163 159 177	128 135 134 118 106 119 105	144
Vita- min B6	123 116 101 89	86 104 95 84 81 80 77 74 82	84 83 69 60 60 61 62	78
Preformed niacin³	149 140 118	112 128 136 129 130 149 144	110 124 123 109 117 127 144 118	128
Ribo- flavin	324 209 189 158	141 159 159 124 127 124 133	131 151 137 106 106 113 120 118	137
Thia-:	263 138 138 120	116 132 127 195 111 108 127 118	113 126 116 90 95 107 104 106	116
Vita- min A value	207 150 172 132	101 110 113 100 97 111 104 103	104 115 115 86 111 101 112 111	114
Phos- phorus	210 131 122 141	129 126 142 178 183 180 160 153	116 105 97 126 119 116 123 119	139
Magne- sium	211 124 104 91	833 788 87 87 89 90 92	83 75 73 73 73	82
Iron	178 52 88 114	103 93 146 1155 1160 1140	89 67 65 59 58 61 117 105	105
Cal-: cium:	182 108 96 108	96 89 104 107 102 85 90	85 75 76 76 77	83
Pro- tein:	174 205 196 200	188 202 202 186 169 171 172 162 136	168 168 156 143 141 155 140	167
Food	98 97 82	80 93 93 81 88 88 88 104	77 90 90 76 76 82 82 97	86
Individuals: (number)	431 582 98 122	43 59 74 49 192 180 127 14	49 70 57 68 234 182 151 151 55	61,995
Sex and age : I (years)	Males and females: 1-2	Males: 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64 75 and over	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64. 75 and over.	All individuals

¹Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview. ²1976 household income before taxes. ³Based on Recommended Dietary Allowance values as milligrams

preformed niacin rather than niacin equivalents.

b Excludes 10 breast-fed infants.
Excludes 1 breast-fed infant.
Excludes 11 breast-fed infants.

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

Percentage of 1980 Recommended Dietary Allowances in a day, spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, income \$16,000 or more  2 TABLE 3.5e.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF FOOD

Vita- min C	228 190 178 211	205 195 198 159 165 142 186 176	201 174 132 136 135 128 176 173	164
Vita -: min B ₁ 2	200 169 150 151	157 179 204 193 167 161 195	123 154 128 115 107 109 107 86	145
Vita-: V min: B6:	125 116 94 95	96 103 88 88 88 83 60	80 79 61 62 63 60 67 58	79
Preformed:	119 123 143 117	115 125 142 140 134 151	107 122 118 109 124 125 135	129
Ribo- flavin	252 211 173 160	137 153 159 138 122 112 136 154	132 149 121 105 113 108 113 104	130
Thia-: min :	189 147 131 123	117 122 131 107 112 100 123 133 88	111 117 103 87 104 98 107 105	
Vita-: min A: value:	174 169 153 160	101 109 113 110 107 126 130	105 103 100 98 107 110 128 103	117
Phos- :	184 133 117 146	133 122 142 211 182 171 165 170	117 105 90 120 123 116 122 110	139
Magne-:	184 136 101 98	87 88 88 87 87 89 89 72	84 79 66 77 77 70 61	85
Iron:	120 55 77 111	102 83 96 167 161 157 157 169	88 68 61 58 62 62 115 102	104
Cal-	138 107 87 114	96 92 104 141 100 93 90 106	87 78 62 75 75 70 65	87
Pro-:	178 233 202 208	207 195 192 204 179 166 160	171 173 150 146 149 147 151 132	171
Food :	91 103 93 83	85 85 92 92 85 91 79	79 92 84 79 76 81 83	86
Individuals: (number):	4 22 5 70 158 181	76 128 156 93 297 363 33 33	92 110 167 96 345 402 222 222 29	63,305
Sex and age : ] (years) : :	Males and females: Under 1	Males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64. 75 and over.	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64. 75 and over	All individuals

¹Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview. ²1976 household income before taxes. ³Based on Recommended Dietary Allowance values as milligrams preformed niacin rather than niacin equivalents.

⁴Excludes 13 breast-fed infants. ⁵Excludes 3 breast-fed infants. ⁶Excludes 16 breast-fed infants.

Percentage of 1980 Recommended Dietary Allowances in a day, spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, income not reported TABLE 3.5f. -- NUTRITIVE VALUE OF FOOD

Vita- min C	321 109 141 165	148 171 188 118 136 166 167 149	176 158 130 130 144 155 167	150
Vita -: min : B12 :	439 150 135 151	190 194 185 168 167 175 171 178	128 132 114 105 119 101 121	141
Vita- min B6	228 91 86 92	91 110 98 86 81 73 73	83 68 69 60 60 65	74
Preformed niacin ²	227 105 122 119	129 1332 1333 1334 141 137	113 100 115 104 125 125 107	125
Ribo- flavin	547 178 170 155	153 165 152 126 126 124 139 138	142 130 128 101 110 99 106 117	127
Thia-: min	219 138 126 112	127 129 138 96 105 104 117 111	128 111 106 93 94 100 98 103	109
Vita- min A value	327 152 127 151	116 96 120 80 95 112 131 131	120 97 93 91 84 99 121 156 165	115
Phos-	342 108 115 151	139 141 147 202 180 182 159 163	137 96 93 119 117 111 111 114	137
Magne- sium	356 107 95 100	888 888 888 743 888 888 743	107 68 73 61 70 74 71 73	82
Iron	302 50 72 118	106 89 96 160 157 157 154 148	95 58 60 58 59 109 106	105
Cal-	285 80 92 111	100 104 104 117 104 99 87 89	96 71 73 72 59 67 68	88
Pro-	304 190 181 218	213 219 194 184 174 177 153 155	197 143 149 145 134 147 141 139	162
Food	151 89 87 85	80 80 80 80 81 81 82 84	882 882 744 80 87 87	83
Individuals: (number):	34 36 57 64	52 54 91 69 123 141 127 74	36 62 73 62 130 181 181 104	31,805
Sex and age : (years)	Males and females: Under 1	Males: 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	Females: 12-14	All individuals

¹Based on 24-hour dietary recall day preceding interview.
²Based on Recommended Dietary Allowance values as milligrams preformed niacin rather than niacin equivalents.

eceding interview.

Becoludes 6 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 3.6a.--NUTRIENTS PER 1,000 KILOCALORIES

Average intake per individual in a day, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

	• • •	Food							Nutrient	per 1,000 kca	0 kcal					
Sex and age (years)	Individuals	energy in total diet	Pro-	Fat:	Carbo- hydrate	cium:	Iron:	Magne-: sium	Phos-		Thia-: min :	Ribo- flavin	Pre- formed: niacin:	Vita-: min: B ₆ :	Vita-: min: B ₁₂ :	Vita- min C
	Number	Kca1	51	ات	51	₩ D	M M	S S	Mg	리	₩ D	₩ D	Ď₩.	₩ W	Mcg	Mg
Males and females: Under 1	278 3264 437 469	794 1,164 1,435 1,711	37.0 40.3 38.9 39.0	39.0 41.4 41.8 41.8	118.5 118.9 119.6	1,008 633 503 511	22.1 7.0 6.8 6.6	161 137 125 126	838 732 657 669	4,601 2,895 2,638 2,790	1.13	1.96 1.25 1.11	11.4 8.7 9.5	0.80	2.96 2.66 2.64 2.57	101 65 50 50
Males: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50	216 313 400 287 770 784 634	2,366 2,569 2,569 2,149 2,148	39.4 38.7 40.0 41.2 40.5 42.5	44443.1 4465.7 466.4	115.3 113.7 110.0 102.6 101.2 97.3 98.5	458 440 390 347 341 342	6.8 6.5 6.3 7.7 7.4	122 121 118 129 140 148	631 624 629 629 604 617	2,299 2,395 2,274 1,934 2,701 3,438	77. 69. 69. 69. 69.	1.06 .96 .98. .91 .91	10.1 9.6 9.9 10.0 10.0 11.0	8.7.7.7.88 7.4.7.888	2.22 2.19 2.10 2.25 3.73	444 441 1144 1144 1144
75 and over	127	1,808	42.2	46.5	104.3	387	7.6	154	646	3,833	.03	86.	10.9	98.	2.52	54
Females: 9-11. 12-14	241 309 402 337	1,865 1,903 1,791 1,621	38.4 38.8 40.2 41.9	41.6 43.7 44.0 45.7	120.7 114.9 111.9	462 459 436 403	6.6	129 118 122 134	630 637 626 653	2,451 2,189 2,361 2,426	.76.69	10.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.0	0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,	.72 .73 .75	2.15 2.11 2.42	49 47 52
23-34 35-50 51-64	949 942 792	1,514 1,514 1,522	42.0 43.4 43.9	44.0	100.4	353	7.7	143 163	638 638	3,080	.69	.94	12.2	.81	2.67	57 67
65-7475 and over	377 197	1,444	41.9	44.2	110.6	443	7.5	164	652	4,659	.77	1.01	11.1	.86	3.11	70
All individuals	49,620	1,865	41.4	44.7	106.9	409	7.1	142	638	2,966	.70	.95	10.4	.79	2.64	51
¹ Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day precedi	r dietary reca	11 of day	precedir	ng		2 E)	² Excludes	36 breas	breast-fed infants.	fants.						

¹Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.

TABLE 3.6b.--NUTRIENTS PER 1,000 KILOCALORIES
Average intake per individual in a day, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, income under \$6,000²

Vita- min C	₩ B	882 52 59	2444 3444 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203	444 477 39 55 66 66	52
Vita-: min: B ₁₂ :	Mcg	2.76 2.49 2.39 2.51	2.39 2.26 2.00 2.00 2.442 3.51	2.59 2.03 1.71 2.03 2.04 2.04 3.27	2.49
Vita-: min: B6:	Mg	. 90 . 90 . 80 . 94		1.00 .80 .65 .77 .75 .86	.81
Pre- formed niacin	Mg	7.5 9.8 10.2	10.8 9.7 9.0 8.9 10.3 10.2 10.5	10.2 9.3 11.1 10.2 10.2 11.4 11.4	10.8
Ribo- flavin	₩ B	1.86 1.27 1.24 1.24	1.14 1.02 1.02 7.38 1.98 1.04	1.11 .97 .97 .93 .85 .85 .106	66.
kcal Thia-: min :	Mg	0.89	88. 88. 88. 88. 88. 88. 88. 88. 88. 88.		.77
per 1,000 :Vita- : :min A : :value :	미	4,627 3,340 2,454 3,484	2,964 4,066 3,098 1,879 2,071 3,622 4,074 5,261	3,539 3,021 2,398 2,400 3,006 2,501 4,774 4,582	3,526
Nutrient property phorus	Mg	908 703 663 673	670 585 620 626 606 628 594 649	642 597 647 780 605 704 642 656	654
Nagne-:	M	163 136 120 128	125 1115 1111 123 129 151 134 150	133 116 128 166 126 307 164 163	153
Iron:	Mg	14.8 6.8 7.1 7.2	7.5.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.0	7. 6.3 7.3 8.6 8.0 8.0	7.4
cium cium	₩ BW	1,124 571 523 520	475 441 418 381 353 373 373 362 409	455 405 441 426 344 391 357 429 478	419
Carbo-: hydrate:	۵۱	113.1 121.2 117.4 112.3	109.7 1111.4 103.6 110.7 112.8 100.1 98.0 102.5	111.7 115.3 112.2 99.6 104.7 103.7 103.6 115.1	107.9
Fat:	ات	42.4 40.6 41.7 42.6	42.5 45.8 46.8 43.2 42.1 46.0 46.7 47.3	42.3 44.2 47.3 44.3 45.2 45.2 44.4	44.3
Pro- tein	ত।	36.4 39.9 40.4 42.6	43.9 37.8 41.8 38.1 42.7 42.0 41.9	43.7 443.7 443.7 444.4 41.9 41.9	41.8
Food energy in total diet	Kcal	778 1,121 1,448 1,558	1,810 2,213 2,378 2,367 2,294 2,294 2,021 1,919 1,744	1,775 1,586 1,736 1,456 1,450 1,441 1,449 1,333	1,673
Individuals:	Number	311 50 51 45	23 26 40 40 58 41 81	27 25 39 56 104 77 118 117	³1,222
Sex and age :In (years)		Males and females: Under 1	Males: 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64 75 and over	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	All individuals

¹Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.

²1976 household income before taxes. ³Excludes 1 breast-fed infant.

TABLE 3.6c.--NUTRIENTS PER 1,000 KILOCALORIES

Average intake per individual in a day, spring 1977

48 States, all urbanizations, income \$6,000-\$9,9992

Number   Kcal   G   G   Mg   Mg   Mg   1U   Mg   Mg   Mg   Mg   Mg   Mg   Mg   M	abe pue xes	Individuals	Food	Pro-		Carbo-:	. Cal-:	1	Magne-:	Nutrient: Phos-	per 1,	000 kcal : Thia- :	Ribo-		Vita-:	Vita-:	Vita-
Number   Kcal   G   G   G   Mg   Mg   Mg   Mg   Mg	(years)		in total	tein	at	ydrate	cium	Iron:	sium	phorus	min A : value :	nim 	flavin	: forme : niaci	B ₆	B ₁₂	E O
Secondary   Seco		Number		5	ठ।	5	Mg	₩ Ø	Mg	Mg	IU	Mg	Mg	Mg	Mg	Mcg	W G
1. 22 1.948 42.3 45.0 109.2 486 6.3 124 662 2.907 .67 1.01 10.1 7.8 2.22 1.86 9.3 3.9 2.601 41.2 46.7 105.2 383 6.9 124 623 2.198 .63 .85 9.3 .77 2.10 2.001 41.2 46.7 105.2 383 6.9 124 623 2.198 .63 .85 9.3 .77 2.10 2.002 43.5 40.1 44.4 102.1 383 6.4 119 611 2.223 .64 .95 10.5 .88 3 2.27 10.0 2.002 43.5 46.9 97.1 317 7.6 124 615 3.837 .66 .95 10.4 .78 4.9 11.0 2.002 43.5 46.9 97.1 317 7.6 124 615 3.837 .66 .95 10.4 .78 4.9 11.0 5.202 43.5 44.9 100.2 2.002 43.5 44.9 100.2 2.002 43.5 44.9 100.2 2.002 43.5 44.9 100.2 2.002 43.5 44.9 100.2 2.002 43.5 44.9 100.2 2.002 43.5 40.2 97.1 317 7.6 124 615 3.837 .66 .95 10.4 .78 4.9 11.5 6.5 10.4 .78 10.2 9.0 11.5 8.8 10.4 .78 10.2 9.0 11.5 8.8 10.4 .78 10.2 9.0 11.5 8.8 10.4 .78 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.4 .78 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5 8.8 10.5	Males and females: Under 1	er)	1,190 1,343 1,651	41.9 40.5 40.1 38.1	41.9 43.3 41.4 42.2	101.1 114.5 118.3	935 685 477 447	15.6 8.3 6.7 6.1	147 141 120 116	831 744 643 610	3,700 2,842 2,427 2,036	0.95	1.33 1.33 1.02 1.95	10.1	0.81 .77 .75	3.82 2.86 2.16 2.02	70 54 46 41
9-11	Males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 75 and over.	22 46 39 30 100 80 80 85 65	1,948 2,252 2,252 2,601 2,608 2,092 2,161 1,854	42.3 36.5 41.2 40.1 44.1 41.6 40.2	45.0 446.7 446.7 488.2 466.9 466.9	109.2 120.7 105.2 102.1 96.7 97.1 100.5	486 3393 3833 3317 404 369	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	124 113 116 116 145 160	662 578 623 611 600 615 625 653 585	2,907 2,060 2,198 2,273 1,923 1,923 3,837 2,558 3,577		1.01 1.88. 1.99. 1.99. 1.99.		78 77 77 70 73 73 90 90	2.22 1.86 2.10 2.27 1.99 4.49 2.35 2.34	48 30 30 33 33 55
31,293 1,820 41.5 44.9 107.4 402 7.1 136 632 2,963 .69 .93 10.3 .80 2.49 4	ā	37 42 66 66 136 120 120 72	1,914 1,828 1,840 1,740 1,538 1,506 1,543 1,416	39.8 40.0 40.4 39.2 45.6 42.2 42.2 42.0 38.1	442.1 444.3 445.3 445.7 46.4 41.1	118.5 111.8 111.1 110.7 104.5 104.0 114.0	492 4235 426 4016 416 322 322 414	7499999	136 120 119 125 145 141 158	670 637 632 663 663 666 644	2,557 1,627 2,748 2,841 2,915 2,868 3,422 5,280		1.08 	9.9 8.9 9.9 11.1 10.9 12.0	88. 80. 80. 76. 82. 79. 89.	2.31 1.94 1.94 1.93 2.16 2.91 3.69 6.79	45 34 54 50 57 72 84
	All individuals		1,820	41.5	44.9	107.4	402	7.1	136	632	2,963	•	.93	10.3	-80	2.49	49

⁹² 

TABLE 3.6d.--NUTRIENTS PER 1,000 KILOCALORIES

Average intake per individual in a day. spring 1977

48 States, all urbanizations, income \$10,000-\$15,999

1 1,

• • • •		Food					Nutrie	Nutrient per	1,000 kg	kcal						
Sex and age (years)	Individuals	_ [e	Pro- tein	Fat:h	Carbo-: hydrate:	Cal-:	Iron:	Magne-: sium	Phos	ita- in A alue	Thia- min	Ribo- flavin	: Pre- : formed : : niacin :	Vita-: min: B6:	Vita- min B12	Vita min C
	Number	Kcal	5	ات	۵۱	₩ B	₩ Mg	E D	Mg	D]	Mg	Mg	₩ B	₩ Ø	Mcg	Mg
Males and females: Under 1	331 482 98 122	744 1,161 1,497 1,714	35.0 40.0 37.1 38.4	36.5 42.3 42.2 41.7	126.7 117.5 121.1 120.4	1,088 695 527 512	28.8 6.7 7.3 6.8	170 138 129 123	856 776 666 671	5,385 2,827 2,823 2,365	1.35	2.17 1.28 1.16	13.5 7.7 9.4 9.7	0.83 .80 .84	2.75 2.75 2.90 2.54	116 59 45 45
Males: 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	43 74 74 192 180 127 14	2,002 2,531 2,759 2,362 2,435 2,438 1,958 2,178	35.5 37.8 38.2 41.6 39.5 40.2 39.2	44455.744465.0944465.097469	117.0 112.5 113.4 101.1 102.4 97.8 94.1 106.8	453 428 438 363 362 347 318 373 471	7.7.05 2.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.7.05 7.05	117 116 119 119 130 149 155	605 599 615 600 613 612 603 663	2,071 2,171 2,069 1,975 2,187 2,481 3,483 2,647 2,748		1.06 1.02 1.02 88 .885 .845 .92	9.9.9.10.4 10.4 9.8 11.6 11.2	47	2.022.032 2.032.032 2.132.032 2.136.036	33 33 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
Females: 12-14. 15-18. 15-18. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64. 75 and over.	49 70 57 68 234 182 151 151 55	1,789 1,972 1,622 1,579 1,537 1,537 1,581 1,581	37.0 38.9 38.6 45.1 42.5 44.0 42.5	444 4455.140 447.170 443.170 5.044	125.0 111.6 110.3 101.2 103.1 98.9 97.8 110.9	464 470 454 397 392 391 348 419	99997777	128 115 116 129 147 219 163 156	628 625 645 644 662 664 664	2,415 2,569 2,126 3,147 3,218 3,801 3,403 2,618	087.999.00 087.999.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00 0894.00	1.06 1.02 98 86 94	10.0 9.5 9.35 10.3 10.7 10.7	87.7.7.7.88.8.8 8.0.0.7.8.8.8.8.8 8.0.0.7.8.8.8.8.8	2.14 2.23 2.23 2.13 2.13	50 443 522 522 622 623 623
All individuals	51,995	1,884	40.7	45.2	106.4	425	7.3	144	643	2,802	.71	.97	10.5	.78	2.58	49
¹ Based on 24-hour dietary recall of interview. ² 1976 household income before taxes.	24-hour dietary recall ehold income before ta		day precedi	ing		Excludes Excludes Excludes	es 10 b	10 breast-fed infants. 1 breast-fed infant. 11 breast-fed infants.	ed infar ed infar ed infa	ants. nt. ints.						

TABLE 3.6e.--NUTRIENTS PER 1,000 KILOCALORIES

Average intake per individual in a day, spring 1977

48 States, all urbanizations, income \$16,000 or more 2

Vita- min C	Mg	105 74 55 56	48 44 44 42 42 53 66	55 47 48 48 52 54 74 100 61	52
/ita- : min : B ₁₂ :	Mcg	2.86 2.60 2.89 2.83	2.30 2.37 2.36 2.35 2.35 2.44 2.74	2.07 2.30 2.24 2.12 2.23 3.12 2.30 2.01	2.48
Vita-: V min : B6 :	₩ W	0.81 .76 .78 .82	.77 .77 .77 .76 .77 .83 .83 .84	77 77 77 78 78 88 88 88 80 80	.79
Pre- : formed : niacin :	₩ W	11.1 9.0 9.8	9.5 9.8 9.6 10.2 10.9 10.9 11.1	9.6 9.3 9.6 10.2 11.3 11.6	10.3
Ribo- : flavin :	Mg	1.74 1.20 1.08	1.08 1.08 1.01 882 887 877 997	1.03 .988 .886 .886 .833 .873	.92
kcal hia-: min:	Mg	1.01 .75 .73	.74 .69 .62 .65 .63 .68	74 	. 68
Vita-: 1 win A:	ᆲ	3,955 2,709 2,827 3,115	2,020 2,370 2,173 1,994 2,431 2,473 3,209 2,773 3,204	2,237 2,138 2,259 2,445 2,766 3,173 4,058 3,004 3,015	2,753
Vutrient por Phos :: phorus ::	Mg	776 722 753 681	612 641 631 635 606 614 605 623	615 633 623 623 623 625 640 640 592	628
Nut Magne-: sium:	Mg	150 140 127 130	122 125 121 121 127 144 145 149	124 120 120 127 142 163 169 151	139
Iron:	. B	19.0 7.0 6.5 6.5	6.55 6.55 7.7.1 3.7.1	6.2 6.2 6.2 6.8 7.6 7.0	6.9
Cal-:	Mg	858 629 484 531	439 488 457 414 343 337 333 338 339	455 471 434 371 382 348 368 337 360	403
Carbo- : hydrate :	91	121.4 118.3 118.8 121.4	117.6 113.4 111.2 99.9 98.5 96.4 97.4 111.6	123.3 115.7 111.4 106.6 103.5 98.7 104.0 106.0	105.9
Fat		38.4 41.4 42.1 41.1	42.4 44.2 44.5 46.5 46.3 46.6 47.7	40.9 442.8 44.0 46.2 44.9 46.4 46.6 43.2	44.8
Pro-:	51	37.6 41.3 39.5 38.8	38.6 39.3 40.0 43.6 42.0 42.7 40.2 44.8	37.4 40.0 40.0 42.2 43.6 43.6 43.5 41.1	41.5
Food energy in total diet	Kcal	781 1,236 1,458 1,789	2,058 2,308 2,746 2,682 2,246 2,285 2,233 2,166	1,833 2,019 1,764 1,667 1,531 1,591 1,457 1,332	1,946
Individuals	Number	3 22 4 70 158 181	76 128 156 93 297 243 333	92 110 167 396 345 222 292 29	53,305
Sex and age : I (years)		Males and females: Under 1	Males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64. 75 and over	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	All individuals

¹Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.
²1976 household income before taxes.

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

TABLE 3.6f.--NUTRIENTS PER 1,000 KILOCALORIES

Average intake per individual in a day, spring 1977

48 States, all urbanizations, income not reported

Sex and age (years)	Individuals	Food energy in total	Pro-: tein:	L L	: Carbo- :	Cal-: cium:	Iron:	Nutr : Magne-: : sium :	Nutrient persection of the per	per 1,000 -:Vita-:1 s:min A: :value:	kcal hia-: min	Ribo- flavin	Pre- : formed : niacin :	Vita-: min : B6 :	Vita-: min: B ₁₂ :	Vita- min C
	Number	Kcal	5	51	51	Mg	Mg	Mg	Mg	<u>11</u>	Mg	Mg	W B	Mg	Mcg	Mg
Males and females: Under 1	24 36 57 64	1,172 1,069 1,371 1,789	37.9 39.6 37.6 39.3	44.6 39.3 41.1 43.1	99.7 123.2 122.7 117.2	1,102 550 533 501	24.5 7.3 6.4 6.7	176 127 126 130	880 688 677	4,439 2,841 2,228 2,866	1.18	2.18 1.20 1.11 1.07	11.2 8.9 9.2 9.7	0.77 .68 .75 .80	3.33 2.67 2.30 2.40	94 43 45
Males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34.	52 54 91 123 141	2,019 2,495 2,745 2,581 2,420 2,357	40.6 40.7 40.2 39.8 39.7 43.4	42.6 44.5 45.2 45.2 43.8	115.6 111.1 110.1 102.8 104.3	473 490 448 339 342	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	124 129 120 123 142	653 672 646 630 590 630	2,351 2,170 2,289 1,680 2,308 2,835	.82 .76 .58 .61	1.17 1.07 1.07 .95 .84	100 001	. 73 . 77 . 71 . 74	2.94 2.32 2.04 1.93 2.53 2.86	35 39 44 29 36 45
51-64	127 74 36	2,002 2,045 1,722	43.6 42.8 43.9	44.4 47.9 46.2	103.8 104.6 104.6	379 363 351	7.9	160 147 154	661 648 687	4,099 4,757 3,056	.71	1.01	10.9	88.4.88	6.71 5.07 1.96	54 44 53
Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	36 62 73 62 130 181 181 104	2,063 1,798 1,754 1,593 1,581 1,488 1,488 1,435	37.7 36.5 40.0 41.7 41.1 44.3 45.1 42.3	43.8 43.4 44.1 44.1 45.1 44.2	117.0 119.3 115.0 109.9 105.7 102.3 110.3	454 461 430 426 339 329 339 386 417	359327300	135 117 128 129 150 160 158 170	626 646 647 650 637 636 642 649	2,135 2,116 2,062 2,377 2,849 3,096 4,654 6,220 4,725	7	.993 .933 .922 .900 1.00 1.00	0888.01 0.09.02 0.01 0.1111 0.11111	71 67 68 . 78 . 86 . 88 . 91	1.90 2.25 1.97 3.66 3.22 2.27 2.27 2.74	42 449 47 56 48 68 73 76
All individuals	21,805	1,860	41.6	44.4	108.0	400	7.1	143	644	3,163	69°	.95	10.3	.80	3.20	52
¹ Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.	r dietary re	call of de	ay prec	edi ng		² Exclu	Excludes 6	oreast-	breast-fed infants.	ants.						

TABLE 4.1.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF FOOD OBTAINED AND EATEN AWAY FROM HOME Percentage of a day's' intake per individual, spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

Sex and age (years)	Individuals (number)	Individuals eating away (percent)	s: Food : energy	Pro-		Carbo- hydrate	Cal-	Iron	Magne-: sium	Phos-	Vita- min A value	Thia- min	Ribo- flavin:	Preformed : niacin :	Vita-: min: B6:	Vita -: min : B12 :	Vita- min C
Males and females: Under 1	278 3264 437 469	6.4 25.0 33.4 49.7	1.9 9.6 14.3	1.7 9.0 13.9 19.8	2.1 9.7 14.4 20.2	1.8 9.7 14.3	1.4 7.4 11.9 20.5	1.5 8.7 13.1 17.0	1.5 8.3 18.7	1.5 8.4 19.0	2.0 7.3 10.4 17.0	0.8 8.1 12.2 16.7	1.1 7.8 12.2 18.7	1.1 9.4 13.6 17.6	2.0 8.4 12.4 17.0	1.7 7.9 12.2 19.6	2.1 8.1 11.7 17.3
Males: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64 55-74	216 313 400 287 770 784 634 295	51.4 55.0 52.3 66.4 66.4 23.0 16.5	20.2 19.7 21.2 24.3 26.6 22.0 15.2 10.5	19.9 19.9 19.8 23.7 25.7 25.7 15.2 10.7	20.8 19.6 23.8 23.8 22.0 11.0 11.0	20.1 20.1 21.4 24.3 26.7 22.3 15.3 6.4	20.0 22.0 20.0 20.7 24.3 20.6 14.1 7.7	18.1 17.7 19.0 19.0 225.8 225.8 14.5	18.7 119.6 119.4 119.4 225.0 255.0 114.0 8.8	19.5 20.6 20.8 22.8 25.6 14.8 7.1	18.3 17.3 16.0 20.7 222.0 19.5 13.8 8.7	16.8 17.8 18.6 20.6 24.5 13.5 8.1	18,7 19,6 19,7 21,1 24,7 21,1 14,5 8,2	18.6 17.3 19.3 22.9 26.3 22.1 15.1 10.5	18.0 17.3 17.3 120.7 120.7 19.3 7.0	19.7 20.3 20.6 21.9 21.4 14.9 7.3	18.0 16.8 15.3 221.9 19.1 11.8 6.1
Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	241 309 402 337 337 949 942 792 377	49.4 55.3 50.1 50.1 47.5 47.5 15.2	20.3 19.9 25.0 25.1 23.6 13.3 11.6	21.0 18.7 24.6 24.6 23.0 17.5 112.9 8.4	21.7 20.0 25.3 24.5 24.1 18.3 12.4 8.5	19.4 25.1 25.1 25.5 22.9 17.6 10.4 5.9	20.8 223.7 223.7 21.5 11.9 9.9	18.3 17.6 23.6 24.6 23.0 17.1 10.7	18.7 18.9 223.6 22.2 22.2 11.8 9.7	20.3 19.5 24.6 24.3 22.6 17.3 11.0	16.7 15.6 22.7 22.9 21.4 11.9 10.7	17.2 22.3.2 22.3.3 11.6 5.9	19.3 18.2 23.2 23.5 21.8 21.8 10.6 10.4	18.4 17.9 23.5 23.1 23.1 17.1 12.4 11.2	17.5 16.7 223.3 224.7 222.4 11.9 10.6	20.5 18.7 24.6 22.0 16.7 11.4	15.7 16.0 19.6 21.2 21.0 15.1 7.1
All individuals	, 49,620	43.7	18.8	18.5	19.0	18.6	17.5	17.6	17.5	18.2	16.2	16.7	17.3	18.0	17.2	17.9	15.4
¹ Based on 24-hou interview. ² Excludes 36 bre	24-hour dietary recall of day preceding 36 breast-fed infants.	call of day nts.	precedin	5		3 Exc.	Excludes 4 breast-fed infants.	4 breast-fed infants. 40 breast-fed infants	fed inf	ants. Ifants.							

TABLE 4.2.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF FOOD OBTAINED AND EATEN AWAY FROM HOME Percentage of a day's¹ intake per individual eating away, spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

Sex and age :Individuals: eating away (years) : (number) : Num-: Per- : cent	Males and females: 278 Under 1 3264 3-5 437 6-8 469	Males: 216 12-14	Females: 241 12-14 309 15-18 402 19-22 337 23-34 949 35-50 942 51-64 792 75 and over 197	All individuals 49,620
Indiv eatin Num-: ber:	5 66 146 233	111 169 220 150 465 426 247 247 21	1119 1711 2100 169 4511 382 260 87 30	4,206
1 1	6.4 25.0 33.4 49.7	51.00 54.00 55.00 55.00 560.44 54.33 16.53	555.3 57.3 57.3 57.3 57.3 57.3 57.3 57.3	43.7
Food	27.7 38.3 42.8 39.4	39.6 38.4 38.6 46.4 44.1 40.4 38.9 45.7	41.0 36.0 47.9 50.0 49.7 44.4 40.5 50.5	43.0
Pro-:	25.0 36.1 41.7 39.8	38.3 37.7 44.7 42.7 39.6 38.9 46.6	42.5 47.8 48.8 48.5 43.0 52.2 54.5	42.2
Fat:hy	30.8 38.9 43.1 40.7	450.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2 200.2	4486.17 486.17 4450.07 4420.07 7420.07	43.5
Carbo-:	26.4 38.9 38.5	39.3 37.3 39.0 44.2 44.2 39.2 38.8	39.1 48.1 48.1 48.2 48.2 443.2 38.9	42.5
Cium	20.2 29.5 35.6 41.2	33.55 33.55 34.09 34.09 34.09 34.09 34.09	422.0 455.4 455.4 455.0 455.2 455.2 415.3 433.1	39.9 4
Iron: s	21.4 2 34.8 3 39.2 3	35.5 3 32.8 3 32.8 3 33.6 4 42.7 4 38.8 3 37.3 3 42.3 3	37.0 3 31.8 3 31.8 3 45.3 4 48.3 4 48.3 4 42.0 3 37.1 3 46.7 4	40.3 3
Magne-: P	21.4 33.2 39.2 37.7	36.6 35.3 35.3 35.3 38.8 38.2 41.8	37.8 445.3 446.8 446.8 440.4 440.4	39.9 4
Phos-	21.6 33.7 39.0 39.9	38.2 38.1 37.8 37.8 42.4 42.4 42.4 40.7 43.5	40.9 47.1 48.5 47.4 42.6 47.4 47.6 47.7	41.5
Vita-: min A: value:	29.6 29.1 31.3	35.7 39.2 39.2 39.2 36.5 37.8 37.8	33. 28.2 39.2 45.6 45.0 46.2 46.2 46.3	37.0
Thia- min	11.6 32.5 36.7 33.7	323.0 333.0 333.0 333.0 34.0 35.3 35.3	34.7 31.6 40.8 46.2 47.0 47.0 35.3 38.2	38.3
Ribo- flavin	16.4 31.3 36.5 37.6	33.7.08 3.08 3.08 3.08 3.08 3.08 3.08 3.08 3	0.0444444 0.0446444 0.046444 0.046444	39.7
Preformed niacin	15.9 37.4 40.9 35.4	88888888888888888888888888888888888888	337.12 445.12 7.22 7.37 7.38 7.38 7.38	41.1
Vita- min B6	28 33.3 34.2	35.2 32.6 32.6 43.4 40.9 36.6 40.8	35.4 30.2 44.6 49.3 47.1 41.4 36.1 46.1	39.4
Vita- min B ₁₂	24.8 31.7 36.4 39.5	38.5 37.7 37.7 41.8 41.0 41.0	447.1 47.1 47.1 46.2 49.7 49.7	41.0
Vita- min C	31.0 32.4 35.2 34.8	35.2 31.0 27.8 41.8 35.2 35.2 36.4 36.4	31.8 228.9 37.5 42.3 44.3 37.2 30.2 31.0	35.3

 $^{1}\text{Based}$  on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding  3  interview.  $^{2}\text{Excludes}$  36 breast-fed infants.

³Excludes 4 breast-fed infants. ⁴Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 5.1a.--FREQUENCY OF EATING
Percentage¹ of individuals reporting specified number of eating occasions in a day,² spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

	13 or more	0000	9 00 *00000	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	
••	175	0000	mmm N	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	÷
		0000	422	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	<b>-</b>
	10	1.0	00 00	40000	.2
ing	5	6.1	0	4.6. 4.5. 7. 0	9.
of eating	ω	2.6	0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0.4	6.
Frequency of	7	11.5 7.0 2.1 3.4	3.54	2.55 2.55 2.9 2.9 5.6	2.5
Frequ	9	21.1 12.8 10.5 4.3	7.1 8.4 7.5 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.0 4.0	044804001 040804001	6.1
• •	ro.	26.5 22.0 15.0 17.5	18.6 17.2 14.6 12.3 13.6 15.7 10.8 4.0	17.2 13.6 13.6 13.5 16.3 16.3 10.8	14.3
• •	4	21.7 25.4 28.3 36.1	24.1 28.7 28.0 24.2 24.7 23.7 28.9 24.2	37.7 36.9 28.7 25.1 25.1 25.1 22.6 22.3	27.6
	m	26.9 33.4 33.4	34.3 38.0 38.0 40.6 40.6 41.5 57.5	33.9 34.2 38.0 43.0 38.6 37.7 42.4 57.2	39.2
• •	7	0 2.2 3.1 4.0	5.4 13.9 12.6 12.6 7.4 8.3 8.3	11.0.2 11.0.2 11.9.6 5.6 5.6	7.4
• •	. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0 .5	0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	7.4 E	٥.
: : : : : :	(number)	3 78 4 264 437 469	216 313 400 287 770 784 634 295 127	241 309 402 337 949 792 377	59,620
	(years)	Males and females: Under 1	Males: 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	All individuals

¹Percentages may not add to 100 because of rounding.
²Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.
³Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

⁴Excludes 4 breast-fed infants. ⁵Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.

Percentage to findividuals reporting specified number of each eating occasion in a day, spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes TABLE 5.1b. -- FREQUENCY OF EACH EATING OCCASION

	1 or more	45.4 12.7 7.7 4.1	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac$	8.5.5.5.3.8 6.2.4.0 6.6.2	7.7
	Other 0 1	54.5 87.3 92.4 95.9	96.1 95.5 94.7 91.7 90.7 93.1	95.2 94.6 94.5 90.0 90.0 93.3	92.3
	4 or more	9.0 7.0 4.0 4.0	11.73444365	<u> </u>	4.0
	m	15.3 8.9 7.6	7.0 7.0 8.1 6.0 7.4 6.3	5. 2. 4. 4. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5.	6.3
	Snacks 4	12.5 23.2 19.9	19.7 116.0 17.2 17.3 15.9 10.7	18.6 20.5 18.0 15.2 18.4 17.4	16.6
	Sna	27.5 24.3 27.2 37.6	40 333.9 28.3 32.3 30.8 30.8	33 33 33 33 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 3	32.4
	0	34.8 34.0 41.9 35.6	32.1 37.5 35.7 44.6 441.1 43.5 61.3	34.2 31.0 39.8 40.6 40.6 42.3 59.3	40.7
	2 or more	08.6.4	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	r,
	Supper	64.1 59.7 60.1 55.7	53.7 53.7 54.8 50.9 51.4 53.1	54.8 56.3 50.3 47.4 48.4 51.7 53.7	52.1
sucy	Su 0	34 39.5 43.9	444 448 448 444 444 444 444 444 444 444	445.2 445.2 451.5 453.2 453.3 453.3 453.3	47.6
Frequency	2 or: more:	1.2	0.2.4.7.9.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	1.6 0 1.9 2 4 4	್ಬ
	Dinner 1	33.4 42.3 41.1 45.0	47.2 46.7 46.7 48.7 49.3 50.5	46.5 47.5 47.7 47.7 48.6 51.2 55.0	48.3
	0	65.4 57.3 58.2 55.0	52.8 52.6 52.6 54.0 50.7 50.1 48.1 41.2	51.9 50.5 50.5 50.5 50.5 448.3 445.4	51.1
	2 or more	7.4 1.6 2.1 2.4	2.12.13.13.13.13.13.13.13.13.13.13.13.13.13.	1.7 2.3 2.3 2.1 2.0 1.2	2.2
	Lunch ³	71.1 80.1 83.2 84.9	82.8 74.7 72.7 72.6 75.9 69.3	81.1 78.8 773.7 74.2 74.3 72.5 63.2	74.9
	0	21.5 18.2 14.7	15.0 23.2 23.2 24.3 22.6 22.7 35.9	17.3 18.4 225.2 23.3 23.6 25.5 35.0	23.0
	t 2 or: more:	1.2033	111122200	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 5 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	2.1
	Breakfast 1 2	87.3 92.5 95.6	91.4 90.9 84.7 68.7 73.2 82.1 888.6 94.1	93.9 75.8 75.8 74.2 86.7 86.7 93.9	84.1
	0 Br	10.4 1.2 4.5 3.5	7.5 13.9 25.4 25.4 16.0 8.6 1.7	14.6 223.2 228.9 24.1 14.6 2.6 2.6	13.8
	Individuals: (number)	678 7264 437 469	216 313 400 287 770 784 634 127	241 309 402 337 949 772 377	89,620
	Sex and age :In (years) : (	Males and females: Under 1	Males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	All individuals

⁶Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.
⁷Excludes 4 breast-fed infants.
⁸Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.

¹Percentages may not add to 100 because of rounding.
² Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.
³ Includes brunch.
⁴ Includes coffee and beverage breaks.
⁵ Includes eating occasions named by respondent as something other than breakfast, lunch, brunch, dinner, snack, coffee or beverage break, and eating occasions with no name reported.

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

TABLE 5.2.--TIME OF DAY OF EATING OCCASIONS
Percentage reported at specified times, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

TABLE 5.3a.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF BREAKFAST
Percentage of a day's intake per individual, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

Sex and age years)	Food Individuals: energy (number) :	Food s: energy	Pro- tein	Fat	: Carbo- : hydrate	Cal-	Iron	Magne-: sium :	Phos- phorus	: Vita- : min A : value	Thia- min	Ribo- : flavin :	Preformed	Vita- min B6	Vita-: min B ₁₂ :	Vita- min C
Males and females: Under 1 3-5	2 78 3 264 437 469	20.8 23.4 22.3.4	19.1 23.9 21.6 20.3	18.2 23.0 20.5 18.9	23.0 30.8 26.2 26.4	25.2 34.0 33.7 32.4	39.6 35.0 29.8 28.2	23.9 29.3 26.9 25.9	23.1 29.0 27.5 26.3	14.1 34.7 36.6 36.5	35.5 40.5 35.4	29.1 37.1 36.2	34.7 30.9 25.8 25.9	22.2 32.1 31.1 30.8	18.5 31.7 33.0 32.2	22.9 37.1 38.2
Males: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64 65-74	216 313 400 287 770 784 634 5295	20.2 20.2 17.6 15.8 16.9 22.9 22.9	18.1 17.9 15.8 14.7 12.9 15.1 19.3	17.3 17.6 15.6 15.7 114.1 116.3 116.3	24.1 24.8 20.8 18.2 17.3 18.5 21.8 22.8 31.7	31.3 30.8 25.3 25.0 21.5 23.7 28.8	25.5 24.9 21.3 17.0 16.8 17.6 21.2 28.2	23.1 22.9 20.8 18.8 18.1 19.6 23.7 30.0	24.3 23.6 20.4 18.5 16.8 16.0 18.8 24.4	35.7 31.1 27.6 21.9 119.4 118.6 21.6 26.3	34.3 27.1 22.3 21.0 21.2 21.2 24.7 33.5 34.5	35.0 23.4 20.8 20.8 20.2 20.2 32.2	24.9 18.8 14.2 14.4 18.9 25.6	29.2 24.0 21.6 15.2 13.8 12.9 16.7 23.7 23.7	30.4 28.4 24.2 21.7 18.9 17.8 20.6 24.0 28.8	33.7 28.4 28.4 20.4 21.3 119.3 27.4
Females: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64 55-74	241 309 402 337 949 792 7792	20.7 16.3 16.5 14.4 15.8 17.7 21.9	18.0 17.1 14.4 12.4 12.7 14.1 18.3	17.0 16.3 14.2 12.3 12.3 17.6 20.0	25.0 21.3 19.5 20.1 17.9 20.8 23.8 30.9	31.6 28.3 24.5 23.3 19.7 22.6 24.2 28.2	25.2 20.4 18.3 17.4 16.5 18.2 20.8 26.4	24.2 20.6 19.3 20.7 19.1 23.1 25.7 30.5	24.0 21.2 18.7 17.6 15.5 16.8 23.6	34.3 28.88.8 22.8.8 118.8 118.7 20.0 24.3 25.5	34.5 27.0 27.0 22.6 22.6 22.6 31.6 34.6	34.0 24.5 22.1 19.8 27.3 29.3	23.6 18.6 17.0 16.2 15.2 17.0 19.4 24.3	28.1 18.2 15.7 14.0 14.3 16.1 22.5	30.4 26.1 21.5 19.3 17.6 17.0 19.1 22.8 24.3	36.2 28.7 23.9 24.3 21.0 22.9 27.1 31.3
All individuals	, 49,620	18.2	15.8	15.7	22.2	25.5	21.6	23.0	20.1	24.0	26.7	25.6	19.5	19.3	22.3	26.5
Based on 24-hour interview. Excludes 36 brea	24-hour dietary recall of day precedi 36 breast-fed infants.	ecall of a	day pre	cedi ng		m ±	³Excludes LExcludes	es 4 brees 40 br	4 breast-fed infants. 40 breast-fed infants.	infants d infant						

TABLE 5.3b.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF BREAKFAST
Percentage of a day's¹ intake per individual reporting breakfast, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

Sex and age (years)	Individuals (number)	: Individuals : reporting : breakfast	Food :	Pro- tein	Fat	Carbo-: hydrate:	Cal-: cium:	Iron:	Magne- sium	Phos-	Vita- min A value	Thia- min	Ribo-: flavin:	Preformed: niacin	Vita-: min: B ₆ :	Vita-: min: B ₁₂ :	Vita- min C
Males and females: Under 1 1-Z	278 3264 437 469	88 69 69 89 69 89 69 69	23.2 26.7 24.4 23.2	21.3 24.2 22.6 21.0	20.3 23.3 21.5 19.6	25.7 31.2 27.4 27.4	28.1 34.4 35.3 33.6	44.2 35.4 31.2 29.2	26.7 29.7 28.2 26.8	25.8 29.3 27.2	15.8 35.1 38.4 37.8	39.7 41.0 37.1	32.5 37.6 37.9	38.7 31.2 27.0 26.9	24.8 32.5 32.6 31.9	20.6 32.1 34.6 33.3	25.6 37.5 39.6
Males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	216 313 400 287 770 784 634 127	92.5 92.2 86.1 70.6 74.6 84.0 91.4 98.3	21.9 22.5 20.4 22.4 19.9 19.7 24.1 26.9	19.6 119.4 118.3 115.4 116.5 22.3	18.7 19.1 18.0 21.8 18.9 16.3 17.8 20.5	26.00 28.00 28.00 28.00 28.00 30.59	33. 33. 35. 35. 31. 31. 31. 31.	27.6 27.0 24.8 24.1 22.5 22.5 23.2 29.7 30.6	25.0 24.2 24.2 26.5 24.2 23.3 25.9 31.6	26.3 22.3 22.3 22.5 22.5 27.7 27.7	38.6 33.7 32.1 31.0 26.0 22.2 23.6 27.7	37.0 34.6 31.5 31.5 28.2 25.2 27.0 35.3 35.1	37.9 31.4 31.4 27.8 27.8 25.0 32.3 32.3	26.9 23.7 20.1 20.1 19.4 17.5 27.0 26.2	31.6 26.0 25.1 21.5 18.4 18.3 25.0	32.8 30.8 28.1 30.8 25.3 22.5 22.5 25.3 29.3	36.4 32.9 32.9 28.8 28.6 22.9 26.3 31.6
Females: 9-11. 12.14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	241 309 402 337 949 942 792 197	95.4 85.6 76.8 71.1 75.9 90.4 96.4	21.7 21.3 21.4 22.8 18.9 18.5 19.6 22.8	18.9 20.0 18.8 20.3 16.3 14.9 15.7 19.0	17.8 19.0 18.5 16.2 15.2 15.8 18.3	26.2 28.3 28.3 28.3 26.4 29.0 31.6	33.1 33.0 31.9 32.8 25.9 26.5 26.5 30.8	26.4 23.8 24.4 21.8 21.3 23.0 27.4	25.4 25.1 25.1 25.1 27.1 27.1 28.5 33.0	25.2 24.8 24.3 20.4 19.7 21.0 24.5	36.0 33.7 29.7 26.4 25.0 21.9 22.1 25.3	36.1 31.6 31.6 31.6 26.5 28.3 35.8	35.6 33.5 31.1 26.0 28.2 28.4	24.7 21.8 22.1 22.8 20.1 19.9 25.2 25.2	29.5 23.7 22.1 18.4 16.7 17.9 23.4	31.9 30.5 30.5 28.0 27.1 23.2 19.9 21.1 23.7 24.9	37.9 33.5 31.2 34.2 27.7 26.8 30.1 32.5
All individuals	, 49,620	86.2	21.1	18.3	18.2	25.8	29.6	25.1	26.7	23.3	27.8	30.9	29.7	22.6	22.3	25.9	30°7
¹ Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day precedi	ur dietary r	ecall of day	preceding				Excludes Excludes	les 4 b	reast-f breast-	4 breast-fed infants. 40 breast-fed infants	nts. ants.						

'Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.

²Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 5.4a.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF LUNCH
Percentage of a day's¹ intake per individual, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

/ita- min C	17.2 14.2 17.5	4rv004r	w000110011	.2
		25. 21. 17. 19. 18. 21. 21. 17.	20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,2	19.
Vita min B ₁₂	19.7 19.9 23.3 26.1	25.23 26.4.4.8 22.23 23.09 20.09 20.09	26.3 27.3 27.3 27.7 27.7 22.3 22.3	25.4
Vita-: min B6	19.7 17.7 20.1 23.2	23.4 21.7 24.0 23.2 23.6 21.2 21.1 18.2	21.5 23.6 23.6 23.8 23.5 22.2 22.3 22.3	22.3
Preformed :	15.9 20.8 26.1 27.8	26.6 22.8 24.0 26.3 25.7 22.2 19.4	26.2 23.0 25.0 24.3 22.7 20.8	24.1
Ribo- flavin:	15.0 17.4 22.1 25.0	224.4 23.2 23.2 23.2 25.0 22.5 21.7 18.9	23.9 25.6 22.9 25.2 24.9 22.8 21.9	23.5
Thia-: min	12.6 17.8 23.0 25.0	22.4 22.4 27.0 27.0 25.2 26.0 23.4 17.9	23.0 25.0 23.1 25.2 25.3 24.7 22.5 21.3	23.7
Vita- min A value	25.4 20.1 19.3 22.2	23.3 20.0 19.4 21.3 20.8 21.6 19.4 21.8	19.8 21.7 22.3 22.3 22.5 21.0 21.6	21.3
Phos- :	17.2 20.6 24.8 28.2	27.4 24.1 26.1 26.1 25.0 22.6 23.0	225.09 225.09 225.09 225.09 225.09	24.6
Magne-: sium	16.7 19.6 24.6 27.8	27.4 23.6 22.9 23.9 22.1 22.2 20.1 17.1	25.8 26.0 22.4 22.9 22.2 21.5 19.9	22.3
Iron	12.9 20.4 24.2 26.3	26.1 22.0 23.5 26.4 26.0 24.9 22.1 18.8	24.3 22.3 22.2 22.2 22.2 20.0	23.9
Cal-:	16.0 19.6 24.8 28.9	28.3 25.3 25.0 27.2 24.5 24.0 24.0 24.0	27.9 27.5 23.7 26.3 27.4 25.8 23.9 22.9	25.2
Carbo- hydrate:	18.2 21.2 25.7 27.5	27.1 23.9 26.2 26.2 26.0 25.4 27.0 21.8	25.0 26.9 23.1 24.0 22.5 22.5 19.6	24.2
т а т 	19.6 23.9 27.3 30.0	29.7 26.1 27.8 26.3 26.6 23.4 22.2	28.4 27.7 24.9 28.1 27.2 26.3 24.0 25.5	26.1
Pro-:	19.9 22.9 26.6 29.4	29.1 25.0 25.5 27.2 26.0 26.1 23.6 24.0	27.9 26.8 27.9 27.0 26.9 24.7 24.7	25.8
Food	18.9 22.6 26.4 28.6	28.3 24.3 26.7 25.3 25.3 23.1 23.4	26.9 23.9 23.3 24.9 23.1 23.1 23.1	24.9
Individuals: (number):	278 3264 437 469	216 313 400 287 770 784 634 295	241 309 402 337 949 792 772 377	49,620
Sex and age : ] (years) :	Males and females: Under 1	Males: 12-14	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 23-50. 51-64.	All individuals

interview.

Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumntion Survey 1972-78

¹Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding

³Excludes 4 breast-fed infants. ⁺Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 5.4b.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF LUNCH
Percentage of a day's¹ intake per individual reporting lunch, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

278 78.5 24.1 25.3 264 81.8 27.7 28.0 437 85.3 30.9 31.2 469 87.3 32.8 33.7 216 85.0 33.3 34.3 400 76.8 32.1 33.3 770 76.8 32.1 33.3 770 76.8 32.1 33.3 770 76.8 32.1 33.3 770 76.7 32.2 33.7 784 77.4 32.7 33.7 634 77.4 32.7 33.7 634 77.4 32.7 33.7 634 77.4 32.7 33.7 295 72.9 32.9 127 64.1 31.9 33.7	23.3 20.4 30.1 29.1 31.5 33.1 31.0 31.8 30.0 31.8 32.8 33.3 32.8 33.4 32.8 33.8	16.4 21.3 24.9 23.9 28.4 28.8 30.1 31.8 30.7 32.3 27.7 29.7 30.6 29.8 35.4 32.0 34.3 29.2 32.2 28.7 29.8 27.0 29.9 27.9	21.9 32.4 25.3 24.6 29.0 22.6 32.4 25.4 32.2 27.4 30.3 25.1 31.7 25.2 34.9 28.6 32.3 27.5 32.3 27.9 31.5 26.0					
216 85.0 33.3 34.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4	31.30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30.00 30		25. 25. 27. 26.			25.1 21.7 23.5 26.6	25.1 24.4 27.3 29.9	21.9 17.4 20.5 22.4
241 82.7 32.2 33.7 309 81.6 32.9 32.9	28.9 33.4		31.	33.3 33.7 31.5 22.9	28.7 30.3 34.4 35.2 30.9 32.3 32.3 32.2 30.3 29.6 30.3 29.6	27.5 25.8 28.3 32.1 30.7 30.5 28.5 28.5	30.1 34.3 34.5 332.2 31.2 31.2	29.8 22.6 25.9 27.3 25.6 25.6 25.7
	30.3 33.7 30.4 30.4 31.2 31.5 31.5 31.5 31.4 31.8 30.2 32.1 30.6 32.5 33.2	29.4 31.2 32.3 31.9 31.1 29.5 34.3 30.7 32.5 29.0 31.7 28.1 29.8 26.7 31.5 28.9	32.1 24.0 33.0 26.6 31.1 26.7 34.5 29.9 33.8 30.6 32.7 29.4 31.4 28.2 32.6 30.7	27.8 31.9 31.9 33.0 33.0 33.0 23.3 23.3 23.3 23.3 23.3	28.9 31.7 31.4 32.4 30.1 30.3 33.7 33.5 32.5 31.7 32.6 31.5 30.6 30.3 31.1 32.3	26.0 28.9 31.9 30.5 30.8 30.8 34.3	31.8 33.4 33.4 35.1 35.1 33.4 31.6	20.09 27.19 26.37 26.37 26.37 26.37 26.37
All individuals ⁴ 9,620 77.0 32.3 33.5 33.9	31.4 32.7	31.0 28.9	31.9 27.6	30.8	30.5 31.3	29.0	33.0	25.0

TABLE 5.5a.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF DINNER
Percentage of a day's¹ intake per individual, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

Sex and age	Individuals (number)	Food	Pro-: tein:	Fat	Carbo- hydrate:	Cal-:	Iron:	Magne-: sium :	Phos-	Vita- min A	Thia-	Ribo- flavin:	Preformed	. Vita- . min	Vita- min	: Vita-
						• ••			• • •	- 1				9,	212	
Males and females:																
Under 1	² 78 ³ 264	က က က က	9.4 16.0	35.2	7.7	8.1	6.5	8.1	3.0	11.4	6.4	7.7	7.6	8.8	2000	7.5
3-5.	437	15.4	18,3	17.2	12.8	12.0	15.4	14.6	15.2	15.1	13,1	12.9	17.4	17.0	14.5	14.0
0-8-0	469	16.6	19.1	18.4	13.7	11.7	16.5	15.5	ညိ	15.0	13,5	12.7	17.9	17.1	5.	13.5
Males:		,	:													
9-11	216	18,2	20.8	19.6	15.3	12,3	19.2	16.7	16.9	15.0	15.1	14.0	19.0	18.8	18,1	13,3
15-18	213	20.0	23.4	20.7	10.0	15.7	18./	10.7	18.2	18.0	14.6	14°3	19.1	20.0	16.4	16.7
19-22	287	19.6	21.8	21.2	17.6	16.2	20.9	19.4	19,1	22.7	18.7	17.5	21.6	22.2	18.0	23.7
23-34	770	22.8	25.6	24.3	19.8	20.3	23.6	21.9	22.6	25.8	21.8	21.6	24.2	25.9	22.9	23.8
35-50	784	23.8	27.0	25.6	20.6	19.5	25.0	21.5	23.6	27.0	22.7	22.1	25.1	27.6	24.0	26.1
51-64	634	24.9	28.3	27.0	20.6	19.6	25.6	22.6	24.8	26.8	22.3	22.5	26.3	28.4	25.4	25.1
02-/4	295	23.1	26.1	25.1	19.6	17.7	22.5	20.6	22.2	23.9	19,3	19.7	23.9	24.8	22.0	21.8
/o and over	171	7.07	30.2	71.0	22.6	7.02	2/.1	24.4	722./	26.1	23.7	23.0	29.1	30.7	24.6	29.0
Females:																
9-11	241	19.4	22.0	21.3	16.4	14.7	19.8	18.5	18.9	18.7	16.8	15.7	20.0	20.8	17.2	18.1
12-14	309	16.5	19.1	17.9	13,1	12.3	17.5	15.8	16.0	17.0	14.4	13.3	18.9	18.5	15.0	14.5
15-18	402	22.9	26.5	24.9	19.2	18.4	24.1	22.2	22.9	24.0	20° 6	20.2	26.0	25.3	21.6	20.5
19-22	33/	23.4	26.3	25.9	19,4	19.0	24.5	22.5	23.3	24.7	21.8	21.5	26.4	26.7	22.6	20.9
25-54	949	23.5	20.0	7.00	19.7	L 8 6	24.6	21.6	23.2	25.1	22.6	21.9	25.8	26.9	23.4	22.8
571-54	702	27.5	27.0	2.07	0.02	10 7	26.0	27.0	22.0	26.3	23.5	23.3	27.4	29.92	26.1	24.4
65-74	377	25.4	28.0	27.8	21.3	10.0	25.6	22.7	25.1	27.0	22 6	22.7	0.02	0.17	7 4°T	22.2
75 and over	197	24.3	27.7	27.3	20.2	18.6	24.7	21.6	23.7	28.2	20.1	21.9	26.2	6.17	25.0	0 66
333333333333333333333333333333333333333		1			)			4	100	0 0	0 7	7	7.07	0.12	7 °07	0.67
All individuals	49,620	22.0	25.0	24.0	18.4	17.5	22.6	20.2	21.6	23.3	19.8	19.5	23.6	24.7	21.6	21.1
1Based on 24-hour	24-hour dietary recall of day preceding	sall of da	y prece	ding			3Excludes	les 4 br	4 breast-fed infants.	d infant	S.					
Interview.	and fod info	4					*Excluc	les 40 b	40 breast-fed infants	ed infar	ıts.					

Source:

interview.
²Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 5.5b.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF DINNER
Percentage of a day's¹ intake per individual reporting dinner, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

(years)	(number)	:Individuals: reporting : (number) : dinner :	energy:	teln:	rat :	hydrate	cium:I	ron	sium s	phorus	:win A: value:	E	. Tlavin	nlacın	B ₆	B ₁₂ :	5
Males and females: Under 1 1-2	278 3264 437 469	34.6 42.7 41.8 45.0	24.1 31.1 36.9	27.2 37.4 43.7 42.5	25.4 35.5 41.1	22.3 25.0 30.7 30.5	23.4 24.6 28.6 26.0	18.8 29.6 36.9 36.7	23.5 29.7 34.8 34.4	24.1 30.5 36.3 34.8	33.3	18.5 24.6 31.3 29.9	22.3 25.7 30.8 28.2	21.9 34.3 41.6 39.8	25.4 33.7 40.7 38.0	25.3 30.9 34.7	21.7 26.7 33.5 30.1
Males: 12-14	216 313 400 287 770 770 784 634 295	44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	444.0 445.0 47.4 51.9 54.2 56.5 51.9	441.6 446.0 446.0 448.0 46.9	32.4 32.6 34.5 38.3 40.2 38.3 38.3	26.0 288.3 35.2 34.0 35.2 35.2 35.2	4425.2 445.3 445.3 443.0 46.2	35.4 37.7 41.0 442.2 44.3 443.1 43.5 40.1	38.7 442.3 447.3 47.3 447.8 43.7	31.9 38.0 43.9 49.2 52.2 54.1 46.7 44.4	32.1 30.8 37.4 40.6 445.1 40.3 40.3	29.6 30.2 30.2 36.9 443.1 443.3 20.2 20.2 20.2 20.2	40.2 40.3 47.0 47.0 50.3 66.7 7	39.9 47.1 47.1 55.2 55.2 56.7 57.2 57.2	38.4 34.6 40.0 41.0 46.5 48.1 43.0 41.9	28.2 45.2 48.2 48.2 48.4 42.4 49.3
Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64. 75 and over	241 309 402 402 337 792 197	44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44	4400 4400 4400 4400 4400 4400 4400 440	45.8 54.9 54.3 56.7 56.7 56.7 69.7	44.3 44.3 54.0 55.0 50.9 60.9	34.1 32.4 38.4 40.5 40.5 40.5 36.2 36.2	30.5 30.5 30.5 30.5 30.5 30.5 7	44.3 446.3 446.8 446.8	38.6 447.9 447.9 447.9 38.6 8.6 8.6	39.3 39.4 46.2 47.3 49.6 46.7 46.7	38.9 41.9 48.6 51.0 52.1 51.0 50.7 50.7	34 445.0 445.0 445.4 443.4 443.4 443.4	32.04 444.08 445.08 30.09 44.09 44.09	41.6 46.6 52.6 53.0 53.0 49.9 47.0	43.3 45.5 51.2 57.9 57.9 651.1 69.5	35.7 36.9 47.2 47.6 50.5 47.4 46.8	37.7 35.8 41.5 46.5 47.3 44.0 41.6

¹Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview. ³Excludes 4 ²Excludes 4

TABLE 5.6a.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF SUPPER

.Percentage of a day's¹ intake per individual, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

Under 11	Sex and age (years)	Individuals (number)	: Food : energy	Pro-: tein:	Fat:.	Carbo-: hydrate:	Cal-: cium:	Iron:	Magne-: Phos- sium : phoru :	Phos-: phorus:	Vita- min A value	Thia-	Ribo- flavin:	Preformed niacin	Vita- min B ₆	Vita min B ₁₂	Vita- min C
216 19.5 22.8 21.1 16.7 15.2 19.6 18.2 19.4 15.8 16.6 15.8 20.6 19.5 17.8 13.8 22.3 22.0 24.0 24.0 18.9 16.6 23.6 21.4 21.7 21.1 19.2 17.9 25.6 25.4 19.8 23.6 23.4 19.0 21.4 24.1 25.9 24.6 19.8 20.0 24.4 22.7 22.2 20.6 26.3 26.6 22.8 23.6 23.4 22.7 26.8 23.1 23.1 23.7 22.2 20.6 26.3 26.6 22.8 23.6 23.4 24.2 23.1 24.2 20.1 19.4 22.8 20.0 24.4 24.6 21.0 20.9 24.7 26.8 23.6 23.6 23.6 22.8 20.7 23.4 24.2 20.1 19.4 22.8 20.6 22.9 23.3 20.9 20.7 23.4 24.5 20.1 24.2 20.1 19.4 22.8 20.6 22.9 23.3 20.9 20.7 23.4 24.6 23.1 24.2 20.1 19.4 22.8 20.6 20.8 23.3 20.9 20.7 23.4 24.2 20.1 19.4 22.8 20.6 20.8 23.3 20.9 20.7 23.4 24.5 20.9 19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 1	Males and females: Under 1		14.1 19.9 21.5 20.4	14.7 23.1 25.5 23.8	13.4 21.5 23.7 22.4	15.5 17.0 18.3 17.2	11.0 14.2 17.1 15.0	12.5 20.2 21.5 21.5	15.0 19.5 21.7 19.7	12.8 18.8 21.8	15.8 17.2 19.2 18.0	11.9 16.7 18.6 18.0	11.4 15.4 17.7 16.3	15.3 24.3 23.2 22.1	14.6 22.0 23.0 21.9	11.4 17.0 19.9 18.8	16.6 19.1 19.8 18.1
241 19.6 23.5 20.9 16.7 14.4 20.7 18.4 19.6 18.0 16.8 16.1 21.6 21.1 18.2 16.3 22.2 26.4 23.4 19.0 17.6 24.0 22.4 22.6 20.6 20.5 19.5 25.2 24.9 24.7 21.7 19. 22.4 22.6 20.6 20.5 20.5 19.5 25.2 24.9 24.7 21.7 19. 22.4 22.5 21.1 20.6 20.2 24.9 24.7 21.7 19. 22.4 22.5 21.1 20.6 20.2 24.9 24.7 21.7 19. 22.2 25.1 23.9 19.5 19.0 17.8 22.7 20.7 21.5 21.7 20.1 20.2 23.4 24.6 21.8 19. 22.2 25.1 23.9 19.3 19.1 23.0 21.0 22.4 23.2 21.6 20.7 23.6 20.7 23.6 20.0 22.1 22.9 24.0 21.4 23.9 22.6 19.0 17.6 21.6 18.8 21.5 21.7 19.7 19.7 19.4 22.2 24.0 21.4 23.6 20.7 21.6 19.4 17.1 19.5 20.0 16.7 18.2 20.1 21.0 20.7 19. 21.0 20.7 19. 20.5 20.2 18.8 19.3 18.9 17.4 19.9 18.8 18.2 19.5 19.8 18.5 19.8 15. 20.5 20.5 21.7 20.5 21.7 19.6 21.7 20.5 20.5 20.5 20.5 20.5 20.5 20.5 20.5	Vales: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64 75 and over.	216 313 400 287 770 784 634	19.5 22.3 22.3 23.1 23.1 22.7 20.7	22.8 26.0 24.1 26.8 25.9 25.1 23.4 23.4	21.1 22.0 22.6 24.9 24.4 24.2 21.7 21.7	16.7 18.9 18.8 20.6 19.8 20.3 20.1 17.9	15.2 16.6 17.4 18.5 20.0 19.4 17.9	19.6 223.6 225.8 24.2 223.7 22.8 19.1	18.2 21.4 23.1 22.5 20.6 19.6	21.7 21.7 21.7 23.1 23.6 22.9 22.9 19.3	15.8 21.0 21.1 23.7 24.5 23.3 20.2	16.6 19.2 22.2 22.1 20.9 18.1 18.1	15.8 17.9 18.3 20.6 21.9 20.7 19.2	20.6 23.6 23.6 24.7 24.7 23.1 21.4 20.4	19.55.4 23.4 26.6 24.8 23.0 20.2	117. 119.88 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0 123.0	16.5 21.4 20.6 25.9 24.1 22.2 22.6 22.6
⁴ 9,620 21.7 24.6 23.2 18.9 18.0 22.4 20.5 21.8 21.7 19.8 19.5 23.2 24.3 21.3 21		241 309 402 337 349 942 792 377	19.6 22.2 22.2 20.7 22.2 21.4 23.0	23.7 25.7 25.1 23.9 25.1 20.5 20.5	23.9 23.9 23.9 21.5 22.6 22.0 20.9	16.7 19.0 19.5 19.3 19.4 17.4	14.4 17.6 19.0 17.8 19.1 17.6 19.5 17.3	20.7 23.4 22.7 22.7 23.0 23.2 19.4	18.4 22.4 21.8 20.7 21.0 18.8 17.1	19.6 22.5 22.5 22.5 22.9 19.5	18.0 20.6 21.1 21.7 23.2 21.7 24.0 20.0	16.7 20.5 20.6 20.1 21.6 19.7 16.7	16.1 19.5 20.2 20.2 20.7 20.7 19.4 21.4	21.25 23.4 23.5 23.5 23.5 180.1	21.1 26.1 24.7 24.6 26.0 24.0 25.8 21.0	20.2 20.9 21.7 22.1 23.6 23.6 19.8	16.7 21.2 19.9 19.9 22.3 22.3 20.8 19.0
	411 individuals	49,620	21.7	24.6	23.2	18.9	18.0	22.4	20.5	21.8	21.7	19.8	19.5	23.2	24.3	21.3	21.2

interview.
² Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

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TABLE 5.6b.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF SUPPER
Percentage of a day's intake per individual reporting supper, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

/ita- min C	25.4 31.5 32.7 32.2	30.7 36.5 38.0 47.3 50.0 46.9 40.9	30.5 39.3 39.3 39.3 446.9 440.2 28.9
	25 32 32 32	0884448 08704448	
Vita- min B ₁₂	17.6 28.0 32.9 33.5	33.0 33.8 35.0 41.6 47.9 45.2 41.8	33.3 36.6 442.7 447.7 446.1 445.1 36.6
Vita- min B6	22.4 36.4 37.9 39.1	36.3 43.3 48.6 54.2 51.9 48.1 41.7	34 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
Preformed	23.5 40.2 38.2 39.4	443.8 443.5 443.5 445.0 447.7 33.8 37.8 6	44444444444444444444444444444444444444
Ribo-: flavin:	17.6 25.5 29.2 29.1	29.4 33.8 37.7 44.3 34.9 34.9	22 334.1 444.1 440.1 740.1 740.1 750.2 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760.1 760
Thia-	18.3 27.6 30.7 32.2	31.0 32.8 35.4 40.5 41.0 41.0 33.7	08804444888 C
Vita- min A: value:	24.3 28.4 31.7 32.2	29.4 35.9 38.9 43.2 47.9 45.1 36.6	332 332 3444 346 346 346 346 346 346 346 346 34
Phos- phorus	19.6 31.1 36.0 35.1	36.1 37.0 38.9 42.2 47.8 45.5 44.5 37.8	35.7 44.2 47.2 44.3 36.7 36.7
Magne-: sium	23.1 32.2 35.8	33. 396.4 422.1 445.6 441.6 345.5 345.5	88 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
Iron:	19.1 33.4 37.9	36.5 40.3 40.3 46.6 46.1 444.3 35.2	37.8 46.1 49.6 48.3 44.7 37.6 34.9
Cal-:	16.8 23.4 28.1 26.8	28.3 32.2 33.7 40.6 38.0 37.7 32.5	26.3 30.8 37.8 38.9 40.1 35.6 33.5
Carbo- hydrate	23.7 28.0 30.1 30.7	31.0 32.2 34.7 37.7 40.1 39.0 32.6 35.1	333.24 333.24 340.55 34.75 34.75 34.75
Fat:h	20.6 35.5 39.2 40.0	39.3 445.4 445.9 446.9 39.4 39.4	38.1 40.9 47.1 47.1 50.3 46.6 48.2 40.4 37.4
Pro- :	22.5 38.1 42.0	4444 4444 4486 500 4486 4486 4866 4866 4866 4866 4866 48	42.9 50.7 52.4 52.5 49.3 41.7 37.9
Food	21.7 32.9 35.5 36.3	36.3 39.5 39.5 45.7 45.0 44.0 37.5	35.0 44.1 44.1 38.0 38.0 44.1 36.0 7.7
Individuals: Food reporting :energy supper	65.1 60.5 60.6 56.1	53.7 58.2 54.2 54.8 54.8 51.3 55.1 54.2	54.2 57.2 50.2 50.3 445.7 51.3 51.7 51.7
Individuals: (number)	278 3264 437 469	216 313 400 287 770 784 634 295	241 309 402 337 337 792 377 197
Sex and age :I (years)	Males and females: Under 1 1-2 3-5	Males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64. 75 and over.	Females: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64 65-74 75 and over

¹Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview. Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

⁴Excludes 4 breast-fed infants. ⁴Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 5.7a.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF SNACKS
Percentage of a day's¹ intake per individual, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

Vita- min C	17.9 11.0 9.3	9.5 111.7 10.4 8.6 6.0 6.0	10.6 111.7 111.7 9.7 8.3 6.2 5.9	8,9
Vita -: \ min : B ₁₂ ::	18.3 7.3 7.0	7.6 8.2 7.0 6.3 3.9	6.2 8.8 8.1 6.3 7.3 5.7 7.2 5.7	7.2
	ÄÄ			
Vita- min B6	15.5 10.8 7.2 6.1	10.2 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3	6.00 6.00 7.00 7.00 7.00 7.00	7.4
Preformed	11.4 7.0 5.8 5.4	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	0.1.0 0.1.0 0.1.0 0.1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	7.6
Ribo- flavin:	16.3 9.3	10.1 11.6 12.3 10.9 10.1 8.3 8.3	8.9 10.6 10.1 10.1 8.9 7.8 7.8	6.6
Thia-: min :	15.1 11.6 8.0 7.2	9.0 10.5 11.5 8.2 7.7 7.3 6.0 4.2	7.6 10.6 9.2 8.3 7.3 7.3 6.3	8.2
Vita-: min A: value:	14.4 10.5 7.9	0.01 4.00 4.00 4.00 7.40 8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00 8	10.22 10.22 10.22 7.66 7.66 7.66	7.8
Phos-	17.0 14.6 9.0 9.1	111.0 112.4 112.4 113.4 10.3 88.7 88.1 5.0		6.6
Magne-: sium	16.3 15.3 10.4	13.6 12.8 13.5 12.9 12.9 10.7 8.2 5.9	11.4 12.4 12.1 12.1 13.6 11.3 7.7	11.9
Iron:	12.3 9.3 7.2 6.8	8.7 10.6 8.6 7.5 7.5 7.5 8.5 7.5	8.4 10.0 9.0 8.8 9.1 7.3 7.5	7.8
Cal-: cium:	17.5 17.4 10.6	12.2 13.4 11.5 11.5 10.9 6.5	9.9 12.7 12.7 12.5 11.3 11.3 8.8 8.8	11.7
Carbo- hydrate	17.5 17.2 15.0 13.9	112.2 10.10 10.10 10.10 10.10	15.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.0	14.1
Fat	17.4 13.3 9.4 9.1	11.4 11.5 12.1 12.1 9.0 8.4 8.0 7.1 7.1	10.7 12.9 10.3 8.9 8.9 7.4 8.4 6.3	0,00
Pro-	15.9 11.0 6.2 6.5	8888 888 888 888 888 888 888 888 888 8	6.9 8.8 7.7 7.1 7.1 7.1 6.7 6.7 6.7	6.9
Food	17.5 14.6 11.4 10.9	12.7 12.7 14.4 12.2 10.5 10.5 6.0 6.0	12.0 12.5 12.1 12.1 12.1 10.1 7.4	11.0
Individuals: (number):	² 78 ³ 264 437 469	216 313 400 287 770 784 634 295	241 309 402 337 949 942 792 377	069.64
Sex and age : (years)	Males and females: Under 1 1-2	Males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	All individuals

¹Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.

²Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

³Excludes 4 breast-fed infants. ⁴Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 5.7b.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF SNACKS
Percentage of a day's¹ intake per individual reporting snacks, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

Males and females:	(number)	<pre>Indlv1duals: reporting    (number) : snacks    :</pre>	energy:	tein :	Fat:	hydrate	: cium :	Iron:	Sium	phorus	min A value	Ē	flavin:	niacin	. min .	min B ₁₂ :	
3-5-5-6-8	278 3264 437 469	52.9 66.1 58.1 64.4	26.8 22.1 19.6 17.0	24.4 16.7 10.7 10.1	26.6 20.1 16.1 14.2	26.8 26.1 25.8 21.6	26.9 26.3 18.2 17.0	18.8 14.0 12.5	24.9 23.2 17.9 15.6	26.1 22.1 15.4 14.2	22.0 15.9 13.6	23.2 17.6 13.8 11.2	25.0 23.2 16.0 13.9	17.5 10.6 10.0 8.4	23.8 16.3 12.3 9.5	28.1 21.5 12.5 10.8	27.5 22.4 18.9 14.4
Males: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64	216 313 400 287 770 784 634 2295	67 67 67 60 75 58 7 85 7 85 7	18.7 20.3 22.4 22.0 18.6 17.8 15.9 14.9	12.22 14.11 10.55 10.55 8.83	16.7 18.5 18.8 16.4 13.9 12.9	23.0 28.7 27.3 24.0 21.9 118.4	18.0 20.6 19.0 19.0 19.3 118.9	115.8 16.5 111.9 9.0 9.0	20.0 20.5 21.0 23.3 21.2 21.9 114.8	16.3 17.8 10.0 17.0 14.4 13.1	13.8 14.4 15.5 12.2 10.1 11.9 11.9	13.2 16.9 17.9 112.8 112.8 10.8	14.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 11.0	11.07 11.07 11.07 11.08 11.08 11.09 11.09	12.2 14.6 18.6 12.8 11.8 10.5	11.1 16.8 14.8 11.5 10.7 10.6	14.0 18.1 18.1 18.7 10.2 10.2 11.0
Females: 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	241 309 402 337 949 942 772 377	65.8 60.2 60.2 59.4 61.4 57.7 46.9	18.2 20.6 20.9 20.4 19.7 16.2 17.5 17.5	10.2 11.6 11.6 11.6 11.6	16.3 18.7 17.1 15.0 14.4 12.5 13.4	22.9 25.6 27.4 27.3 26.8 21.7 21.0	15.0 18.5 20.9 20.9 20.4 19.1 20.4 21.0	12.7 14.6 14.8 14.8 12.3 13.0 10.6	17.3 19.4 20.5 20.3 22.1 20.1 19.6 19.4	14.2 17.7 17.7 16.2 16.2 16.5 16.5	12.0 14.7 16.9 15.7 12.4 13.2 11.6	11.6 15.3 15.2 14.2 14.3 13.5 15.2	13.5 16.4 17.5 17.2 15.0 16.6 16.7	10.7 13.6 13.0 13.0 14.1 12.2 13.3 14.1	10.2 12.6 14.0 13.4 12.5 10.0 10.9	9.4 12.8 10.6 11.9 12.2 12.2	16.2 16.0 19.3 15.9 13.2 13.2 14.6
All individuals "9,620 59.3 18.6	⁴ 9,620	59.3	18.6	11.7	15.0	23.7	19.7 13.		20.0	16.7 1	13.1	13.7	16.7	12.8	12.5	12.2	15.0

interview. ²Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

*Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 5.8a.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF OTHER EATING OCCASIONS
Percentage of a day's¹ intake per individual, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

1				
Vita- min C	10.5	www.m.v.o.4.w.t.o.	24.0.0.1	9.
Vita- min B ₁₂	15.4	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	۲.۱.۳.۴.۵.۳.۳.۳	.5
Vita-: V min: B	12.1	1,2222	۵.4.8.6.7.8.6.7.7.6.	9.
Preformed: niacin	°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	%%r,%oo%.04	9.
Ribo- flavin	13.2 2.0 .3	747v80v4v	2,28,48,04,68	۲.
Thia- min	11.5	~~	7,78,50,50,57	. 5
Vita- min A value	11.9	~ [±]	21100488968	• 5
Phos-	14.1 2.0 .1	ພໍພິທີພິ <b>ວ</b> ິຕິຕິພິ <i>ເ</i>	2,7,8,7,6,0,4,6,6,	.7
Magne-: F	12.6 1.8 .1			Φ.
Loui	1.0	444464666	100.22	• 52
Cal-	14.8 2.4 3.3	นหน่นตห้อพื้อ	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	. 7
Carbo-: hydrate:	11. 2.1. 4.0.4.	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	440.000 mm. 1 mm.	φ.
Fat	14.6 .9 .3	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		ស
Pro-:	13.5	0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	rc.
Food :	13.1 4.1 5.3	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100		φ,
Individuals:	278 3264 437 469	216 313 400 287 770 784 634 127	241 309 402 337 949 792 377	⁵ 9,620
Sex and age : I (years)	Males and females: Under 1	Males: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 23-34 51-64 51-64	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 23-34. 23-34. 51-64. 51-64.	All individuals

¹Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview.
²Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

3Excludes 4 breast-fed infants.
4Less than 0.05% but more than 0.
5Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 5.8b.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF OTHER EATING OCCASIONS
Percentage of a day's intake per individual reporting other eating occasions, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

Sex and age (years)	Individuals: (number) :o	: Individuals: reporting : (number) : other eating: occasions :	Food	Pro-:	Fat	Carbo- hydrate	cium	Iron	Magne- sium	: Phos-	Vita- min A: value:	Thia-:	Ribo- : flavin:	Preformed niacin	. Vita- min . B6	Vita- min B ₁₂ :	Vita- min C
Males and females: Under 1 3-5	278 3264 437 469	30.2 6.5 2.0 1.7	43.2 20.9 12.7 19.0	44.7 20.9 7.6 14.0	48.3 13.2 9.9 16.0	36.9 21.9 15.6 25.5	48.8 37.1 7.9 16.6	32.0 15.1 5.8 15.5	41.8 27.8 6.3 20.2	46.7 30.9 7.2 16.6	39.3 19.4 1.6	38.0 21.6 10.9 12.9	43.7 31.6 11.3 17.0	28.0 11.6 5.0	40.0 18.5 3.6	51.0 19.7 6.5 11.6	34.9 22.2 11.6 17.7
Males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64. 65-74.	216 313 400 400 770 784 634 295		21.9 15.9 35.1 14.9 22.7 22.7 25.7 26.6	20.1 10.8 27.8 5.5 111.1 4.8 8.4 7.6	20.2 10.5 31.4 8.3 11.8 3.5 8.1 12.2 28.3	25.4 41.3 41.3 11.2 11.2 11.2 11.3 11.6 11.6	21.1 27.8 21.7 7.2 16.6 9.5 16.9	15.2 11.2 26.7 7.0 12.2 5.0 7.8 23.1	23.4 15.1 21.3 9.1 26.4 14.7 19.0 10.6	22.22 30.22 8.00 10.88 110.72 10.53	15.8 14.4 6.8 7.5 11.9 7.0 10.3 10.7 27.8	15.0 20.9 20.9 7.0 10.6 6.1 8.4	13.6 18.8 23.0 8.0 16.8 12.2 14.3 10.8	14.6 0.0 24.0 7.4 110.1 14.4 18.8 23.3	7.9 8.6 24.0 6.1 20.2 10.1 15.7 10.8	18.6 11.4 30.2 5.9 6.1 6.1 8.4	22.7 28.7 13.8 11.8 11.8 7.5 9.7
Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64. 65-74.	241 309 402 333 337 792 377 197		37.6 18.5 46.3 46.3 15.1 19.8 21.0 12.0 30.6	22.7 111.3 33.3 8.9 8.9 9.5 14.9 5.7 29.0	35.0 111.2 11.7 17.2 17.2 14.5	53.2 24.8 57.3 17.3 20.4 21.7 11.2 29.4	24.0 6.5 52.1 17.1 15.7 118.7 13.7 32.0	28.4 13.4 32.7 11.4 12.1 17.0 6.9 23.1	33.1 15.5 51.8 51.8 15.9 23.7 23.7 21.5 11.9 21.8	22 144. 16.5 16.5 17.0 13.0 13.0 13.7	29.6 9.0 34.0 18.9 7.1 14.6 6.1 21.5	18.5 10.7 10.7 10.4 8.8 16.6 6.7 25.3	22.9 9.7 47.2 12.8 14.3 18.0 9.6	23. 39.17.3 15.01 16.44 18.55 18.55	22.3 9.4 45.7 10.4 11.0 14.9 26.7 20.4	23.0 8.1 18.4 8.9 7.2 10.6 7.1 29.9	27.0 25.2 53.3 18.9 19.1 14.3
All individuals ¹⁹ ,620 3.8 20.8  Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding	49,620 dietary rec	3.8 all of day pr	20.8 eceding	13.8	14.4	21.5	19.5 1;		21.5	4 hyazet_fod infante	13.4	13.9	18.2	15.2	15.4	12.5	14.8

interview. ²Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 5.9a.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF EATING OCCASIONS WITH NAME NOT REPORTED Percentage of a day's intake per individual, spring 1977 48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

1			
Vita- min C	7.2	04.00044.04	11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11.
Vita-: min B ₁₂ :	1.7	200533113663	
Vita-: min : B ₆ :	7.0	111224477	1
Preformed niacin			
Ribo- flavin:	7.1 1.6 1.5		1.2
Thia-	11.00	488882846	1.1 1.0 1.0 1.3 1.3
Vita- min A : value :	6.7 1.6 1.6	4.0.1.1. 4.0.0.4.1.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.	1.1011008894
Phos-:	1.5		11
Magne-:	7.1	20400000	740507665 Z
Iron	6.5 1.5 6.5	28. C. L.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Cal-	1.8	484477000	11
Carbo- hydrate	6.7 1.5 1.5	7	1.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
Fat t	7.8 1.8 1.6		1.0 1.0 1.2 1.2 1.3 1.2 1.2
Pro- tein	7.4	1.1	1.5
Food	7.1 1.6 1.5	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1.27
Individuals: (number)	² 78 ³ 264 437 469	216 313 400 287 770 770 784 634 634	241 309 402 337 949 942 792 377 197
Sex and age : ] (years)	Males and females: Under 1	Males: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 23-34 51-64 51-64	Females: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64 65-74 75 and over

¹Based on 24-hour dietary recall of day preceding interview. ³Exc ²Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

ew. ³Excludes 4 breast-fed infants. ⁴Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 5.9b.--NUTRITIVE VALUE OF EATING OCCASIONS WITH NAME NOT REPORTED
Percentage of a day's intake per individual reporting unnamed eating occasions, spring 1977
48 States, all urbanizations, all incomes

Vita- min C	47.3 21.0 38.1	34.5 17.1 33.3 19.4 24.2 30.0 37.3 115.9	15.8 26.9 30.3 20.8 25.0 22.6 20.0 31.2	26.0
1 0				
Vita min B ₁	50.8 25.1 25.3 22.8	10.8 21.6 29.6 21.2 31.3 39.2 29.0 38.1	32.7 30.7 22.1 15.9 24.9 24.9 21.5 37.0	28.1
Vita- min B6	45.7 23.6 25.2 21.7	19.3 28.3 30.5 27.1 31.7 31.1 33.9	33.4 22.9 31.4 31.4 32.7 23.1 38.5	28.9
in in				0.1
Preformed niacin	42.4 21.4 26.7 19.4	22 32.0 32.0 28.2 30.0 36.0 36.0 4.4	31. 22.3. 22.3. 22.3. 22.3. 32.3. 31.8.	28.2
Ribo-	46.6 22.9 25.7 20.9	10 330 330 54 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58	28.3 119.2 17.5 22.3 34.4 31.2	28.2
Thia-	44.7 19.0 25.8 21.0	13.0 29.3 26.4 28.7 27.2 27.2 27.2	28.3 26.6 20.7 20.7 26.5 30.1 30.1	26.4
Vit-:	44.1 23.0 28.3	16.2 21.1 28.9 26.8 34.0 26.8 26.8	21.1 23.6 27.3 27.0 23.5 30.7 35.2	27.5
Phos-:Vit-:phorus:min A:value:	48.0 25.4 26.4 24.7	19.8 32.1 29.0 28.1 29.7 33.2 31.9	32.6 20.6 20.6 22.6 34.8 34.8 34.8	29.3
Magne-:P	46.7 23.9 27.6 26.9	19.7 35.6 30.8 30.8 30.6 336.1 27.4	31.2 30.6 23.0 23.0 28.3 25.7 26.6 34.0	29.5
Iron:	42.5 20.0 26.1 25.1	19.5 30.6 229.1 228.3 31.0 27.1 25.7	31.7 23.7 20.5 22.4 22.4 30.4 31.0	27.7
Cal-	47.6 26.0 26.9 24.1	13.3 32.0 31.5 27.1 30.8 35.0 27.2 27.2	29.3 31.1 17.8 15.8 27.0 21.2 34.2	29.3
Carbo-: hydrate:	43.9 21.7 27.3 26.7	24.9 35.4 37.4 28.2 28.2 34.3 37.3 118.9	29.7 23.5 27.7 23.4 28.8 30.1 35.7	29.5
Fat	51.1 25.7 28.0 26.9	19.1 29.3 29.3 31.2 33.3 27.2 26.3	32.1 26.6 23.1 31.9 31.2 27.2 38.7	30.1
Pro- tein	48.2 23.6 27.3	17.7 26.9 31.2 22.3 29.3 31.1 37.2 37.2	33.3 20.6 20.6 224.5 34.0 39.4	29.2
Food energy:	46.5 23.6 27.2 26.9	22.7 31.2 34.1 27.3 32.0 33.0 29.8 26.0	31.1 22.0 22.0 32.1 32.1 38.9 38.9	30.2
Individuals reporting un- named eating occasions	15.3 7.0 5.7 2.4	004044888 866006840	พุธพุภพุธพุพ อัณชอักอักรั้น	4.1
uals: r				
Individuals: (number):	² 78 ³ 264 437 469	216 313 400 287 770 770 784 634 5295	241 309 402 337 949 942 792 377 197	49,620
	S · · · · ·	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
age s)	Males and females: Under 1 1-2	10-5: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64 75 and over	males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	All individuals
Sex and age (years)	les and Under 1. 1-2. 3-5	9-11 15-14 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64 75 and o	Females: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 51-64 65-74 over	indiv
Š	Male Ur 1-	Males: 12-1 12-1 15-1 19-2 23-3 35-5 51-6 65-7	7551 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115	A11

Passeu on 24-mour dietary retail of day preceding menyrew. ²Excludes 36 breast-fed infants.

³Excludes 4 breast-fed infants. ⁴Excludes 40 breast-fed infants.

TABLE 6.1.--Distribution of individuals by household income 1 and race

ther	races 3	Pct	0 8.9 10.8 4.6	1.5 0 0 1.8 3.0 .6 0 2.9	0 2,5 2,5 1,2 0 0 0	2.1	
Not reported lite: Black: C		Pct	0 11.5 16.2 8.6	17.3 12.8 22.2 9.5 6.3 10.4 10.8	7.1 10.6 9.9 12.9 6.3 13.9 15.6 8.7	11.6	
Not reported White: Black: Other	••••	Pct	100.0 79.6 73.0 86.8	81.1 87.2 76.0 85.9 90.7 89.2 79.0	92.9 85.9 87.2 87.2 87.2 87.2 83.2 82.4 90.1	86.1	
ndivid-:	uals2 :	Number	10 36 57 64	52 54 91 69 123 141 127 74	36 62 73 62 130 181 181 104 48	1,811	
re Other:	races³:	Pct	7.6 3.2 2.5	76 15 13 14 0.0 0.0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2.9	
\$16,000 or nore		Pct	10.3 8.0 7.9	10.3 10.3 10.3 7.2 7.5 7.5 0	12.7 7.7 8.3.7 9.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	9.9	
\$16,00 White:	** **	Pct	92.4 86.5 88.0 88.0	87.6 83.1 93.7 93.4 93.4 88.7 94.6 100.0	84.5 89.2 89.2 88.4 89.5 88.9 92.4	90.2	
Individ-:	races³: ua·ls² :	Number	35 73 158 181	76 128 158 93 297 243 33 8	92 110 167 167 96 345 402 222 29	3,321	
: \$10,000-\$15,999 : White: Black: Other:Indivi	races 3	Pct	3.1 4.5 3.1 2.6	2.7 0 2.6 6.1 4.8 3.6 1.5 0 0	0 3.8 1.4 1.4 4.8 3.6 0	3.1	
-\$15,999 Black: 0		Pct	3.9 6.6 8.8 10.3	10.8 4.1 15.4 18.1 6.2 14.2 7.2 3.1	8.3 17.7 13.4 7.8 11.4 5.1 0	9.3	
\$10,000-\$15 White: Blac		Pct	93.0 88.9 88.1	86.5 82.0 75.0 89.0 82.2 91.3	91.7 82.6 82.6 85.2 85.2 87.4 85.0 93.2 89.6	87.6	
Individ-:	uals ²	Number	41 83 98 122	43 74 74 192 127 142 142	49 70 57 68 234 182 151 151	2,006	fow whom
Other	races³	Pct	0 27.3 15.8 16.0	14.6 18.3 18.3 5.7 5.7 6.2	16.8 17.3 17.3 9.2 7.2 6.4 6.4 2.0	3.0	م ا ما ما م
6,000-\$9,999 White: Black: Other	•• ••	Pct	25.6 0 13.7 18.0	30.7 44.6 32.3 13.9 13.9 20.1 8.7 7.5	15.2 14.1 34.2 12.1 15.7 22.6 7.6 9.2	15.7	do amai
\$6,000-\$9 White: Bl	** **	Pct	74.4 67.1 70.6 63.5	69.3 40.8 77.9 84.8 71.4 85.1 90.8	68.1 68.1 75.8 75.8 76.0 69.5 88.8	75.2	the smaller
1	races³: uals² :	Number	16 26 73 57	22 46 39 36 100 80 80 85 65	37 42 66 66 55 136 120 120 72	1,299	20000
Other	races ³	Pct	8.2 4.9 12.9 6.6	19.7 0 12.1 6.8 17.0 10.1	16.6 16.0 7.9 12.9 0	5.6	
Under \$6,000 nite: Black:	** **	Pct	20.2 30.8 32.2 38.3	35.6 44.1 31.8 10.8 14.8 125.3 17.6	44.1 41.9 37.0 19.9 32.6 38.1 26.2 18.9	25.8	
Under White:	***	Pct	71.6 64.3 54.9 55.1	44.7 55.9 56.1 80.1 68.1 75.1 72.6 82.4	39.2 42.2 55.1 76.4 60.2 49.1 72.2 81.1	68.1	Come to
Under \$6,000 : Individ-: White: Black: Other :Individ-	uals ² :	Number	12 50 51 45	23 26 40 40 41 41 81 44	27 25 39 39 104 77 1118	1,223	The same has
96	(years)		Males and females: Under 1	Males: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64 75 and over	Females: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64	All individuals	11075 touchald them had been

 $^{\rm 3}\,\mathrm{Does}$  not include individuals for whom race was not reported. Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 contermingus States, spring 1977 (preliminary). 11976 household income before taxes. 2Includes breast-fed infants.

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TABLE 6.2.--Distribution of individuals by urbanization and race

222				186863	3
areas : Other : races	Pct	2.00	2.6.2.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.	22.6.00	2.:
itan Black	Pct	4°.0 6°.3 7.2	5.1 11.2 10.4 11.3 7.1 7.1 7.0 6.6	13.4 11.2 11.2 4.8 8.9 8.2 8.2 8.2 3.9	6.9
Nonmetropol id-: White:	Pct	90.6 87.7 88.1 87.6	91.2 883.2 883.2 907.2 995.1	82.3 88.8 87.0 91.7 93.1 88.0 94.4	90.7
Nonmetropol	Number	42 86 157 167	79 102 137 102 251 246 216 122 53	79 96 121 100 297 274 149 82	3,247
Other races	Pct	7.7 9.0 3.3	0.24.7.7.7.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.	2.2 6.1 1.0 1.0 1.3 0.1 0	3.6
areas Black:(	Pct	0 3.9 5.6	43,24,34,18	5.7 6.9 6.7 1.7 1.7	4.8
Suburban d-:White:	Pct	92.3 87.1 89.0 91.1	88.1 90.9 90.9 92.8 95.2 95.2	92.1 89.4 86.2 92.4 90.5 90.1 95.1	91.5
Suburban areas :Individ-:White:Black:Other : uals¹ : : : races	Number	41 117 161 197	77 140 149 108 293 335 342 93	99 131 160 116 365 382 281 281 111	3,687
Other:	Pct	2.9 9.0 12.2 7.2	9.6 7.2 7.2 1.9 9.0 9.1 3.1	12.2 8.6 3.5 5.3 7.6 1.2	0.9
cities :Black:	Pct	15.8 30.6 32.9 35.0	37.9 43.9 36.8 19.2 17.3 25.7 25.0 28.3	30.8 34.9 32.2 25.3 28.0 24.1 19.6	26.8
Central ci	Pct	81.3 58.1 54.9 53.6	52.6 48.9 56.5 75.1 73.7 74.8 70.4	57.0 56.5 59.9 68.2 66.7 72.7 77.9	66.2
Cer Individ-: uals	Number	31 65 119 105	60 71 114 77 226 203 176 80	63 121 121 287 271 237 117	2,726
ons Other: races²	Pct	4.3 7.7 4.9	04484894 88008800010	0000004 000000000000000000000000000000	3.00
All urbanizations :White:Black: Oth : rac	Pct	7.1 12.1 13.0 12.7	14.8 17.4 16.0 10.0 6.9 10.9 8.0 11.0	14.8 173.2 173.2 113.9 113.3 7.8	11.7
11 urba White:B	Pct	88.6 80.3 79.3	79.4 77.7 79.5 84.8 88.9 85.3 89.7 87.1	79.7 80.5 78.5 83.5 84.2 84.2 81.7 87.2 97.5	84.1
All urbanizations Individ-:White:Black: Other uals : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Number	114 268 437 469	216 313 400 287 770 770 784 634 295	241 309 3309 337 377 197	099.6
Sex and age : (years)		Males and females: Under 1 1-2	Males: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	All individuals

 $^{^1\}mathrm{Includes}$  breast-fed infants.  $^2\mathrm{Does}$  not include individuals for whom race was not reported.

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

TABLE 6.3.--Distribution of individuals by region and race

Sex and age :		48 States	tes			Northeast	sast	• ••	Z	North Centra	tral			South				West		
	Individ- uals 1	: White: Black: Other:	Black:	1 01	: Individ-: V : uals¹:	White: E	×	Other: ]	Individ-: uals1	: White: Black	·· ··	Other: races ² :	Individ- uals ¹	. White: Bl	ack	other:	Individ- uals ¹	. White:	Black	: Other
	Number	Pct	Pct	Pct	Number	Pct	Pct	Pct	Number	Pct	Pct	Pct	Number	Pct	Pet	Pct	Number	Pct	Pct	Pct
Males and females: Under 1 1-2	114 268 437 469	88.6 80.3 79.3 81.5	7.1 12.1 13.0 12.7	4.3 7.7 4.9	19 46 107 108	75.5 70.5 81.6 89.2	7.9 15.6 11.6 6.7	16.6 13.9 6.8 4.1	31 63 105 111	993 86.3 6.3	6.6 2.1 11.0 9.6	0 0 2.7	40 93 141 161	84.1 71.5 73.0 69.8	11.3 25.7 20.8 23.6	4.5 6.2 6.6	24 88 88 89 89	100.0 85.0 78.3 86.8	0 0 4.1	0 15.0 17.6 8.6
Males: 12-14 12-14 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64 75 and over	216 313 400 287 770 784 634 295	79.77 70.77 70.75 88.88 88.98 88.7.1 89.7.1	14.8 17.4 16.0 10.0 10.9 10.9	. 4 4 . 4 4 . 4 . 4 . 4 . 4 . 4 . 4 . 4	57 76 97 53 186 178 158 158	72.7 84.3 84.3 87.3 87.3 90.7 90.7	115.11 100.11 8.50 0.3.20 0.3.20	12.2 3.5 7.0 7.0 0	70 79 104 67 214 202 175 75	886.7 994.0 86.7 96.7 96.7	16.0 13.1 13.1 13.3 13.3 3.3	1.3 4.6 1.5 0 0 0	56 98 129 98 236 238 212 104	75.1 65.9 66.9 82.9 84.9 74.7 80.4 80.4	21.5 30.6 23.5 17.0 12.7 21.0 16.0 10.9	2	33 60 70 134 166 89 89	91.7 71.11 81.5 83.0 88.2 89.2 93.0 88.5	20.0 13.8 7.4 3.8 4.7 2.4 0	88.4.6.8.4.0 6.0.0.4.0
Females: 9-11. 12.14. 19-22. 23-34. 31-64. 55-74.	241 309 402 337 949 942 792 377	79.7 80.5 78.5 83.5 84.2 81.7 87.2 87.2 87.5	14.8 17.0 17.0 11.9 11.9 11.1	დიოოკა <u>.</u> ოსიითიათა	60 76 78 78 2552 252 195 90	81.9 86.7 886.7 882.6 883.6 97.2	10.0 10.0 10.0 12.4 2.2 2.2 8.7 2.8	2,2,3,3,4,0	70 79 113 78 234 231 204 96	8899.2 899.2 990.0 900.0 900.0 900.0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	11.1.1.1.3.0.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00	67 135 135 289 290 276 125 62	62.5 78.5 66.4 67.5 80.7 73.6 83.0	31.1 17.8 32.1 32.1 17.7 15.5 13.2	6.1 1.3 2.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 4.4	44 55 70 87 174 117 66 66	87.8 75.2 74.3 86.4 85.1 88.2 87.3 94.1	7.3 15.6 6.2 6.5 0	16.2 10.1 10.1 5.3 8.7 8.5 4.4
All individuals	099*6	84.1	11.7	တ္လ	2,298	86.8	8 3	4.8	2,501	90.4	7.4	1.2	3,085	75.8	21.1	2.9	1,776	86.0	5.9	7.8

 $^1\mathrm{Includes}$  breast-fed infants.  $^2\mathrm{Does}$  not include individuals for whom race was not reported.

TABLE 6.4.--Distribution1 of individuals by household size

• = • •			Number of	Number of household members	d members	
Sex and age (years)	Individuals ²	e-4	2	m	4 or 5	More than 5
	Number		1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-Percent -	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Under 1	114	00	0.7	31.3	49.3	18.7
	437	000	, C,	14.0	61.0	21.5
ο	404	5	ဂ •	10.0	0.10	0.07
Males:	\$ *	(	ę	Ç	L	0
9-11	216	00	1.4 7	0° 9	55°4	36.9
15 19	213	°	2.0	ο α <u>τ</u>	40.8	38.0
10-22	287	2.7	22.2	20.6	0 6 8 8 8 8	20.6
23-34	770	7.7	24.1	23.9	37.4	6.9
35-50	784	5.0	12.8	14.8	46.0	21.5
51-64	634	6.7	48.5	19.8	20.0	5.0
65-74	295	11.9	71.3	11.8	3.9	
75 and over	127	19.1	9.69	5.6	3.6	2.1
Females:						
9-11-	241	0	1.5	11.3	53.1	34.0
12-14	309	0	2.0	7.5	45.6	45.0
15-18	402	-2	2.0	12.2	42.3	39.7
19-22	337	5°5	27.0	8.27	30.3	14.4
23-34	949	0.7	19.6	20.7	41.2	တ်
35-50	942	4.4	14.8	19.7	40.7	20.3
51-64	792	11.5	51.6	17.6	15.4	တဖ
65-74	377	31./	53.5	2.6	3.1	2.5
75 and over	197	48.6	36.3	5.6	ω <b>.</b> 9	2.8
All individuals	099*6	6.8	22.0	16.5	36.8	17.9

¹Percentages may not add to 100 because of rounding.
²Includes breast-fed infants.

Source: USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-1978, 48 conterminous States, spring 1977 (preliminary).

TABLE 6.5.--Distribution of individuals by characteristics of the female head of household--age, education, and employment status

54

status	Not : No reported:female : head	5 5 8 8 8 8	0.7 0 0 1.0 .2 .6	.4 0 .6 13.7 0 12.7 0 12.7 1 12.8 1.1 6.7 0 9.0 0 12.4	0 1.0 .3 1.1 0 1.8 0 1.8 .1 0 5	.3 3.7
Employment st	Not : N employed:rep :		81.1 66.2 66.6 61.8	56.5 64.5 53.4 446.8 50.2 70.4 71.5	55.2 57.5 50.8 47.2 47.7 48.0 59.4	56.2
	Part: time:er		10.0 15.9 14.7	23.9 22.3 20.0 17.8 11.8 14.4 3.8	22.0 19.3 20.1 18.5 16.0 13.6 7.0 3.8	15.8
	Full: time:		8.2 16.8 17.9 20.6	19.2 22.6 22.7 26.2 26.2 25.2 23.0 12.6 4.9	21.7 22.7 22.7 32.6 35.5 35.5 35.5 3.6 3.6	24.1
	No female head		0.1.0	0 1.2 3.7 12.7 12.8 6.7 9.0	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	3.7
_	Not : reported:		0 & rv e		4.0.5 4.2.2.2.2	ಬ
Highest education level	College	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	34.6 33.8 37.1 30.2	25.6 28.5 24.5 20.1 37.4 30.6 21.1 14.6	25.9 21.7 30.8 33.9 33.9 31.0 22.1 17.1	29.4
ghest educ	High school completed	Percent	48.0 38.0 37.3 43.2	48.8 45.0 445.0 445.6 40.5 73.5 73.4	40.3 48.3 41.5 43.7 36.1 44.1 26.0	39.2
H	Some : high : school :	9 <u>d</u>	10.7 18.3 14.0	19.00 11.00 11.00 11.00 11.00 11.00 11.00 11.00	19.2 13.2 13.2 13.2 14.1 17.5 10.5	14.8
	Elementary school or less		6.7 8.0 10.5 6.3	5.8 11.6 11.6 9.7 4.7 9.1 13.6 24.2	12.8 14.1 13.2 8.8 8.8 7.7 10.3 21.0 44.4	12.5
• •	No female head		0 1 . 0 . 6 . 4 .	0 1.2 3.7 12.8 6.7 6.7 9.0	1,0	3.7
ars)	65 and: over:		000	0 1.7 1.7 1.7 2.3 4.1 41.4	1.4 0 .5 .6 1.6 91.6 84.9	8.4
Je (yea	- : 35- : 65 : 64 : and : over		11.6 16.2 23.3 37.3	56.4 73.2 85.7 61.4 14.9 70.6 85.1 44.6	58.5 78.5 86.4 43.9 7.8 98.1 98.1 12.3	54.5
Aç	34		83.9 79.0 75.2 61.7	43.6 24.7 8.2 14.3 69.4 19.3 1.0	39.0 20.6 5.9 46.7 91.5 0 1.0	32.0
	Under 20	1 1 1 1	4.8.0 4.8.4	0 7.0 1.0 0 0	0000.146	1.1
	Individuals ²	Number	114 268 437 469	216 313 400 287 770 784 634 127	241 309 309 337 337 949 792 377	099*6
	Sex and age :Ir (years) :		Males and females: Under 1 1-2 3-5	Males: 9-11 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-34 35-50 51-64	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 51-64.	All individuals

 $^{1}\mbox{Percentages}$  may not add to 100 because of rounding.  $^{2}\mbox{Includes}$  breast-fed infants.

TABLE 7.1.--RECOMMENDED DIETARY ALLOWANCES, 1980, EXPRESSED AS LEVELS OF INTAKE Adapted for use with the USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78

Vita- min C	Mg	35 42 45 45	47 51 60 60 60 60	47 51 60 60 60 60 60	80 80	100 100 100	
Vita-: V min B12	Mcg	0.1 2.3 8.3 8.3			4.0	4.0	
Vita-: V min B6	Mg	0	11.7	1.7 1.8 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	2.6	2.55	
Niacin	Mg (NE 1)	6 10 14	17 18 18 19 16 16	16 14 13 13 13	16 16 15	19 19	
Ribo- : flavin : 1	I .	0.4	1.5	4	1.6	∞ ∞ ∞ ⊢ ⊢ ⊢	
Thia- min	BW	0.3	. 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	1.11 1.11 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	 	1.6 1.6 1.6	protein (g). kilocalories. protein (g).
Vita- min A: value:	n n	1,400 2,000 2,000 2,333 3,071	4,063 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000	3,688 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000	4,200 4,200 4,200	4,400 4,400 4,400	= 2.0
Phos- :	. BM	240 360 674 800 800	1,200 1,200 1,200 800 800 800 800	950 1,200 1,200 800 800 800 800	1,600 1,200 1,200	1,600 1,200 1,200	(kg) × 2 (kg) × 1 (kg) × 2
Magne- ::		50 70 127 183 229	288 356 400 350 350 350 350	300 300 300 300 300 300 300	450 450 450	450 450 450	3Weight +Weight 5Weight
Iron	₩ D	10 15 12 10	10000883	118 118 110 110	8 8 8 8	18 18 18	
Cal- :	₩ BW	360 540 726 800 800	1,200 1,200 1,200 800 800 800 800 800	1,200 1,200 1,200 8800 8800 8800 8800	1,600 1,200 1,200	1,600	to 1 mg of tryptophan.
Pro-	5	328 S	894 999 999 999 999	8444444 888844444	76 74 74	66 64 64	1 _ 2 .
Food :	Kcal	( ² ) ( ⁴ ) 1,199 1,567 2,100	2,513 2,713 2,800 2,900 2,700 2,462 2,400	2,325 2,188 2,100 2,100 2,000 1,842 1,800	2,400 2,400 2,300	2,600 2,600 2,500	alent) is 60 mg of = kilocal
Sex and age : e (years) : e		Males and females: 0.0-0.5	Males: 12-14 15-18 19-22 23-50 51-64	Females: 12-14. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-50. 51-64. 55-74.	Pregnant: 15-18 19-22	Lactating: 15-18	¹ 1 NE (niacin equivalent) is equa preformed niacin or 60 mg of dietal ² Weight (kg) x 115 = kilocalories

TABLE 7.2.--RECOMMENDED DIETARY ALLOWANCES, 1980, EXPRESSED AS NUTRIENT DENSITIES (per 1,000 kilocalories)
Adapted for use with the USDA Nationwide Food Consumption Survey 1977-78

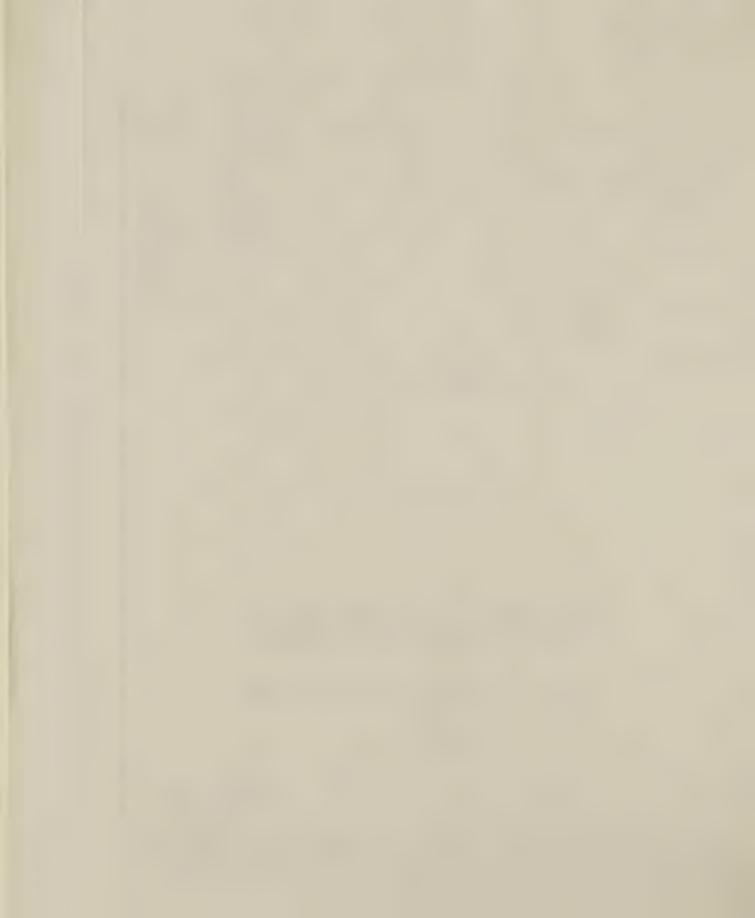
Vita- min C	Σ	51 37 35 29 21	19 19 21 22 22 22 24 25 25	20 23 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33	33333	388
Vita-: min: B ₁₂ :	Mcg	0.72 1.59 1.58 1.47	1.03 1.03 1.03 1.11 1.11 1.25 1.25 1.46	1.29 1.43 1.43 1.50 1.50 1.67	1.67 1.67 1.74	1.54 1.60
Vita-: min: B6:	Mg	0.43 .63 .67 .77	.68 .66 .71 .76 .81 .81		1.08 1.08 1.13	.96 .96 1.00
Niacin :	Mg(NE1)	88.00 75.4.	00000000 00000000 00000000000000000000	66.66 66.77 87.17 1121 1121 1121 1121 1121 1121 1121	6.7 6.7 6.5	7.33
Ribo- : flavin :	Mg	0.58 .63 .57 .57		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	.67	.70
Thia- min	Mg	0.43 .53 .51 .52	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	20222004496 2022004496	.63	. 62
Vita- min A value	미	2,029 2,116 1,668 1,489 1,462	1,617 1,843 1,786 1,724 1,852 2,031 2,033 2,439	1,586 1,905 1,905 2,000 2,172 2,222 2,500	1,750 1,750 1,826	1,692 1,692 1,760
Phos-	Mg	348 381 562 511 381	33333333333333333333333333333333333333	409 548 571 381 400 444 500	667 500 522	615 462 480
Magne- :	Mg	72 74 106 117 109	115 131 143 121 130 130 146	116 137 143 143 150 150 163 167	188 188 196	173 173 180
Iron	Mg	14.5 15.9 12.5 7.7 4.8	2000 8 8 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		7.5	6.9
Cal- cium	₩ B	522 571 606 511 381	3325 3333 390	409 548 571 381 400 4444 500	667 500 522	615 462 480
Pro-	5]	18.8 19.0 18.3 17.9 15.2	15.1 17.0 20.0 19.3 20.7 22.7 23.3	16. 21.0 21.0 22.0 22.0 24.4 24.9 25.0	31.7 30.8 32.2	25.4 24.6 25.6
Sex and age : (years)		Males and females: 0.0-0.5	Males: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 35-50. 75 and over.	Females: 9-11. 12-14. 15-18. 19-22. 23-34. 23-50. 51-64. 75 and over.	Pregnant: 15-18 19-22	Lactating: 15-18 19-22

¹1 NE (niacin equivalent) is equal to 1 mg of preformed niacin or 60 mg of dietary tryptophan.

GPO 873-739



Segment #:Housing Unit #:		Study #: 1-	
Person (line)#:	{1-5} ID	OMB NO.: 40	-S76023
Interviewer #: [8,9]	CD $\frac{1}{\{6,7\}}$	Expires: 6/	30/78
EOD THEEDWIFE MEDIC WEE OWN	,	Basic	1
FOR INTERVIEWER'S USE ONLY		E.	2
$CD = \frac{1}{\{6,7\}} $ $\{14\}$		Brdg.	3
AM 1		P.R.	4
Time Started: PM 2		Α.	5
{10-13} {19}		н.	6
AM 1			
Time Ended: PM 2		<u> </u>	
{15-18}			
This record is for			
FIRST	NAME		
	Chomitos, es		
	SECTION V		
1977-78 Natio	onwide Food Consumption Su	rvey	
United State	es Department of Agricultu	ire	
Food and Beve	erage Individual Intake Re	cord	
	DAY ONE		
DAY ONE is from 12 A.M. to 11:5	9 P.M. on	/	
	DAY	MONTH DA	TE
		{20,21} {2	2,23}
Your cooperation is entirely vo	luntary. The information	you supply	will
be used to estimate types and a	mounts of foods and bever	ages consume	ed by
people like yourself. Results	will be used to help insu	re an adequa	ite and
safe food supply for all. Info statistics. It will, in no way	the connected to you or	vour bouseh	is old
This survey is authorized by la	(7 U.S.C. 10).	Jour Houselle	,14.



DAY 1

## DAILY INTAKE RECORD

- ANSWER QUESTIONS 1-3 ONCE FOR EACH
   EATING/ERINKING OCCASION
  - ANSWER QUESTIONS 4-6
     ANSWER QUESTION 7 FOR EACH ITEM LISTED
  - ANSWER QUESTION / FOR EACH TIBE DESTRUCTIONS
     ANSWER QUESTIONS 8-11 AS APPLICABLE
  - DRAW A LINE ACROSS BOTH PAGES TO
     SEDABATE ONE EATING/DRINKING OCCASION

SEPARATE ONE EATING/DRINKING OCCASION FROM THE OTHER

ANSWER QUESTIONS 12-16 AT THE END OF EACH DAY

Start with the first time you ate or drank something on this day (after 12:00 A.M., midnight)...

- 1. At about what time did you begin eating/ drinking this? (ENTER HOUR AND CIRCLE THE CODE FOR EITHER A.M. OR P.M. IN COL. Q.1)
- What do you usually call this? (ENTER A NUMBER IN COL. Q.2)
  - l Breakfast
  - 2 Brunch 3 Lunch
  - 4 Dinner
  - 5 Supper
  - 6 Coffee (beverage) break
  - 7 Snack
  - 8 Other (EXPLAIN IN COL. Q.2)
- With whom did you eat/drink this? (ENTER A NUMBER IN COL. Q.3)
  - 1 Alone
  - 2 With other household member(s)
  - 3 With non-household member(s)
  - 4 With both household member(s) and non-household member(s)
- 4. What did you eat or drink on this occasion? (ENTER ONE ITEM TO A LINE IN COL. Q.4. FOR EXAMPLE, "BREAD AND BUTTER" WILL TAKE UP TWO LINES)
- 5. Describe this item further. (ENTER IN COL. Q.5.)
- 6. How much did you actually eat or drink? (ENTER AMOUNT IN COL. Q.6.)

COMPLETE Q'S 4-6 FOR THIS OCCASION AND THEN CONTINUE WITH Q.7 ON NEXT PAGE -

ANSWER ONCE FOR EACH OCCASION					FOOD/DRINK CONSUMED: ONE ITEM PER LINE							
Q.1 Q.2 Q.3		Q.4	Q.5	Q.6								
CD 1 3 When?			(1.5)									
{10-13}{14}		- 1	{15} Usually	{16}	Name of		Amount					
Time	М	М	Called	Whom	Food/Drink	Complete Description	Consumed					
	1	2	*									
	1	2										
	1	2										
	1	2										
	1	2										
	1	2										
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			SWER F		IF "NO' FOLLOW	" (CODE INSTRUC	3) TO TIONS	Q.7 ON FLAP	
			Q.7		Q.8	Q. 9	Q.10	Q.11	
		Home	[36] Suppl	У	{37,38}	{39}	{40}	{41-45} IF "YES" TO Q.10	
{17-32}  DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE	{33- 35}	Yes Eaten at	Yes Eaten		Where	Kind of	Did You	Amount	END CD 1 3
	101	Home 1	Away 2	No 3	Obtained	Service	Pay?	Paid?	
*	102	1	2	3					
	103	1	2	3					
	104	1	2	3					
	105	1	2	3					
	106	1	2	3					
	107	1	2	3					
	108	1	2	3					
	109	1	2	3					
	110	1	2	3					
	111	1	2	3					
	112	1	2	3					
	113	1	2	3					
	114	1	2	3					
	115	1	2	3					
	116	1	2	3					
	117	1	2	3					
	118	1	2	3					
	119	1	2	3					
	120	1	2	3					
	121	1	2	3					
	122	1	2	3					
	123	1	2	3					
	124	1	2	3					
					CONTINUE	WITH Q	JESTI	ONS ——	,

ANSWER ONCE FOR EACH OCCASION					FOOD/DRINK CONSUMED: ONE ITEM PER LINE								
Q.1 Q.2 Q.3		Q.4	Q.5	Q.6									
CD <u>1</u> <u>3</u>													
When?													
				{16}	Nome of		Amount Actually'						
Time	A M	M	Usually Called	Whom	Name of Food/Drink	Complete Description	Consumed						
	1	2											
	1	2											
	1	2											
	1	2											
	1	2											
	1	2											
	1	2											
	1	2											
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				0.0	TR HATOL	' (CODE	2.) mo	0.7	1
			SWER FO		FOLLOW	INSTRUC'	TIONS	ON FLAP	
		(	2.7		Q.8	Q.9	Q.10	Q.11	
		Home {	36} Suppl	У	{37,38}	{39}	{40}	{41-45} IF "YES" TO Q.10	E
{17-32}  DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE	{33- 35}	Yes Eaten at Home	Yes Eaten Away	No	Where Obtained	Kind of Service		Amount Paid?	1
	201	1	2	3					
	202	1	2	3					
-	203	1	2	3					
	204	1	2	3					
/	205	1	2	3					
	206	1	2	3					
	207	1	2	3					
	208	1	2	3					
	209	1	2	3					
	210	1	2	3					
	211	1	2	3					
	212	1	2	3					
	213	1	2	3					
	214	1	2	3					1
	215	1	2	3					
	216	1	2	3					
	217	1	2	3					
	218	1	2	3					
	219	1	2	3					
	220	1	2	3					
	221	1	2	3					
	222	1	2	3					
	223	1	2	3					
	224	1	2	3					
			-		CONTRACT	IE WITH (	MIECET	ONC	_

CONTINUE WITH QUESTIONS

		ANSW	ER FO	R DA	Y 1			1
12.	Did you dr: (other than (CIRCLE ON)	ink any water on this day n in coffee, fruitade, et E NUMBER)	c.)?		. What was the me your birth?	onth, day, and year	of	
	If yes, abo	Yes No put how many cups?	1 2	18.	MONTH {37,38} {3	DAY YEAR 39,40} {41,42} eight?		
13.	Did you che (CIRCLE ON	Yes	{27} 1 2		FEET {43} What is your we	POUNDS	ONE	
		out how many sticks or pions of			NUMBER)	Total dice. (Cincin	[49]	}
14.	Did you cor	{28,29} asume any cough drops on				Yes	2	-
	day? (CIRC	CLE ONE NUMBER)	{30}			uld you describe it? CLE ONE NUMBER)		
	If you have	No	2		Doctor prescrib	ped what I should	[50]	4
		many pieces?  BER OF: cough drops  731,323	5			ram such as Weight	2	-
15.	day typical	ood/drink consumption on to of what you usually eat,			Diet I read or elsewhere		3	
		is day of week (Sunday, )? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)	{33}		Other (PLEASE D	DESCRIBE)	4	arial consumer
	If <u>no</u> , why NUMBER)	No CIRCLE	2	21.	other supplemen	vitamin, mineral, of the by mouth (such as es, oil)? (CIRCLE O		The case of the ca
		111	1			No	1	-
		Short of cash	2.			Yes, regularly	2	
		Traveling	3			Yes, irregularly	3	
		Social occasion Holiday	4 5		If yes, circle the number following each supplement taken:		ing	
		Not enough time to eat	6		Multiple vitami		1	{ 52
		Other reason: (EXPLAIN)	7		Multiple minera		2	
					Multiple vitami	ns and minerals	3	
16.		help you keep this record			Vitamin A Vitamin C		4	
	(CIRCLE ONE	Yes Yes	{35}		Vitamin D		5	
		No	2		Vitamin E		7	
	If <u>yes</u> , who NUMBERS)	helped? (CIRCLE ONE OR	MORE {36}		B vitamins/B-con	mplex	8	
		Interviewer	1		Iron Calcium		9	
		Household member,	2		Zinc		.0	{ 5 3
		first name	-	4	Fluoride		2	( ) 3
		Non-household member	3		Other (Which?)		3	

22. Have you eaten any of t				24. These are some things that might af					
the past 30 days? (CIF OR THE ASTERISK (*) AFT YOUR ANSWER IS "YES", F HOW MANY TIMES IN THE F HAVE EATEN THAT KIND OF	PLEASE PAST 3	CH F E IND BO DA	OOD. IF	(CIRCLE A NUMBER FOR EACH ONE WHICH APPLIES)					
			14 - 5	I'm on a diet to lose weight	{73}				
	{54} Yes	No	# of Times		1				
Liver: Beef or calf's	1	*	55,56	I'm on a diet to put weight on	2				
Liver: Chicken	2	*	57,58	I have a chewing problem because of teeth	3				
Liver: Pork	3	*	59,60	I have a medical problem like diabetes or allergy	4				
Kidney: Beef, lamb or veal	4	*	61,62	Some foods do not agree with me	5				
Heart: Beef or calf's	5	*	63,64	I don't feel like eating breakfast early in the morning	6				
Sweetbreads	6	*	65,66	I have no interest in cooking for	7				
Brains	7	*	67,68	one person					
Other organ meats (Which?) 8 * 6				I do not like certain foods Other (EXPLAIN)	8				
					9				
23. Are you a vegetarian? ( NUMBER)	(CIRCI	LE ON	E {71}	FOR OFFICE USE ONLY 0					
		Yes	1	25. As of now, how would you describe your health? (CIRCLE ONE NUMBER)					
		No	2	Excellent	{74}				
If yes, indicate which c				Good	2				
ing foods you eat: (CIF NUMBERS)	RCLE C	ONE O	R MORE	Fair					
			{72}	Poor	4				
Poultry			1	26. Do you have any disability or handid	nan.				
Fish			2	that limits your activities? (CIRC) ONE NUMBER)	LE				
Eggs			3	Yes	{75}   1				
Dairy products			4		-				
Fruits			5	No	2				
Nuts			6		{76}				
Dried beans or peas			7		{77}				
Vegetables			8		{78}				
Cereal or grain products			9		{79}				
Vegetable-based meat substit	ute		0		{80}				
				END CE					

## FOR EACH ITEM LISTED:

- 7. Was this from your home food supply? Home food supply includes food brought into the home, or taken from the home and eaten elsewhere. (CIRCLE A CODE IN COL. Q.7)
  - Yes, and eaten at home
  - Yes, but eaten away from home
    - No, obtained and eaten elsewhere
- IF NO ITEMS IN Q.7 ARE CODE 3, YOU HAVE COMPLETED THE ENTRY FOR THIS OCCASION
- IF ANY ITEMS IN Q.7 ARE CODE 3, CONTINUE WITH Q'S 8-11
- 8. Where did you get this food/beverage which was not from home food supplies? (ENTER A NUMBER IN COL. Q.8)
  - Restaurant
  - Fast food place
  - 3 Other public eating place
  - Dining room or cafeteria at work
  - Other place at work
  - 7 Day care center
  - 8
  - Summer day camp Community feeding program for senior citizens
  - 10 Grocery or other food store
  - 11 Drugstore or other store
  - 12 At someone else's home (DO NOT ANSWER Q'S 9-11)
  - Other (EXPLAIN IN COL. Q.8) 13
  - 14 School - complete plate meal (lunch or breakfast)
  - School individually purchased foods 15 (a la carte)
  - 9. What kind of service was used to deliver the food/beverage you had at this time? (ENTER ONLY ONE NUMBER IN COL. Q.9. A COMBINATION, ENTER THE MAIN NUMBER)
    - Served at a table (waiter/waitress)
    - Counter service
    - Cafeteria or buffet style (include 3 fast food eaten on premises)
    - Vending machine
    - 5 Carry out
    - Car service 6
    - Other
- 10. Did you or any member of your household pay for any of the food or beverage you (ENTER A NUMBER IN COL. Q.10)
  - Yes -- ANSWER Q.11
    - No -- DO NOT ANSWER Q.11
- 11. How much did you or the household member pay? Include tax and tip, if any. (ENTER AMOUNT IN COL. Q.11)

RECORD TOTAL COST OF ALL FOOD/BEVERAGES NOT FROM HOME FOOD SUPPLY FOR THAT OCCASION. IF EASIER, RECORD SEPARATE COST OF EACH ITEM NOT FROM HOME FOOD SUPPLY.